#### OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 5, 2018

#### NEW ISSUE-BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

RATINGS: BAM Insured S&P "AA" (Stable Outlook); Underlying Rating: Moody's "Baa3"

See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATINGS" and "BOND INSURANCE"

Delivery of the Bonds is subject to the opinion of Bond Counsel to the District to the effect that interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein.

THE DISTRICT HAS DESIGNATED THE BONDS AS QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS. See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions" herein.

#### \$2,600,000

# STONEWALL RANCH MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Williamson County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2018

Dated: October 3, 2018

Due: September 1, as shown on the inside cover page

Interest on the \$2,600,000 Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds") will accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery, defined below, and is payable March 1, 2019 and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is UMB Bank, N.A., Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent" or "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are obligations solely of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District") and are not obligations of the City of Liberty Hill, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District.

The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by **Build America Mutual Assurance Company**. See "BOND INSURANCE."



# MATURITY SCHEDULE, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS and CUSIP NUMBERS (see inside cover page)

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District and will be payable solely from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment." This cover page contains information for quick reference only and is not a summary of the Bonds. Potential investors must read this entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision. INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS IS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS" herein.

The Bonds are offered by the initial purchaser (the "Initial Purchaser") subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject, among other things to the approval of the initial Bond by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds is expected through the facilities of DTC on or about October 3, 2018 (the "Date of Initial Delivery") in Austin, Texas.

# MATURITIES (Due September 1)

CUSIP Prefix: 861879

			Initial					Initial	
Due	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP	Due	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP
September	Amount	Rate (a)	Yield (b)	Suffix (c)	September	Amount	Rate (a)	Yield (b)	Suffix (c)
2019	\$ 50,000	5.000%	2.000%	DC5	2024	\$ 60,000	5.000%	2.700%	DH4
2020	50,000	5.000%	2.100%	DD3	2025	60,000	5.000%	2.850%	DJ0
2021	45,000	5.000%	2.250%	DE1	2026	* 55,000	3.000%	3.000%	DK7
2022	50,000	5.000%	2.400%	DF8	2027	* 60,000	3.000%	3.100%	DL5
2023	55,000	5.000%	2.550%	DG6	2028	* 60,000	3.125%	3.200%	DM3
\$195,000 3.250% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2031 * Yield b) 3.400% CUSIP Suffix DQ4 c) \$220,000 3.500% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2034 * Yield b) 3.550% CUSIP Suffix DT8 c) \$215,000 3.500% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2036 * Yield b) 3.600% CUSIP Suffix DV3 c) \$240,000 3.625% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2038 * Yield b) 3.700% CUSIP Suffix DX9 c) \$250,000 3.750% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2040 * Yield b) 3.750% CUSIP Suffix DZ4 c) \$935,000 3.750% a) Term Bond Due September 1, 2043 * Yield b) 3.800% CUSIP Suffix DZ4 c)									

Redemption Provisions: The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2026, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds maturing September 1, 2031, September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036, September 1, 2038, September 1, 2040, and September 1, 2043 (collectively, the "Term Bonds") are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. See "THE BONDS - Redemption."

Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "BOND INSURANCE" and "Appendix C - Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy".

<sup>(</sup>a) After requesting competitive bids for purchase of the Bonds, the District has accepted the lowest bid to purchase the Bonds, bearing interest as shown, at a price of 97.00% of par, resulting in a net effective interest rate to the District of 3.862765%.

<sup>(</sup>b) The initial reoffering yields indicated represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or the first redemption date. The initial yields at which the Bonds will be priced will be established by and will be the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser. The yields may be changed at any time at the discretion of the Initial Purchaser.

<sup>(</sup>c) CUSIP is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of The American Bankers Association. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CUSIP Services provided by CUSIP Global Services. None of the Initial Purchaser, the District, or the Financial Advisor is responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers set forth herein.

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#### USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not alone constitute, and is not authorized by the District for use in connection with, an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, orders, contracts, records, and engineering and other related reports set forth in the Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the Financial Advisor, for further information.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this "Official Statement" nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or the other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this "Official Statement" current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT - Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

NEITHER THE DISTRICT NOR THE FINANCIAL ADVISOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT REGARDING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY OR ITS BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM.

THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT ARE NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS LEGAL, BUSINESS OR TAX ADVICE, AND PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN ATTORNEYS AND BUSINESS AND TAX ADVISORS.

# SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

#### **Award of the Bonds**

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid of Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc. (the "Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds at the interest rates shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement at a price of 97.00% of par. No assurance can be given that any trading market will be developed for the Bonds after their sale by the District to the Initial Purchaser. The District has no control over the price at which the Bonds are subsequently sold, and the initial yields at which the Bonds are priced and reoffered are established by and are the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

# **Prices and Marketability**

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser within 5 business days of the Date of Initial Delivery of the Bonds regarding the offering prices of the Bonds. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time-to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices or the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

#### **Securities Laws**

NEITHER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THE BONDS OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY

OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

The statements contained in this Official Statement and in other information provided by the District that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements, including regarding the District's expectations, hopes, intentions or strategies regarding the future. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the District on the date hereof, and the District assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS- Forward-Looking Statements."

#### MUNICIPAL BOND RATINGS

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P") has assigned a rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to the Bonds, as a result of a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM" or the "Insurer") at the time of delivery of the Bonds. Additionally, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned an underlying rating of "Baa3" to the Bonds.

An explanation of the significance of a rating may be obtained from the company furnishing the rating. The rating reflects only the respective view of such company, and the District makes no representation as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating company, if, in the judgment of such company, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

#### **BOND INSURANCE**

# **Bond Insurance Policy**

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as an appendix to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

# **Build America Mutual Assurance Company**

BAM is a New York domiciled mutual insurance corporation and is licensed to conduct financial guaranty insurance business in all fifty states of the United States and the District of Columbia. BAM provides credit enhancement products solely to issuers in the U.S. public finance markets. BAM will only insure obligations of states, political subdivisions, integral parts of states or political subdivisions or entities otherwise eligible for the exclusion of income under section 115 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. No member of BAM is liable for the obligations of BAM. The address of the principal executive offices of BAM is: 200 Liberty Street, 27th Floor, New York, New York 10281, its telephone number is: 212-235-2500, and its website is located at: www.buildamerica.com.

BAM is licensed and subject to regulation as a financial guaranty insurance corporation under the laws of the State of New York and in particular Articles 41 and 69 of the New York Insurance Law.

BAM's financial strength is rated "AA/Stable" by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"). An explanation of the significance of the rating and current reports may be obtained from S&P at www.standardandpoors.com. The rating of BAM should be evaluated independently. The rating reflects the S&P's current assessment of the creditworthiness of BAM and its ability to pay claims on its policies of insurance. The above rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and such rating is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by S&P, including withdrawal initiated at the request of BAM in its sole discretion. Any downward revision or withdrawal of the above rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. BAM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of the Bonds on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Policy), and BAM does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the Bonds, nor does it guarantee that the rating on the Bonds will not be revised or withdrawn.

#### Capitalization of BAM

BAM's total admitted assets, total liabilities, and total capital and surplus, as of June 30, 2018 and as prepared in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the New York State Department of Financial Services were \$519.5 million, \$99.3 million and \$420.2 million, respectively.

BAM is party to a first loss reinsurance treaty that provides first loss protection up to a maximum of 15% of the par amount outstanding for each policy issued by BAM, subject to certain limitations and restrictions.

BAM's most recent Statutory Annual Statement, which has been filed with the New York State Insurance Department and posted on BAM's website at www.buildamerica.com, is incorporated herein by reference and may be obtained, without charge, upon request to BAM at its address provided above (Attention: Finance Department). Future financial statements will similarly be made available when published.

BAM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "BOND INSURANCE".

# Additional Information Available from BAM

Credit Insights Videos. For certain BAM-insured issues, BAM produces and posts a brief Credit Insights video that provides a discussion of the obligor and some of the key factors BAM's analysts and credit committee considered when approving the credit for insurance. The Credit Insights videos are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/creditinsights/. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Credit Profiles. Prior to the pricing of bonds that BAM has been selected to insure, BAM may prepare a pre-sale Credit Profile for those bonds. These pre-sale Credit Profiles provide information about the sector designation (e.g. general obligation, sales tax); a preliminary summary of financial information and key ratios; and demographic and economic data relevant to the obligor, if available. Subsequent to closing, for any offering that includes bonds insured by BAM, any pre-sale Credit Profile will be updated and superseded by a final Credit Profile to include information about the gross par insured by CUSIP, maturity and coupon. BAM pre-sale and final Credit Profiles are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/obligor/. BAM will produce a Credit Profile for all bonds insured by BAM, whether or not a pre-sale Credit Profile has been prepared for such bonds. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Disclaimers. The Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos and the information contained therein are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities or to make any investment decisions. Credit-related and other analyses and statements in the Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos are statements of opinion as of the date expressed, and BAM assumes no responsibility to update the content of such material. The Credit Profiles and Credit Insight videos are prepared by BAM; they have not been reviewed or approved by the issuer of or the underwriter for the Bonds, and the issuer and underwriter assume no responsibility for their content.

