Sensory

to improve attention in neurodivergent children

PENNY ROGERS



WHEN IT COMES TO THE OVERALL SENSORY SYSTEM,

VESTIBULAR, PROPRIOCEPTIVE, AND INTEROCEPTIVE INPUTS PLAY A HUGE ROLE IN ITS FUNCTION.

WITHOUT UNDERSTANDING IT, MOST KIDS HAVE ISSUES THAT ARE EITHER BRUSHED OFF,

MISDIAGNOSED, OR SEEN AS A CHARACTER FLAW, WHICH CAN CAUSE HUGE PROBLEMS. LEARNING WHAT

VESTIBULAR AND PROPRIOCEPTIVE INPUTS ARE AS WELL AS LEARNING HOW IT CAN AFFECT YOUR CHILD'S

EDUCATION IS CRUCIAL TO SETTING YOUR CHILD UP FOR SUCCESS.



Vestibular Input

What is it?

- THE SENSATION CAUSED BY ANY
 CHANGE IN POSITION (DIRECTION
 OR MOVEMENT) OF THE HEAD
- THIS SENSORY SYSTEM IS MADE UP
 OF CANALS FILLED WITH TINY HAIRS
 AND A BIT OF FLUID.
- WHEN OUR HEAD MOVES, THE FLUID
 ACTS AS TRIGGERS THAT WHEN
 TOUCHED BY THE HAIR BECOME
 RECEPTORS THAT TELL THE BRAIN THE
 BODY IS MOVING.

What do kids averse to this input look like?

- USUALLY A SENSORY AVOIDER
- GETS MOTION SICK EASILY
- OVERWHELMED BY FAST MOVEMENTS
- MAY AVOID OR DISLIKE MOVEMENTS
 LIKE SWINGING, SPINNING, BEING
 UPSIDE DOWN, ETC

What do kids seeking this input look like?

- USUALLY A SENSORY SEEKER
- NEVER GETTING DIZZY.
- ALWAYS RUNNING AND MOVING.
- FREQUENTLY SPINNING.
- CLIMBING EXTREMELY HIGH
- FIRST TO THE SWING SET
- LOTS OF MOVEMENT BASED SELF
 SOOTHING LIKE ROCKING,
 PACING, JUMPING, ETC

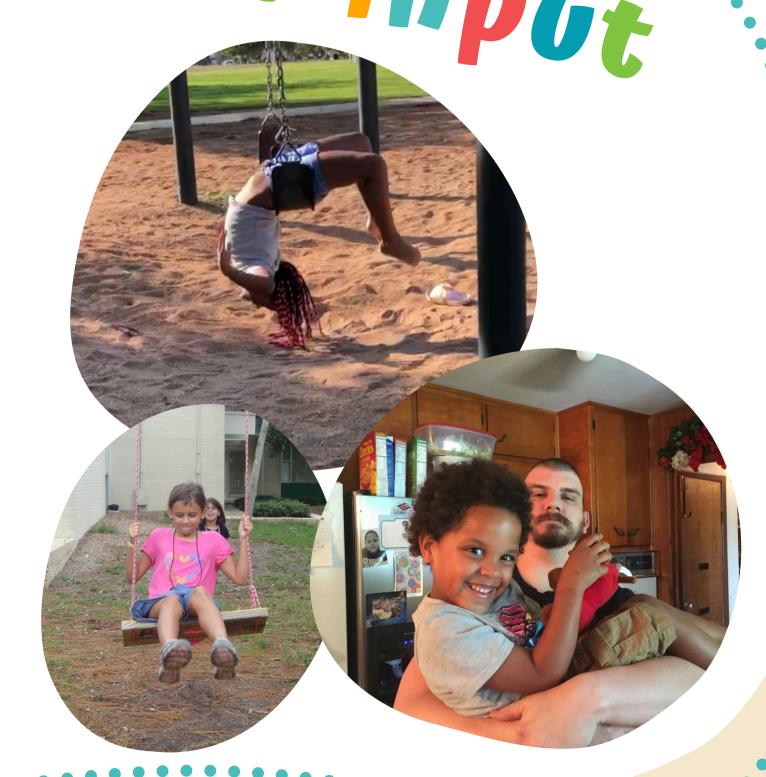
BALANCE AND POSTURE: THE VESTIBULAR SYSTEM IS FUNDAMENTAL FOR MAINTAINING BALANCE, STABILITY, AND AN UPRIGHT POSTURE, ESPECIALLY DURING MOVEMENT. IT WORKS WITH OTHER SYSTEMS LIKE VISION AND PROPRIOCEPTION. • SPATIAL AWARENESS: IT PROVIDES THE BRAIN WITH INFORMATION ABOUT THE HEAD'S POSITION AND MOVEMENT IN SPACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR UNDERSTANDING OUR BODY'S ORIENTATION IN THE ENVIRONMENT. • COORDINATION OF MOVEMENT: VESTIBULAR INPUT HELPS COORDINATE HEAD AND BODY MOVEMENTS, AS WELL AS EYE MOVEMENTS (VESTIBULOCULAR REFLEX) TO STABILIZE VISION DURING MOTION. • SENSORY INTEGRATION: IT PLAYS A ROLE IN HOW THE BRAIN ORGANIZES AND INTERPRETS SENSORY INFORMATION FROM VARIOUS SOURCES, INFLUENCING OUR RESPONSES TO TOUCH, SOUND, AND OTHER STIMULI. MOTOR SKILLS DEVELOPMENT: PROPER PROCESSING OF VESTIBULAR INPUT IS CRUCIAL FOR DEVELOPING MOTOR SKILLS LIKE WALKING, RUNNING, CLIMBING, AND RIDING A BIKE.