BAM receives compensation (an insurance premium) for the insurance that it is providing with respect to the Bonds. Neither BAM nor any affiliate of BAM has purchased, or committed to purchase, any of the Bonds, whether at the initial offering or otherwise.

# OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. Potential investors must read this entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision. No person is authorized to detach this summary from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement. Investment in the Bonds is subject to certain investment considerations. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

# THE DISTRICT

The District	Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ" or the "Commission"), effective March 28, 2006 and confirmed pursuant to an election held within the District on November 7, 2006. The District was created for the purpose of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, collect and treat wastewater, and providing and operating parks and recreational facilities, and operates pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, both as amended. See "THE DISTRICT – General."
Location	The District, which encompasses approximately 282.37 acres of land, is located in northwest Williamson County, Texas and lies approximately 1.5 miles east of downtown of the City of Liberty Hill, Texas (the "City" or "Liberty Hill"), 8 miles west of the City of Georgetown, Texas ("Georgetown"), and 30 miles northwest of downtown of the City of Austin, Texas ("Austin"). The District is located in the northwest segment of the intersection of State Highway 29 and US 183. The District is contained entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of Liberty Hill and access to the District is provided by State Highway 29. See "THE DISTRICT - Location."
The Developer	The developer currently active within the District is RSI Stonewall LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("RSI" or the "Developer"), an affiliate of RSI Communities - Texas LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, also an affiliate of RSI Communities LLC and RSI Holding, LLC, both Delaware limited liability companies and a wholly owned subsidiary of William Lyon Homes. See "THE DEVELOPER - Description of the Developer" and "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development."
Status of Development	Of the 282.37 acres within the District, approximately 241.12 are developable. As of June 1, 2018, approximately 151.70 acres (or approximately 63% of the developable acreage within the District) have been or are currently being developed with utility facilities as the single family residential subdivisions Stonewall Ranch Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, encompassing a total of 525 single family lots, which includes 299 completed homes, 37 homes under construction, 90 vacant single family lots, and 99 single family lots under development. Construction of the utility facilities serving Section 7 (approximately 19.62 acres; platted as 99 single family lots) began in March 2018 and is expected to be completed by September 2018. The District also contains an elementary school on approximately 13.56 acres. See "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development."
Homebuilders	According to the Developer, there are two homebuilders currently active within the District: Pulte Homes and William Lyon Homes. The homes range in price from approximately \$222,990 to \$290,990, with square footage ranging from approximately 1,450 to 3,200. See "THE DEVELOPER – Homebuilders within the District."
	THE BONDS
Description	The Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,600,000 mature serially in varying amounts on September 1 of each year from 2019 through 2028, inclusive, and as Term Bonds which mature September 1, 2031, September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036, September 1, 2038, September 1, 2040 and September 1, 2043, as set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest accrues from the Date of Initial Delivery at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page hereof and is payable March 1, 2019 and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption. The Bonds are offered in fully registered form in integral multiples of \$5,000 for any one maturity. See "THE BONDS - General Description."

Redemption ..... The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2026, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds, maturing September 1, 2031, September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036, September 1, 2038, September 1, 2040, and September 1, 2043 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. See "THE BONDS - Redemption." Source of Payment ..... Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the District, which under Texas law is not legally limited as to rate or amount. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Liberty Hill, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment." Payment Record ..... The District has previously issued three installments of new money bonds and one installment of refunding bonds. The District has made timely payment on its previously issued \$2,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2009, \$1,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011, \$2,845,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, and \$1,580,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 (collectively, the "Previously Issued Bonds"). The proceeds of the new money Previously Issued Bonds included twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest. The District currently has outstanding \$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, and \$1,575,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 (collectively, the "Outstanding Bonds.") See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Outstanding Bonds." Authority for Issuance ..... The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 7, 2006; the approving order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"); and an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS - Authority for Issuance." The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the following: (i) remaining portion of costs for Use of Proceeds..... Stonewall 18-inch water transmission main; (ii) operating costs; and (iii) a portion of water, wastewater and drainage facilities to serve single-family residential development in Stonewall Ranch Section 2. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." Bonds Authorized But Unissued..... At an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, voters within the District authorized a total of \$30,500,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. The Bonds constitute the fourth installment of new money unlimited tax bonds issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$23,320,000 aggregate principal amount of remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax new money bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. Additionally, at the election held in the

a total of \$30,500,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. The Bonds constitute the fourth installment of new money unlimited tax bonds issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$23,320,000 aggregate principal amount of remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax new money bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 7, 2006, the voters within the District also approved a total of \$45,750,000 in aggregate principal amount of unlimited tax refunding bonds, of which \$42,905,000 remains authorized but unissued. Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 7, 2006, the voters within the District approved the issuance of \$1,915,000 in aggregate principal amount of unlimited tax new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, all of which remain authorized but unissued. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued – Table 5" and "- Outstanding Bonds" and "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

Municipal Bond Ratings and Bond Insurance	S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P") has assigned a rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to the Bonds, as a result of a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM" or the "Insurer") at the time of delivery of the Bonds. Additionally, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned an underlying rating of "Baa3" to the Bonds.
Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations	The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and has represented that the total amount of tax-exempt obligations (including the Bonds) issued by it during calendar year 2018 is not reasonably expected to exceed \$10,000,000. See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions."
Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas
General Counsel	McLean & Howard, L.L.P., Austin, Texas.
Financial Advisor	Public Finance Group LLC, Austin, Texas
Paying Agent / Registrar	UMB Bank, N.A., Dallas, Texas

# INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds involve certain investment considerations and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully the Official Statement, including particularly the section captioned "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS," with respect to investment in the Bonds.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

2017 Certified Assessed Valuation 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation Estimated Assessed Valuation on of May 15, 2018		\$	64,222,734 <sup>(a)</sup> 79,085,371 <sup>(b)</sup> 84,156,900 <sup>(c)</sup>
Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018  Cross Debt Outstanding (ofter insurance of the Ronds)		\$ \$	6,835,000 <sup>(d)</sup>
Gross Debt Outstanding (after issuance of the Bonds)		Э	0,033,000
Ratio of Gross Debt to 2017 Certified Assessed Valuation Ratio of Gross Debt to 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation Ratio of Gross Debt to Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018			10.64% 8.64% 8.12%
2018 Tax Rate			
Debt Service  Maintenance  Total 2018 Tax Rate	\$ 0.3225 0.5775	\$	0.9000 <sup>(e)</sup>
		Φ	
Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 5, 2018)		\$	277,113
Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Years 2007-2017)			95.60% <sup>(g)</sup>
Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Years 2007-2017)			99.95% <sup>(g)</sup>
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds ("Average Requirement") (2019-2043, inclusive)		\$	420,015
Tax Rate required to pay Average Requirement based upon the 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections		\$	0.56 /\$100 AV
Tax Rate required to pay Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018 at 95% collections		\$	0.53 /\$100 AV
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds ("Maximum Requirement") (2043)		\$	425,375
Tax Rate required to pay Maximum Requirement based upon the 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections		\$	0.57 /\$100 AV
Tax Rate required to pay Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018 at 95% collections		\$	0.54 /\$100 AV
Number of active connections as of June 1, 2018			
Single Family - Complete & Occupied	294		
Single Family - Builder & Vacant	 42		
<b>Total Number of Active Connections</b>			336
Estimated Population as of June 1, 2018			1,029 <sup>(h)</sup>

<sup>(</sup>a) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2017, as provided by Williamson Central Appraisal District ("WCAD"). See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>b) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2018, as provided by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>c) The estimated assessed valuation as May 15, 2018, as provided by WCAD, is included solely for purposes of illustration.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes the Bonds.

<sup>(</sup>e) The District levied a 2018 tax rate of \$0.90 at its meeting in September 2018. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>f) Unaudited as of September 5, 2018. Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months' capitalized interest (\$200,864) included in the Bond proceeds to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund upon closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the debt service fund.

<sup>(</sup>g) See "TAX DATA – Tax Collections."

<sup>(</sup>h) Based upon 3.5 residents per completed and occupied single family home.

# OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to

#### \$2,600,000

# STONEWALL RANCH MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Williamson County, Texas)
UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2018

#### INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "State"), of its \$2,600,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Order"), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Constitution, and the general laws of the State, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 7, 2006; and the approving order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ" or the "Commission").

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Order.

Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Bonds and certain information about the District and its finances. ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE SUMMARIES ONLY AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the District c/o McLean & Howard, L.L.P., Barton Oaks Plaza, Building II, 901 South MoPac Expressway, Suite 225, Austin, Texas 78746 or from the District's Financial Advisor, Public Finance Group LLC, 900 South Capital of Texas Highway, Building IV, Suite 475, West Lake Hills, Texas, 78746, upon payment of reasonable copying, mailing and handling charges.

This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. A copy of this Official Statement will be submitted to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" and "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period" for a description of the District undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

# THE BONDS

#### **General Description**

The Bonds will bear interest from the Date of Initial Delivery and will mature on September 1 of the years and in the principal amounts, and will bear interest at the rates per annum, set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be paid on March 1, 2019 and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent and registrar for the Bonds is UMB Bank, N.A., Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent" or "Paying Agent/Registrar").

# Redemption

Optional Redemption... The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2026, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption.... In addition to being subject to optional redemption, as provided above, the Bonds maturing on September 1, 2031, September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036, September 1, 2038, September 1, 2040, and September 1, 2043 (collectively, the "Term Bonds") are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity by lot or other customary redemption method in the following amounts, on the following dates and at a price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date from amounts required to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund:

\$195,000 Term Bond Maturing					
September 1, 2031					
Mandatory					
Redemption Principal					
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
2029	\$ 65,000				
2030	65,000				
2031*	65,000				

\$220,000 Term Bond Maturing					
September 1, 2034					
Mandatory					
Redemption	Principal				
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
2032	\$ 70,000				
2033	75,000				
2034*	75,000				

\$215,000 Term Bond Maturing					
September 1, 2036					
Mandatory					
Redemption	Principal				
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
2035	\$ 100,000				
2036*	115,000				

\$240,000 Term Bond Maturing September 1, 2038						
Mandatory	,					
Redemption	Principal					
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>					
2037	\$ 125,000					
2038*	115,000					

\$250,000 Term Bond Maturing						
September 1, 2040						
Mandatory						
Redemption	Principal					
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>					
2039	\$ 125,000					
2040*	125,000					

\$935,000 Term Bond Maturing September 1, 2043					
Mandatory					
Redemption	Principal				
<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
2041	\$ 130,000				
2042	395,000				
2043*	410,000				

The principal amount of the Term Bonds required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the option of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds of the stated maturity which, at least 50 days prior to a mandatory redemption date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District, at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and cancelled by the Paying Agent at the request of the District, with monies in the Debt Service Fund at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

Notice of Redemption... At least 30 calendar days prior to the date fixed for any optional redemption of Bonds or portions thereof prior to maturity a written notice of such redemption shall be sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at its address as it appeared on the 45th calendar day prior to such redemption date and to major securities depositories and bond information services.

The Bonds of a denomination larger than \$5,000 may be redeemed in part (\$5,000 or any multiple thereof). Any Bond to be partially redeemed must be surrendered in exchange for one or more new Bonds of the same maturity for the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Bonds so surrendered. In the event of redemption of less than all of the Bonds, the particular maturity of the Bonds, or sinking fund installments in the case of the Term Bonds, to be redeemed shall be selected by the District, if less than all of the Bonds of a particular maturity, or sinking fund installments in the case of the Term Bonds, are to be redeemed; the Paying Agent is required to select the Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed by lot or other customary method in accordance with DTC's procedures.

With respect to any optional redemption of the Bonds, unless certain prerequisites to such redemption required by the Bond Order have been met and money sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to be optionally redeemed have been received by the Paying Agent prior to the giving of such notice of redemption, such notice will state that said optional redemption may, at the option of the District, be conditional upon the satisfaction of such prerequisites and receipt of such money by the Paying Agent on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption, or upon any prerequisite set forth in such notice of redemption. If a conditional notice of redemption is given and such prerequisites to the redemption are not fulfilled, such notice will be of no force and effect, the

<sup>\*</sup>Stated Maturity

District will not redeem such Bonds, and the Paying Agent will give notice in the manner in which the notice of redemption was given, to the effect that the Bonds have not been redeemed.

#### **DTC Redemption Provision**

The Paying Agent/Registrar and the District, so long as a book-entry-only system is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption, notice of proposed amendment to the Bond Order or other notices with respect to the Bonds only to DTC. Any failure by DTC to advise any DTC Participant, as herein defined, or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant, as herein defined, to notify the beneficial owner, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of Bonds called for redemption or any other action premised on any such notice. Redemption of portions of the Bonds by the District will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such Bonds held by DTC. In such event, DTC may implement, through its book-entry-only system, a redemption of such Bonds held for the account of DTC Participants in accordance with its rules or other agreements with DTC Participants and then Direct Participants and Indirect Participants may implement a redemption of such Bonds and such redemption will not be conducted by the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Neither the District nor the Paying Agent/Registrar will have any responsibility to the DTC Participants. Indirect Participants or the persons for whom DTC Participants act as nominees with respect to the payments on the Bonds or the providing of notice to Direct Participants, Indirect Participants, or beneficial owners of the selection of portions of the Bonds for redemption.

#### **Termination of Book-Entry-Only System**

The District is initially utilizing the book-entry-only system of DTC ("Book-Entry-Only-System"). See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." In the event that the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by DTC or the District, the following provisions will be applicable to the Bonds.

Payment . . . Principal of the Bonds will be payable at maturity to the registered owners as shown by the registration books maintained by the Paying Agent upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds to the Paying Agent at the designated office for payment of the Paying Agent in Dallas, Texas (the "Designated Payment/Transfer Office"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check or draft, dated as of the applicable interest payment date, sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid, to the registered owners at their respective addresses shown on such records, or by such other method acceptable to the Paying Agent requested by registered owner at the risk and expense of the registered owner. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds shall be a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions in the city where the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent is located are required or authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions are required or authorized to close, and payment on such date shall for all purposes be deemed to have been made on the original date payment was due.

Registration. . . If the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds may be transferred and re-registered on the registration books of the Paying Agent only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. A Bond also may be exchanged for a Bond or Bonds of like maturity and interest and having a like aggregate principal amount or maturity amount, as the case may, upon presentation and surrender at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. All Bonds surrendered for transfer or exchange must be endorsed for assignment by the execution by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent of an assignment form on the Bonds or other instruction of transfer acceptable to the Paying Agent. Transfer and exchange of Bonds will be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such transfer or exchange. A new Bond or Bonds, in lieu of the Bond being transferred or exchanged, will be delivered by the Paying Agent to the registered owner, at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent or by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be canceled in the exchange or transfer in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Limitation on Transfer of Bonds . . . Neither the District nor the Paying Agent shall be required to make any transfer, conversion or exchange to an assignee of the registered owner of the Bonds (i) during the period commencing on the close of business on the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) (whether or not a business day) day of the month preceding each interest payment date (the "Record Date") and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or (ii) with respect to any Bond called for redemption, in whole or in part, within forty-five (45) days of the date fixed for redemption; provided, however, such limitation of transfer shall not be applicable to an exchange by the registered owner of the uncalled balance of a Bond.

Replacement Bonds... If a Bond is mutilated, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond in exchange for the mutilated bond. If a Bond is destroyed, lost or stolen, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond upon (i) the filing by the registered owner with the Paying Agent of evidence satisfactory to the Paying Agent of the destruction, loss or theft of the Bond and the authenticity of the registered owner's ownership and (ii) the furnishing to the Paying Agent of indemnification in an amount satisfactory to hold the District and the Paying Agent harmless. All expenses and charges associated with such indemnity and with the preparation, execution and delivery of a replacement Bond must be borne by the registered owner. The provisions of the Bond Order relating to the replacement Bonds are

exclusive and to the extent lawful, preclude all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement and payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds.

#### **Authority for Issuance**

At an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, voters within the District authorized a total of \$30,500,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. The Bonds constitute the fourth installment of new money unlimited tax bonds issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$23,320,000 aggregate principal amount of remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax new money bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 7, 2006, the voters within the District also approved a total of \$45,750,000 in aggregate principal amount of unlimited tax refunding bonds, of which \$42,905,000 remains authorized but unissued. Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 7, 2006, the voters within the District approved the issuance of \$1,915,000 in aggregate principal amount of unlimited tax new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, all of which remain authorized but unissued. The District currently has outstanding \$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, and \$1,575,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 (collectively, the "Outstanding Bonds.")

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Bond Order, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The issuance of the Bonds has been approved by an order of the TCEQ.

## Source of and Security for Payment

The Bonds will be payable from and secured by a pledge of the proceeds of a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax without legal limitation as to rate or amount levied against all taxable property located within the District. The Board covenants in the Bond Order that, while the Bonds are outstanding and the District is in existence, it will levy an annual ad valorem tax and will undertake to collect such a tax against all taxable property within the District at a rate from year to year sufficient, full allowance being made for anticipated delinquencies, together with revenues and receipts from other sources which are legally available for such purposes, to pay interest on the Bonds as it becomes due, to provide a sinking fund for the payment of principal of the Bonds when due or the redemption price at any earlier required redemption date, to pay when due any other contractual obligations of the District payable in whole or in part from taxes, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such tax. The net proceeds from taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds are required to be placed in a special account of the District designated its "Debt Service Fund" for the Bonds. The Bond Order provides for the termination of the pledge of taxes when and if the City of Liberty Hill, Texas (the "City" or "Liberty Hill") annexes and dissolves the District and assumes all debts and liabilities of the District.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Liberty Hill, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any political subdivision or entity other than the District.

# **Payment Record**

The District has previously issued three installments of new money unlimited tax bonds and one installment of refunding unlimited tax bonds. The District has made timely payment on its \$2,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2009, \$1,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011, \$2,845,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, and \$1,580,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 (collectively, the "Previously Issued Bonds"). See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Outstanding Bonds." The proceeds of the new money Previously Issued Bonds included twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest.