ALL CHILDREN NEED TIME ROLLING AND SPINNING AROUND TO TEACH THEIR BRAINS HOW THEIR BODY MOVES THROUGH SPACE

types of Vestibular Input

- LINEAR MOVEMENT IN A STRAIGHT LINE, LIKE PACING
- ROTARY SPINNING OR CIRCULAR MOVEMENT
- ORBITAL A COMBINATION OF SPINNING AND MOVING
 AROUND AN AXIS, LIKE RUNNING IN A CIRCLE, SPINNING
 WHILE JUMPING, CARTWHEELS, ETC ETC
- INVERSION UPSIDE DOWN
- LATERAL MOVEMENT ON ONE SIDE (LITERALLY SIDE LYING)
 LIKE SHIFTING YOU WEIGHT, ROCKING, AND SWINGING



estibular input Activities RIDING A BIKE. • RIDING A BIKE.

- ROCKING ON AN EXERCISE BALL.
- PRACTICE YOGA TECHNIQUES.
- PRETEND TO ROW IN A BOAT (ROCKING BACK AND FORTH).

• SKIPPING.



- SWIMMING
- HORSEBACK RIDING
- SWINGING
- ROLLING ON YOUR SIDE



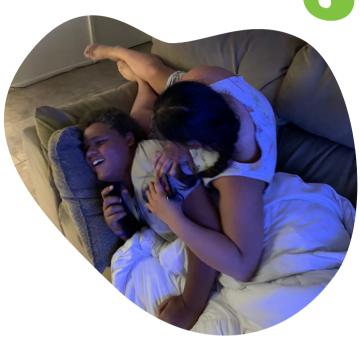
• RUNNING.

• GALLOPING.

- JUMPING ROPE
- RIDING IN AN ELEVATOR
- HANGING UPSIDE DOWN



- CARTWHEELS.
- JUMPING ON A TRAMPOLINE
- ROLLER SKATING.



+ Proprioceptive Input

What is it?

- THE SENSORY INPUT GAINED FROM
 JOINTS, MUSCLES, AND CONNECTIVE
 TISSUES.
- PROPRIOCEPTIVE RECEPTORS TELL THE BRAIN WHERE THE BODY IS IN SPACE.
- PROPER DEVELOPMENT OF THIS
 INPUT IS CRUCIAL FOR MOTOR
 FUNCTION, MOTOR CONTROL, AND
 BODY AWARENESS.

Are there kids adverse to this input?

NOT USUALLY, KIDS MAY BE ADVERSE TO CERTAIN WAYS TO GET PROPRIOCEPTIVE INPUT, BUT NOT THE INPUT ITSELF.

THIS INPUT CAN BE OVERWHELMING, OR YOUR CHILD DOESN'T ENJOY SPECIFIC PROPRIOCEPTIVE ACTIVITIES.

DON'T BE AFRAID TO EXPLORE UNCONVENTIONAL WAYS TO WORK ON THIS INPUT!

What do kids needing this input look like?

- CONSTANTLY ASKING FOR HUGS, LEANING ON PEOPLE, NOT GIVING PEOPLE PERSONAL SPACE.
- PLAYS TOO HARD
- STRUGGLES WITH COMPLEX GROSS MOTOR SKILLS LIKE
 WALKING UP STAIRS, KICKING A BALL, DOING
 JUMPING JACKS ETC ETC
- TOE WALKS.
- CLUMSY AND UNCOORDINATED

Proprioceptive input plays an important. role in the development of self-regulation, posture, body awareness, coordination, speech, and the ability to focus. While this input can be calming for many neurodivergent people, it can be stressful for those who are sensitive to sensory stimulation. Watch your child closely while doing proprioceptive activities because they may become overwhelmed quickly.

proprioceptive Input Activities

- JUMPING ON A TRAMPOLINE
- SWIMMING
- PLAYING FRISBEE
- CHEWING GUM
- DRINKING MILKSHAKES OR ANY THICK LIQUID WITH A STRAW
- GARDENING
- SWINGING

- CRAWLING.
- PUSH UPS.
- PLAYING TUG-OF-WAR
- CARRYING BOXES OR BOOKS.
- BOWLING
- BLOWING BUBBLES.
- TIGHT HUGS
- DANCING
- ROLLER-SKATING



Interoceptive input

What is it?