# Flow of Funds

The Bond Order creates or confirms the creation of a Debt Service Fund and a Capital Projects Fund.

Each fund shall be kept separate and apart on the books and record of the District from all other funds of the District. The Debt Service Fund shall constitute a trust fund which shall be held in trust for the benefit of the registered owners of the Bonds.

Any cash balance in any fund must be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of the State of Texas to secure the funds of municipal utility districts having an aggregate market value, exclusive of accrued interest, at all times equal to the cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged.

Debt Service Fund... The Bond Order establishes the Debt Service Fund to be used to pay principal and interest on and Paying Agent fees in respect to the Bonds. The Bond Order requires that the District deposit to the credit of the Debt Service Fund (i) from the delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, the amount received from proceeds of the Bonds representing capitalized interest on the Bonds, (ii) District ad valorem taxes (and penalties and interest thereon) levied to pay debt service requirements on (or fees and expenses of the Paying Agent with respect of) the Bonds, and (iii) such other funds as the Board shall, at its option, deem advisable. The Bond Order requires that the Debt Service Fund be applied solely to provide for the payment of the principal or redemption price of and

interest on the Bonds when due, and to pay fees to Paying Agent when due.

Capital Projects Fund... The Capital Projects Fund is the capital improvements fund of the District. The Bond Order requires the District to deposit to the credit of the Capital Projects Fund the balance of the proceeds of the Bonds remaining after the deposits to the Debt Service Fund provided in the Bond Order. The Capital Projects Fund may be applied solely to (i) pay the costs necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes for which the Bonds are issued, (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds and (iii) to the extent the proceeds of the Bonds and investment income attributable thereto are in excess of the amounts required to acquire and construct water, wastewater and drainage facilities as approved by TCEQ, then in the discretion of the Board of Directors of the District to transfer such unexpended proceeds or income to the Debt Service Fund or to utilize such funds as otherwise authorized by the TCEQ.

#### Paying Agent/Registrar

Principal of and semiannual interest on the Bonds will be paid by the initial Paying Agent/Registrar, UMB Bank, N.A., having an office for payment in Dallas, Texas. Any Paying Agent must be either a bank, trust company, financial institution or other entity duly qualified and equally authorized to serve and perform the duties as paying agent and registrar for the Bonds. Provision is made in the Bond Order for the District to replace the Paying Agent by a resolution of the District giving notice to the Paying Agent of the termination of the appointment, stating the effective date of the termination and appointing a successor Paying Agent. If the Paying Agent is replaced by the District, the new Paying Agent shall be required to accept the previous Paying Agent's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent. Any successor paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be subject to the same qualification requirements as the Paying Agent. The successor paying agent/registrar, if any, shall be determined by the Board of Directors and written notice thereof, specifying the name and address of such successor paying agent/registrar will be sent by the District or the successor paying agent/registrar to each registered owner by first-class mail, postage prepaid.

# **Defeasance of Outstanding Bonds**

General...The Bond Order provides for the defeasance of the Bonds and the termination of the pledge of taxes and all other general defeasance covenants in the Bond Order under certain circumstances. Any Bond and the interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, retired, and no longer outstanding within the meaning of the Bond Order (a "Defeased Bond"), except to the extent provided below for the Paying Agent to continue payments, when the payment of all principal and interest payable with respect to such Bond to the due date or dates thereof (whether such due date or dates be by reason of maturity, upon redemption, or otherwise) either (i) shall have been made or caused to be made in accordance with the terms thereof (including the giving of any required notice of redemption) or (ii) shall have been provided for on or before such due date by irrevocably depositing with or making available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for such payment (1) lawful money of the United States of America sufficient to make such payment, (2) Defeasance Securities (defined below) that mature as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times as will ensure the availability, without reinvestment, of sufficient money to provide for such payment, or (3) any combination of (1) and (2) above, and when proper arrangements have been made by the District with the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of its services until after all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable. At such time as a Bond shall be deemed to be a Defeased Bond, such Bond and the interest thereon shall no longer be secured by, payable from, or entitled to the benefits of, the ad valorem taxes levied and pledged, as provided in the Bond Order and such principal and interest shall be payable solely from such money or Defeasance Securities, and shall not be regarded as outstanding under the Bond Order and the District will have no further responsibility with respect to the payment of such Defeased Bonds including any insufficiency to receive payments when due on the Defeased Securities.

Any money so deposited with or made available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank also may be invested at the written direction of the District in Defeasance Securities, maturing in the amounts and times as hereinbefore set forth, and all income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank that is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, shall be remitted to the District or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

Until all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable, the Paying Agent shall perform the services of Registrar for such Defeased Bonds the same as if they had not been defeased, and the District shall make proper arrangements to provide and pay for such services as required by the Bond Order.

For purposes of these provisions, "Defeasance Securities" means (i) direct non-callable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (ii) non-callable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provide for the funding of an escrow to effect the defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent, (iii) non-callable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provide for the funding of an escrow to effect the

defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent and (iv) any other then authorized securities or obligations under applicable State law that may be used to defease obligations such as the Bonds.

Any such obligations must be certified by an independent public accounting firm of national reputation to be of such maturities and interest payment dates and bear such interest as will, without further investment or reinvestment of either the principal amount thereof or the interest earnings therefrom, be sufficient to provide all debt service payments on the Bonds.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made without amounts deposited to defease the Bonds. Because the Bond Order does not contractually limit such investments, registered owners may be deemed to have consented to defeasance with such other investments, notwithstanding the fact that such investments may not be of the same investment quality as those currently permitted under State law. There is no assurance that the ratings for U.S. Treasury securities used as Defeasance Securities or those for any other Defeasance Securities will be maintained at any particular rating category.

Retention of Rights... To the extent that, upon the defeasance of any Defeased Bond to be paid at its maturity, the District retains the right under Texas law to later call the Defeased Bond for redemption in accordance with the provisions of the order authorizing its issuance, the District may call such Defeased Bond for redemption upon complying with the provisions of Texas law and upon satisfaction of the provisions set forth above regarding such Defeased Bond as though it was being defeased at the time of the exercise of the option to redeem the Defeased Bond and the effect of the redemption is taken into account in determining the sufficiency of the provisions made for the payment of the Defeased Bond.

Investments . . . Any escrow agreement or other instrument entered into between the District and the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank pursuant to which money and/or Defeasance Securities are held by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of Defeased Bonds may contain provisions permitting the investment or reinvestment of such moneys in Defeasance Securities or the substitution of other Defeasance Securities upon the satisfaction of certain requirements. All income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank which is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, will be remitted to the District or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

#### **Record Date**

The Record Date for payment of the interest on Bonds on any regularly scheduled interest payment date is defined as the fifteenth (15th) calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such interest payment date.

## **Issuance of Additional Debt**

The District may issue additional bonds or other obligations necessary to provide those improvements and facilities for which the District was created, with the approval of the TCEQ, if applicable, and, in the case of bonds payable from taxes, the District's voters. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance" for details regarding authorized but unissued Bonds of the District. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order imposes a limitation on the amount of additional bonds which may be issued by the District. Any additional bonds issued by the District may dilute the security for the Bonds.

The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional bonds is subject to approval of the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District.

## Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

Pursuant to Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a district "shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the State, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the State, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies and bodies politic." Additionally, Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code provides that bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a district are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the State and all agencies, subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State. For political subdivisions in Texas which have adopted investment policies and guidelines in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256), the Bonds may have to be assigned a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent as to investment quality by a national rating agency before such obligations are eligible investments for sinking funds and other public funds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATINGS."

The District makes no representation that the Bonds will be acceptable to banks, savings and loan associations or public entities for investment purposes or to secure deposits of public funds. The District has made no investigation of other laws, regulations or investment criteria which might apply to or otherwise limit the availability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds and as to the acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

#### **Specific Tax Covenants**

In the Bond Order the District covenants with respect to, among other matters, the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the manner in which the proceeds of the Bonds are to be invested. The District may omit to comply with any such covenant if it has received a written opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel to the effect that regulations or rulings hereafter promulgated modify or expand provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), so that such covenant is ineffective or inapplicable or non-compliance with such covenant will not adversely affect the exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds under Section 103 of the Code.

#### **Additional Covenants**

The District additionally covenants in the Bond Order that it will keep accurate records and accounts and employ an independent certified public accountant to audit and report on its financial affairs at the close of each fiscal year, such audits to be in accordance with applicable law, rules and regulations and open to inspection in the office of the District.

#### **Remedies in Event of Default**

The Bond Order establishes specific events of default with respect to the Bonds. If the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds when due, or the District defaults in the observance or performance of any of the covenants, conditions, or obligations of the District, the failure to perform which materially, adversely affects the rights of the owners, including but not limited to, their prospect or ability to be repaid in accordance with the Bond Order, and the continuation thereof for a period of 60 days after notice of such default is given by any owner to the District, the Bond Order and Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code provides that any registered owner is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the District to make such payment or observe and perform such covenants, obligations, or conditions. The issuance of a writ of mandamus may be sought if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Bonds or the Bond Order and the District's obligations are not uncertain or disputed. The remedy of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles, subject to the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Bond Order does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the Bondholders upon any failure of the District to perform in accordance with the terms of the Bond Order, or upon any other condition and accordingly all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. On April 1, 2016, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Wasson Interests, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 489 S.W. 3d 427 (Tex. 2016) that sovereign immunity does not imbue a city with derivative immunity when it performs proprietary, as opposed to governmental, functions in respect to contracts executed by the city. Texas jurisprudence has generally held that proprietary functions are those conducted by a city in its private capacity, for the benefit only of those within its corporate limits, and not as an arm of the government or under the authority or for the benefit of the state. On June 30, 2006, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Tooke v. City of Mexia, 49 Tex. Sup. Ct. J. 819 (Tex. 2006), that a waiver of sovereign immunity in a contractual dispute must be provided for by statute in "clear and unambiguous" language. Because it is unclear whether the Texas legislature has effectively waived the District's sovereign immunity from a suit for money damages, Bondholders may not be able to bring such a suit against the District for breach of the Bonds or Bond Order covenants. Even if a judgment against the District could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Furthermore, the District is eligible to seek relief from its creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or Bondholders of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the District avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Bonds are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors.

#### Consolidation

A district (such as the District) has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its water system with the water system(s) of the district(s) with which it is consolidating. The revenues of the consolidated system may be pledged equally to all first lien bonds of the consolidating districts. No representation is made that the District will consolidate its water system with that of any other district.

#### Annexation

The District lies entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. Under prior Texas law, a municipality could annex and dissolve a municipality utility district located within its extraterritorial jurisdiction without the consent of the District or its residents. Under Senate Bill 6 approved by the 85th Texas Legislature First Special Session, amending Sections 43.001 *et seq.* effective December 1, 2017 (the "Annexation Legislation"), certain municipalities (generally, those municipalities wholly or partly located in a county with a population of 500,000 or more) may annex a special district only if (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, or (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50% of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the described election and petition process does not apply during the term of a strategic partnership agreement between Liberty Hill and the District specifying the procedures for full purpose annexation of all or a portion of the District. As of the most recent federal decennial census (2010), the population of Williamson County, in which the City lies entirely, was less than 500,000. However, the United States Census Bureau's most recent estimate puts the population of Williamson County at 547,545; therefore, it is reasonably anticipated that the 2020 federal census will put the population of Williamson County above 500,000, thus triggering the Annexations Legislation's stricter voter approval and/or landowner consent requirements discussed above.

If a municipal utility district is annexed, the municipality must assume the assets, functions, and obligations of the District, including outstanding bonds, and the pledge of taxes will terminate. No representation is made concerning the likelihood of annexation and dissolution or the ability of the City to make debt service payments on the Bonds should dissolution occur.

A Consent Agreement for the District was executed on May 5, 2005, by Liberty Hill and Lookout Partners, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, LOG/HGM Bastrop, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, and Lennar Homes of Texas Land and Construction, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, and assigned to Lennar Buffington Stonewall Ranch, L.P., the District's original developer (the "Consent Agreement"). The Consent Agreement effectively places a moratorium on annexation of the District by Liberty Hill until: (i) water, wastewater and drainage facilities have been completed to serve at least 90% of the developable acreage within the District; and (ii) (a) Developer has been reimbursed by the District for the water, wastewater and drainage facilities in accordance with the rules of the Commission or (b) Liberty Hill has expressly assumed the obligation to reimburse Developer under those rules. The Consent Agreement will terminate on May 5, 2020, unless extended by all parties. Any annexation to occur prior to the termination date of the Consent Agreement would require the District to agree to an amendment to the Consent Agreement.

Land within the District was placed on Liberty Hill's Municipal Annexation Plan in May of 2017. Liberty Hill and the Developer have had preliminary discussions concerning the possible annexation of the District by Liberty Hill, but no action has been taken. Pursuant to Section 43.052 of the Local Government Code, the provisions of which would not apply in the event that a strategic partnership agreement were to be executed between Liberty Hill and the District, Liberty Hill may not begin to annex an area identified in its annexation plan until the third anniversary of the date the annexation plan was adopted. The District makes no representation that Liberty Hill will ever annex the District and assume its debt.

# **Alteration of Boundaries**

In certain circumstances, under Texas law the District may alter its boundaries to: i) upon satisfying certain conditions, annex additional territory; and ii) exclude land subject to taxation within the District that does not need to utilize the service of District facilities if certain conditions are satisfied, including the District's simultaneous annexation of land of at least equal value that may be practicably served by District facilities. Such land substitution is subject to the approval of the TCEQ. No representation is made concerning the likelihood that the District will effect any change in its boundaries.

#### **Approval of the Bonds**

The TCEQ approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order signed on August 2, 2018 (the "TCEQ Order").

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas does not pass upon or guarantee the quality of the Bonds as an investment, nor does he pass upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

#### Amendments to the Bond Order

The District may, without the consent of or notice to any registered owners, amend the Bond Order in any manner not detrimental to the interest of the registered owners, including the curing of an ambiguity, inconsistency, or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the District may, with the written consent of the owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to, or rescind any of the provisions of the Bond Order, except that, without the consent of the owners of all of the Bonds affected, no such amendment, addition, or rescission may (i) extend the time or times of payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest therein, change the place or places at, or the coin or currency in which, any Bond or the interest thereon is payable, or in any other way modify the terms of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (ii) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (iii) reduce the aggregate principal amount of Bonds required for consent to any such amendment, addition, or rescission. In addition, a state, consistent with federal law, may within the exercise of its police powers make such modifications in the terms and conditions of contractual covenants relating to the payment of indebtedness of its political subdivisions as are reasonable and necessary for attainment of an important public purpose.

## **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by the DTC while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (i) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participant, (ii) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (iii) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Financial Advisor take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

## USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the following: (i) remaining portion of costs for Stonewall 18-inch water transmission main; (ii) operating costs; and (iii) a portion of water, wastewater and drainage facilities to serve single-family residential development in Stonewall Ranch Section 2. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

The use and distribution of Bond proceeds is set forth below. Of the proceeds to be received from the sale of the Bonds, \$1,837,771 is required for construction costs, and \$762,229 is required for non-construction costs, including \$200,864 of capitalized interest (approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest calculated at 3.862765%).

# **Construction Costs**

A. Developer Contribution Items		
1. Stonewall Ranch Section 2 - W, WW, D	\$	1,575,000
B. District Items	7	-,-,-,-,-
1. Stonewall 18" Transmission Main	\$	335,771
<b>Total Construction Costs</b>	\$	1,910,771
Less: Surplus Funds Applied	·	(73,000)
<b>Net Total Construction Costs</b>	\$	1,837,771
Non-Construction Costs		
A. Legal Fees (2.5%)	\$	65,000
B. Fiscal Agent Fees (2.0%)		52,000
C. Interest		
1 Capitalized Interest (24 months @ 3.862765%)		200,864
2 Developer Interest (a)		184,225
D. Bond Discount (3%)		78,000
E. Operting Expenses		100,876
F. Bond Issuance Expenses		27,028
G. Bond Application Report		38,000
H. Attorney General Fee (0.10%)		2,600
I. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee (0.25%)		6,500
J. Contingency (b)		7,136
<b>Total Non-Construction Costs</b>	\$	762,229
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	\$	2,600,000

<sup>(</sup>a) The amount of Developer interest will be finalized in connection with the reimbursement report approved by the Board of Directors prior to disbursement of funds.

<sup>(</sup>b) The TCEQ, in its approval of the Bonds, directed any surplus Bond proceeds to be shown as a contingency line item and be subject to the TCEQ rules on use of surplus Bond funds.

#### INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

#### General

The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the City of Liberty Hill, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any other political subdivision, will be secured by a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property located within the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment."

The ultimate security for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds depends on the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District all taxes levied against the property or, in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by registered owners of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of property within the District will occur or that the development in the District will maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment by property owners or that there will be a market for the property. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Registered Owners' Remedies."

#### **Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments**

Economic Factors, Interest Rates, Credit Availability and Residential Foreclosures: A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of single-family residences and developed lots. The market value of such homes and lots is related to general economic conditions affecting the demand for and taxable value of residences. Demand for lots and residential dwellings can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs, energy availability and the economic prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban centers toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact existing values.

Interest rates and the availability of credit, including mortgage and development funding, have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates at which developers and homebuilders are able to obtain financing for development and construction costs. Interest rate levels and the general availability of credit may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete development activities within the District and the ability of potential homeowners to purchase homes. Because of the changing factors affecting the availability of funds, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued development and construction within the District. In addition, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Austin metropolitan and regional economies.

Competition: The demand for single-family homes in the District could be affected by competition from other residential developments, including other residential developments located in other utility districts located near the District. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned homes in more established neighborhoods closer to downtown Austin that are for sale. Such homes could represent additional competition for homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of developers in the sale of developed lots and of homebuilders in the construction of single-family residential houses within the District is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Developers under No Obligation to the District: There is no commitment from, or obligation of, any Developer to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or the construction of homes in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts and failure of landowners to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. The District is also dependent upon the Developer and the other principal taxpayers for the timely payment of ad valorem taxes, and the District cannot predict what the future financial condition of either will be or what effect, if any, such financial conditions may have on their ability to pay taxes. See "THE DEVELOPER" and "TAX DATA - Principal Taxpayers."

Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently existing within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of owners of property within the District to pay their taxes. The 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation of the District is \$79,085,371. After issuance of the Bonds, the Maximum Requirement will be \$425,375 (2043) and the Average Requirement will be \$420,015 (2019 through 2043, inclusive). Assuming (1) no increase or decrease from the 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation; (2) the issuance of no additional debt; and (3) no other funds available for the payment of debt

service, tax rates of \$0.57 and \$0.56 per \$100 assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the Maximum Requirement and the Average Requirement, respectively. The District's Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018 is \$84,156,900. Based upon the assumptions above, tax rates of \$0.54 and \$0.53 per \$100 assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the Maximum Requirement and the Average Requirement, respectively. See "DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS" and "TAX DATA - Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

Dependence Upon the Developer, Lot Owners and Homebuilders: The growth of the tax base is dependent upon additional development of lots in the District and the construction of homes thereon. The Developer is under no obligation to continue to market, or improve, or to develop tracts of land. Thus, the furnishing of information related to the proposed development by the Developer should not be interpreted as such a commitment by the Developer. The District makes no representation about the probability of development continuing in a timely manner or about the ability of the Developer, or any other subsequent landowner to whom such party may sell all or a portion of its holdings within the District, to implement any plan of development. Furthermore, there is no restriction on the Developer's right to sell its land. The District can make no prediction as to the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances or regulations may have on any plans of the Developer. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts or failure of the Developer to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. See "THE DEVELOPER."

Undeveloped Acreage . . . Approximately 89.42 acres of developable land within the District had not been provided with water, wastewater, storm drainage and detention facilities as of June 1, 2018. Additionally, approximately 19.62 acres of developable land are currently being developed with water, wastewater, storm drainage and detention facilities as of June 1, 2018. In the opinion of the District's engineers, the remaining authorized but unissued bonds should be sufficient to fund water, sanitary sewer and drainage services to all areas now within the District. See "THE BONDS – Alteration of Boundaries" and "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development."

Development and Home Construction in the District . . . As of June 1, 2018, approximately 90 developed lots within the District remained available for construction. Failure of the Developer and/or builders to construct taxable improvements on developed lots could result in substantial increases in the rate of taxation by the District during the term of the Bonds to pay debt service on the Bonds and any other tax supported debt of the District issued in the future. Future increases in value will result primarily from the construction of homes by builders. See "Impact on District Tax Rates" above.

# **Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies**

The District has a right to seek judicial foreclosure on a tax lien, but such remedy may prove to be costly and time consuming and, since the future market or resale market, if any, of the taxable real property within the District is uncertain, there can be no assurance that such property could be sold and delinquent taxes paid. Additionally, the District's tax lien is on a parity with the liens of all other State and local taxing authorities on the property against which the taxes are levied. Registered owners of the Bonds are entitled under Texas law to a writ of mandamus to compel the District to perform its obligations. Such remedy would have to be exercised upon each separate default and may prove costly, time consuming and difficult to enforce. Furthermore, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions would have to be taken on the initiative of, and be financed by, registered owners to enforce such remedies. The rights and remedies of the registered owners and the enforceability of the Bonds may also be limited by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, reorganization and other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.

# **Bond Insurance Risks**

The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any earlier due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such redemption. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional redemption of the Bonds which is recovered by the District from the owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the bond insurer (the "Bond Insurer") at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absent such redemption by the District unless the Bond Insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the Bond Insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies that the Paying Agent exercises and the Bond Insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to the Bond Resolution.

In the event the Bond Insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received by the Paying Agent pursuant to the Bond Resolution. In the event the Bond Insurer becomes

obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the Bond Insurer and its ability to pay claims which is predicated upon a number of factors that could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Bond Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Bond Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds.

The obligations of the Bond Insurer are general obligations of the Bond Insurer and in an event of default by the Bond Insurer, the remedies available to the Paying Agent may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or other similar laws related to insolvency. No independent investigation into the ability of the Bond Insurer to pay claims has been made and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Bond Insurer is given.

# **Registered Owners' Remedies**

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the registered owners have the right to seek a writ of mandamus, requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interest of the registered owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the registered owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the registered owners may further be limited by laws relating to governmental immunity, bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District.

## Marketability

The District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price for the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

# **Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights**

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of registered owners may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Subject to the requirements of State law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 USC sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of registered owners' remedies, including mandamus and the foreclosure of tax liens upon property within the District discussed above. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismissed the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision, such as the District, may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (i) is specifically authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (ii) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (iii) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (iv) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiations are impracticable. Under State law a municipal utility district, such as the District, must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under Federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under State law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with State law requirements, a district could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby involving the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A Federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and Federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning district relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be applicable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the registered owners could potentially and adversely impair the value of the registered owner's claim.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect a registered owner by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the

interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the registered owner's claim against a district.

# The Effect of the Financial Institutions Act of 1989 on Tax Collections of the District

The "Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989" ("FIRREA"), enacted on August 9, 1989, contains certain provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens, and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution.

Under FIRREA real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary liens shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real or personal property tax when due and (iii) notwithstanding failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

There has been little judicial determination of the validity of the provisions of FIRREA or how they are to be construed and reconciled with respect to conflicting state laws. However, certain recent federal court decisions have held that the FDIC is not liable for statutory penalties and interest authorized by State property tax law, and that although a lien for taxes may exist against real property, such lien may not be foreclosed without the consent of the FDIC, and no liens for penalties, fines, interest, attorney's fees, costs of abstract and research fees exist against the real property for the failure of the FDIC or a prior property owner to pay ad valorem taxes when due. It is also not known whether the FDIC will attempt to claim the FIRREA exemptions as to the time for contesting valuations and tax assessments made prior to and after the enactment of FIRREA. Accordingly, to the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property, if any, owned by the FDIC in the District, and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

#### **Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants**

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

#### **Future Debt**

The District has reserved in the Bond Order the right to issue the remaining \$23,320,000 authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board of Directors and voters of the District. All of the remaining \$23,320,000 unlimited tax bonds which have heretofore been authorized by the voters of the District may be issued by the District from time to time for qualified purposes, as determined by the Board of Directors of the District, subject to the approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the TCEQ. The District has also reserved the right to issue certain other additional bonds, special project bonds, refunding bonds, and other obligations described in the Bond Order. See "THE SYSTEM".

The District anticipates that it may issue portions of its currently authorized but unissued bonds (up to the entire \$23,320,000 of remaining authorization), in installments over the next several years. Each future issue of unlimited tax bonds is intended to be sold at the earliest practicable date consistent with the maintenance of a reasonable tax rate in the District (assuming projected increases in the value of taxable property made at the time of issuance of the bonds are accurate). The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds or other contractual obligations secured by ad valorem taxes levied against property in the District. The issuance of additional bonds is subject to approval by the Commission pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District.

According to the Engineer, the District remains obligated to reimburse the Developer approximately \$4,820,077 for the facilities serving the existing development within the District. The District expects to submit bond applications to the TCEQ for the sale of additional bonds to satisfy its obligation to pay the Developer for such facilities. The District intends to issue such bonds in approximately annual installments, subject to timely TCEQ approval. See "THE BONDS –Issuance of Additional Debt" and "Table 5 – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized But Unissued."

# **Governmental Approval**

As required by law, engineering plans, specifications and estimates of construction costs for the facilities and services to be purchased or constructed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds have been approved, subject to certain conditions, by the TCEQ. See "USE

AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." The TCEQ approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order signed on August 2, 2018 (the "TCEQ Order"). In addition, the Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery.

Neither the TCEQ nor the Attorney General of Texas passes upon or guarantees the security of the Bonds as an investment, nor have the foregoing authorities passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

#### No Requirement to Build on Developed Lots

Currently, there is no requirement that builders owning developed lots within the District commence or complete construction of improvements within any particular time period. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in any other information provided by the District, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the District's expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the District on the date hereof, and the District assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

The forward looking statements herein are necessarily based on various assumptions and estimates and are inherently subject to various risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties relating to the possible invalidity of the underlying assumptions and estimates and possible changes or developments in social, economic, business, industry, market, legal and regulatory circumstances and conditions and actions taken or omitted to be taken by third parties, including customers, suppliers, business partners and competitors, and legislative, judicial and other governmental authorities and officials. Assumptions related to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement would prove to be accurate.