- THE SENSE THAT ALLOWS INDIVIDUALS TO PERCEIVE AND UNDERSTAND INTERNAL BODILY SENSATIONS.
- IT INVOLVES THE BRAIN'S AWARENESS OF SIGNALS COMING FROM THE BODY, SUCH AS HEARTBEAT, BREATHING, HUNGER, AND THE NEED TO GO TO THE TOILET
- CRUCIAL FOR UNDERSTANDING ONE'S EMOTIONAL STATE AND REGULATING BEHAVIOR.

Examples of interoceptive sensations

- HUNGER, THIRST, AND FULLNESS
- FEELING HOT OR COLD
- HEARTBEAT, BREATHING, AND MUSCLE TENSION
- PAIN, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS, AND THE NEED TO USE
 THE RESTROOM
- ABILITY TO REGULATE EMOTIONS

IN ESSENCE, INTEROCEPTION IS A KEY SENSE THAT HELPS US UNDERSTAND AND RESPOND TO OUR INTERNAL WORLD, IMPACTING OUR EMOTIONS, BEHAVIORS, AND OVERALL WELL-BEING.

A BRAIN THAT IS WIRED DIFFERENTLY CAN STRUGGLE TO RECEIVE, INTERPRET, AND RESPOND TO THE SIGNALS THEIR NERVOUS SYSTEM IS GIVING.

IT'S VERY COMMON FOR NEURODIVERGENT PEOPLE TO HAVE LITTLE TO NO INTEROCEPTION, WHICH MEANS WE JUST HAVE TO DO SO MANUALLY!

Interoceptive Input Accommodations

- WE CAN USE EXTERNAL, OR INTERNAL, SIGNALS AND SUPPORTS TO HELP DEVELOP INTEROCEPTION AWARENESS
- SMART WATCHES THESE CAN BE USED TO MEASURE HEART RATE, AND CAN BE USED WITH PHONE APPS TO PROMPT EATING/DRINKING
- WEATHER APPS THIS CAN GUIDE A PERSON'S AWARENESS OF TEMPERATURE AND SUPPORT THEM TO CHOOSE APPROPRIATE CLOTHING.
- HYDRATION AND BRISTOL STOOL CHARTS TO CHECK PEE AND POO
- APPS THAT PROMPT YOU TO DRINK/EAT AT REGULAR INTERVALS
- VERBAL OR VISUAL PROMPTS TO EAT, DRINK AND/OR GO TO THE TOILET.
- SOMATIC ACTIVITIES LIKE YOGA, BREATHING EXERCISES, AND SELF TALK.
- EMOTIONAL REGULATION EXERCISES LIKE JOURNALING, USING MOOD CARDS, AND TAKING BREAKS WHEN FRUSTRATED

When should you do these activities?

- INCORPORATE ACTIVITIES NATURALLY INTO YOUR CHILD'S EVERYDAY SCHEDULE
- TRY TO START THE ACTIVITIES YOUR CHILD NEEDS <u>BEFORE</u> YOUR CHILD BECOMES ANXIOUS OR DISTRESSED.
- WATCH YOUR CHILD FOR SIGNS THAT THEY MAY NEED A SENSORY BREAK, SO THEY DON'T GET OVERWHELMED AND OVERSTIMULATED
- GIVE YOUR CHILD CUES THEY CAN USE TO HELP IDENTIFY WHEN THEY MAY NEED TO START OR STOP THESE ACTIVITIES, LIKE FLASH CARDS, OR A VERBAL CODE WORD
- ACTIVITIES CAN LAST ANYWHERE FROM 30 SECONDS TO A COUPLE OF MINUTES, THERE'S NO TIME LIMIT
- YOU KNOW YOUR CHILD BEST!

It may be hard in the beginning to figure out what activities your child needs. Continue to work on these inputs as often as possible, consistency is key!

Meet The Author!



HI! I'M PENNY!

I'M THE AUTISM/HOMESCHOOL ADVOCATE,

SPEAKER, AND CONSULTANT AT

OUR CRAZY ADVENTURES IN AUTISMLAND

& SPECIAL NEEDS HOMESCHOOLING.

VE REEN RUNNING MY RIDGS AS A SOURCE OF

I'VE BEEN RUNNING MY BLOGS AS A SOURCE OF ENCOURAGEMENT AND A RESOURCE FOR AUTISM AND HOMESCHOOLING PARENTS SINCE 2007.

Find us here at AFHE in booth #304 My Dalichted Mart and I will be

MY DAUGHTER, MADI, AND I WILL BE HAPPY TO SEE YOU THIS WEEKEND!









JOIN US IN AUTISMLAND!



Special Needs Homeschooling
Our Crazy Adventures In Autismland



Our Crazy Adventures In Autism land.com Special Needs Homeschooling.com



@SpecialNeedsHS

@PennyRogers



@SNHomeschooling

@OurCrazyAdventuresInAutismland



@AutismlandPenny

@SpecialNeedsHomeschooling