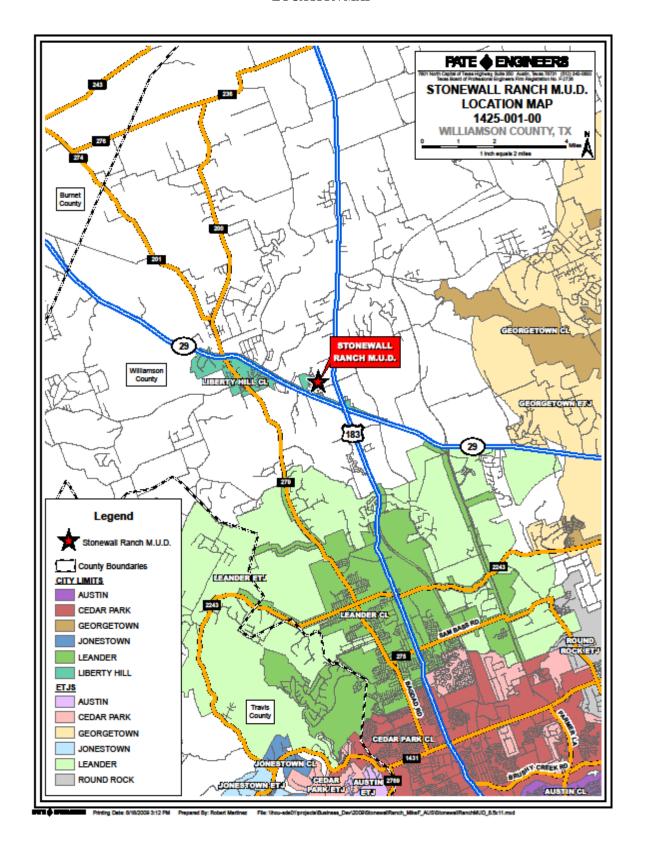
## **Future and Proposed Legislation**

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

# **Drought Conditions**

Central Texas, like other areas of the State, is susceptible to drought conditions. The City of Georgetown provides water to the residents of the District; however, if the District experiences drought conditions, water usage and rates could be impacted.

## LOCATION MAP



#### THE DISTRICT

#### General

The District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created by order of the TCEQ on March 28, 2006, and operates pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ. The District was created for the purposes of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, collect and treat wastewater. The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; the control and diversion of storm water and the operation of park and recreational facilities. Pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 49 of the Water Code certain districts, such as the District, may issue bonds subject to voter approval and the TCEQ, payable from ad valorem taxes to pay for the development and maintenance of water, wastewater, drainage, park and recreational facilities. The District may also establish, operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters of the District and the TCEQ. Fire services are currently provided within the District by Williamson County Emergency Services District No. 4.

# Management

# **Board of Directors**

The District is governed by a board, consisting of five directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors' terms are four years, with elections held within the District in May in each even-numbered year. All of the directors own property in the District.

		Length of	Term
Name	Position	Service	Expires May
Kareem T. Hajjar	President	9 Years	2020
Scott Wuest	Vice-President	8-1/2 Years	2020
Stefan Pharis	Secretary	1-1/2 Years	2022
Melissa Neslund	Assistant-Secretary	9 Years	2022
Graham Carter	Assistant-Secretary	5 Years	2022

# Consultants

#### Tax Assessor/Collector

Land and improvements in the District are being appraised by the Williamson Central Appraisal District ("WCAD"). The Tax Assessor/Collector is appointed by the Board of Directors of the District. The Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector, Mr. Larry Gaddes, currently serves the District in this capacity under contract.

## **Engineer**

The District's consulting engineer is Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc. (the "Engineer"). Such firm serves as consulting engineer to 31 other special districts.

# **Bookkeeper**

Montoya & Monzingo, LLP, certified public accountants, serves as bookkeeper to the District, as well as to eleven other special districts.

#### **Financial Advisor**

Public Finance Group LLC serves as the District's financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor"). The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on the percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

#### **Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel**

The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the District's Bonds. The fees of Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel are contingent upon the sale of and delivery of the Bonds.

#### **General Counsel**

The District employs McLean & Howard, L.L.P., ("McLean & Howard") as General Counsel. Fees paid to McLean & Howard for work related to the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale of the Bonds.

#### Location

The District, which encompasses approximately 282.37 acres of land, is located in northwest Williamson County and lies approximately 1.5 miles east of downtown of Liberty Hill, 8 miles west of the City of Georgetown, Texas ("Georgetown"), and 30 miles northwest of downtown of the City of Austin, Texas ("Austin"). The District is located in the northwest segment of the intersection of State Highway 29 and US 183. The District is contained entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of Liberty Hill and access to the District is provided by State Highway 29 south. See "LOCATION MAP."

#### **Historical and Current Status of Development**

The District was created by order of the Commission effective March 28, 2006, and confirmed pursuant to an election held within the District on November 7, 2006. The District was created for the purpose of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, and to collect and treat wastewater, and operates pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, as amended. The District as originally created contained approximately 282.37 acres. Since the creation of the District, there have been no annexations or exclusions of land.

Construction of utility facilities to serve property within the District commenced in November, 2005 by the District's original developer, Lennar Buffington Stonewall Ranch, L.P. of Austin, Texas ("Buffington"), a Texas limited partnership. Buffington completed the development of utility facilities serving approximately 100.28 acres within the District, developed as Section 2 (59.84 acres; platted as 151 single family lots) and Section 3 (40.44 acres; platted as 126 single family lots).

In August 2016, Buffington sold and assigned all of their remaining land and interests within the District to RSI Communities LLC pursuant to a Contract of Sale Agreement, through a cash transaction. RSI Communities LLC then transferred its land and interests to RSI Communities - Texas LLC, which subsequently transferred its land and interests to RSI Stonewall LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of William Lyon Homes ("RSI" or the "Developer"). In March 2018, RSI sold the undeveloped acreage within the District to Project Royal"). Project Royal currently owns all of the undeveloped but developable acreage within the District. Once the undeveloped plats are recorded, the lots are conveyed to the Developer by Project Royal for the development of utility facilities. RSI completed the development of utility facilities serving approximately 31.82 acres within the District, developed as Section 4 (2.83 acres; platted as 16 single family lots), Section 5 (8.88 acres; platted as 32 single family lots), and Section 6 (20.11 acres; platted as 101 single family lots). RSI is currently constructing the utility facilities serving Section 7 (19.62 acres; platted as 99 single family lots), which construction began in March 2018 and is expected to be completed by September 2018. RSI expects to begin developing the utility facilities serving Section 8 (approximately 13.49 acres; platted as 66 single family lots) in September 2018. RSI expects to develop the remaining developable 75.93 acres as residential sections of Stonewall Ranch.

As of June 1, 2018, the District contained 299 completed homes, 37 homes under construction, 90 developed vacant lots, and 99 single family lots under development. Additional development within the District includes the Bill Burden Elementary School situated on 13.56 acres, a pump station on 1.46 acres, several drainage lots situated on 24.08 acres, and park/open space situated on 2.15 acres.

The chart on the following page reflects the status of development as of June 1, 2018.

		Platted	Completed	<b>Homes Under</b>	Vacant
Section	Acreage	Lots	Homes	Construction	Lots
A. Single Family Developed with Utility Facilities	es				
Stonewall Ranch Section 2	59.84	151	150	-	1
Stonewall Ranch Section 3	40.44	126	126	-	-
Stonewall Ranch Section 4	2.83	16	16	-	-
Stonewall Ranch Section 5	8.88	32	4	4	24
Stonewall Ranch Section 6	20.11	101	3	33	65
Total Developed with Utilities	132.08	426	299	37	90
B. Single Family Utilities Under Contruction					
Stonewall Ranch Section 7	19.62	99		<u> </u>	99
<b>Total Utilities Under Construction</b>	19.62	99	-	-	99
C. Total Developed Utilities or Under Construct	151.70	525	299	37	189
D. Remaining Developable Acreage					
Single-Family Residential	89.42				
Total Remaining Developable Acreage	89.42				
E Undevelopable Acreage					
Elementary School	13.56				
Pump Station	1.46				
Drainage Lots	24.08				
Park/Open Spaces	2.15				
Total Undevelopable Acreage	41.25				
Total District Acreage	282.37				

## **Future Development**

The instigation of any new development beyond that described in this Official Statement will be dependent on several factors including, to a great extent, the general and other economic conditions which would affect the ability to sell lots and/or property and of any homebuilder to sell completed homes as described in this Official Statement under the caption "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS." If the undeveloped portion of the District is eventually developed, additions to the water, wastewater, and drainage system required to service such undeveloped acreage may be financed by future District bond issues, if any, and developer contributions, if any, as required by the TCEQ. The District's Engineer estimates that the \$23,320,000 remaining principal amount of voted water, wastewater, and drainage bonds which are authorized to be issued should be sufficient to reimburse the Developer for the existing utility facilities and provide utility service to the remaining undeveloped but potentially developable acres within the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." The Developer is under no obligation to complete any development, if begun, and may modify or discontinue development plans in its sole discretion. Accordingly, the District makes no representation that future development will occur.

#### **Annexation of the District**

The District lies within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of Liberty Hill. See "THE BONDS - Annexation" for a discussion of the ability of Liberty Hill to annex the District.

# THE DEVELOPER

# Role of Developer

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer within a utility district, such as the District, include purchasing land within the future district, petitioning for creation of the district, designing the development, defining a marketing program, planning building schedules, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, sewer, and drainage facilities) pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, and selling improved lots or commercial reserves to builders, other developers or third parties. Ordinarily, a developer pays one hundred percent (100%) of the costs of paving and amenity design and construction while the utility district finances the costs of the water supply and

distribution, wastewater collection and drainage facilities. While a landowner or developer is required by the TCEQ to pave streets and pay for its allocable portion of the costs of utilities to be financed by the district through a specific bond issue, if any, a developer is generally under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities with respect to other property it owns within a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which a developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of the developer to perform such activities in development of the property within the utility district may have a profound effect on the security for the bonds issued by a district.

#### **Description of the Developer**

The developer currently active within the District is RSI Stonewall LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("RSI" or the "Developer"), an affiliate of RSI Communities - Texas LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, also an affiliate of RSI Communities LLC and RSI Holding, LLC, both Delaware limited liability companies and a wholly owned subsidiary of William Lyon Homes.

In August 2016, RSI Communities LLC acquired, through a cash transaction, all of the remaining land and interests within the District from Buffington, pursuant to a Contract of Sale Agreement. RSI Communities LLC then transferred its land and interests to RSI Communities - Texas LLC, which subsequently transferred its land and interests to RSI Stonewall LLC. In March 2018, RSI sold the undeveloped acreage within the District to Project Royal, LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("Project Royal"). Project Royal currently owns all of the undeveloped but developable acreage within the District. Once the undeveloped plats are recorded, the lots are conveyed to the Developer by Project Royal for the development of utility facilities.

The Developer is not responsible for, liable for, and has not made any commitment for payment of the Bonds or other obligations of the District. The Developer has no legal commitment to the District or owners of the Bonds to continue development of land within the District and may sell or otherwise dispose of their property within the District, or any other assets, at any time. Further, the Developer's financial condition is subject to change at any time.

## **Homebuilders within the District**

According to the Developer, there are two homebuilders currently active within the District: Pulte Homes and William Lyon Homes. The homes range in price from approximately \$222,990 to \$290,990, with square footage ranging from approximately 1,450 to 3,200. The Developer has stated that it has executed lot sales contracts with both builders and that both builders are in compliance with their respective lot sales contracts.

## **Utility Construction Agreement**

The District has entered into utility construction agreements with the Developer governing the development of water, wastewater and drainage facilities on land within the District and the reimbursement for certain of the costs of such development through the issuance of bonds by the District.

## **Agricultural Waiver**

Much of the undeveloped acreage within the District is subject to an agricultural exemption, however, the Developer executed an agreement, which was recorded in the real property records of Williamson County, and which contains covenants running with the land, waiving the right to have certain land located within the District classified as agricultural, open-space or timberland. In addition, the Developer has waived the right to have the lots and houses (if any) classified as business inventory. Such agreements may not be modified without the approval of the TCEQ and are binding on purchasers of such land from the Developer. See "TAXING PROCEDURES - Property Subject to Taxation by the District."

#### THE SYSTEM

# Regulation

The water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities or contract rights therefor (the "System"), the purchase, acquisition and construction of which were permanently financed or refinanced by the District with the proceeds of the Outstanding Bonds, have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the recommendation of certain governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over construction and operation of such facilities, including, among others, the TCEQ, Williamson County and Liberty Hill. According to the Engineer, the design of all such facilities has been approved by all governmental agencies which have authority over the District.

Operation of the water and wastewater facilities serving customers in the District is subject to regulation by, among others, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the TCEQ.

#### **Water Supply and Distribution**

Water services to retail customers within the District are provided by the Georgetown, which purchased water facilities from the Chisholm Trail Special Utility District ("CTSUD") and associated service rights. As part of the facilities purchase, Georgetown was also assigned an amended and restated non-standard water service agreement (the "Water Service Agreement") with the District.

Under the Water Service Agreement, the cost of certain water related facilities and contract rights therefor is borne by the Developer, which is reimbursed by the District. The water facilities are transferred to Georgetown who then supplies retail water service to customers in the District. Georgetown, in turn, receives its potable water supply from Lake Georgetown and the Edwards Aquifer.

Georgetown delivers potable water to customers in the District via an 18-inch transmission line. Pursuant to the Water Service Agreement, the District has a commitment for water supply capacity sufficient to serve a total of 1,150 living unit equivalents ("LUEs").

Water supplied by Georgetown is obtained by Georgetown pursuant to an agreement with the Brazos River Authority ("BRA") for 11,000 acre feet of water per year from Lake Georgetown and from four wells in the Edwards Aquifer. Potable water from Georgetown is delivered to a 1.0 million gallon concrete ground storage tank and then pumped via a booster pump station (containing two 1,800 gallons per minute centrifugal pumps, a comprehensive data control and alarm system, and auxiliary standby generator, and related appurtenances) through the 18-inch transmission line into the internal water distribution system within the District. The Water Service Agreement requires that the water facilities, including the internal water distribution facilities constructed by the Developer on behalf of the District be conveyed to Georgetown and that Georgetown operates and maintains the internal water distribution system.

Retail water service is provided directly by Georgetown to customers in the District. Retail water customers in the District are charged Georgetown's standard rates for retail water service to customers located outside of the city, as established by Georgetown from time to time.

#### **Wastewater Collection and Treatment**

Wastewater collection and treatment services to retail customers within the District are provided by Liberty Hill, which purchased wastewater treatment facilities from the Lower Colorado River Authority ("LCRA") and associated service rights. As part of the facilities purchase, Liberty Hill was also assigned the Utility Facilities Construction and Conveyance Agreement and Wastewater Service Agreement between the LCRA and the Developer (the "Wastewater Agreement").

In accordance with the Wastewater Agreement, Liberty Hill will provide retail wastewater service to customers in the District, currently in an amount of wastewater treatment capacity sufficient to serve 1,136 LUE's. Such service will be provided through Liberty Hill's wastewater treatment plant (the "Regional Wastewater Plant"). Phase 1 of the Regional Wastewater Treatment plant has been constructed by Liberty Hill, with an initial capacity of 400,000 gallon per day ("gpd").

The Wastewater Agreement provides that the Developer is responsible for the construction and installation of lines and related appurtenances for the collection and delivery of wastewater to the Regional Wastewater Plant. Such collection lines and related appurtenances are conveyed by the Developer to Liberty Hill, with Liberty Hill reimbursing the Developer for a portion of the costs incurred to construct and install such collection lines and related appurtenances. Accordingly, Liberty Hill will own, operate, and maintain the wastewater system serving customers in the District.

The Utility Development Agreement between the District and the Developer has been amended to provide for the reimbursement by the District of the costs for eligible wastewater facilities not otherwise reimbursed by Liberty Hill.

According to the Developer, the Developer is in compliance with all material terms of the Wastewater Agreement that has been assigned to Liberty Hill and has met all obligations with regard to advance payment of impact fees.

# 100-Year Flood Plain

According to the District's Engineer, no acres within the District are currently located in the floodplain as shown in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map No. 48491C0250E dated September 26, 2008.

# Water, Wastewater and Drainage Operations - Rate and Fee Schedule - Table 1

Georgetown provides retail water to the residents of the District and establishes the rates and fees for such service, subject to change from time to time. Liberty Hill provides retail wastewater service to residents of the District and establishes rates and fees for wastewater service, subject to change from time to time. The following schedule sets forth the monthly rates and fees for the Georgetown water service and Liberty Hill's wastewater service, respectively, which have been in effect since January 1, 2014 in the case of Georgetown, and since January 1, 2018 in the case of Liberty Hill. For further information, please contact Georgetown and Liberty Hill.

Monthly Base Charge – Water	Current Water Rates
5/8"	\$18.50
3/4"	27.50
1"	46.00
1-1/2"	91.50
2"	146.50
Water Usage Charge	
0 - 10,000 gallons	\$1.75 (per 1,000 gallons)
10,001 – 20,000 gallons	\$2.40 (per 1,000 gallons)
20,001 – 40,000 gallons	\$4.00 (per 1,000 gallons)
40,001 – 60,000 gallons	\$6.50 (per 1,000 gallons)
60,001 gallons and over	\$8.50 (per 1,000 gallons)
Monthly Flat Charge - Wastewater	\$44.35

# Operating Revenues and Expenses Statement - Table 2

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the historical operations of the District. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and in all instances exclude depreciation. Such summary has been prepared from information obtained from the District's financial statements and records. Reference is made to such statements for further and more complete information. Also see "Appendix A – Audited Financial Statements."

	Fiscal Year End											
	8/.	31/2018 <sup>(a)</sup>	9/	/30/2017 <sup>(b)</sup>	9/	30/2016 <sup>(b)</sup>	9/.	30/2015 <sup>(b)</sup>	9/.	30/2014 <sup>(b)</sup>	9/3	30/2013 <sup>(b)</sup>
REVENUES												
Property taxes, including penalties	\$	326,572	\$	365,943	\$	314,540	\$	160,464	\$	190,201	\$	140,303
Interest		3,983		2,500		2,633		1,961		1,436		815
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	330,555	\$	368,443	\$	317,173	\$	162,425	\$	191,637	\$	141,118
EXPENDITURES												
Repairs and Maintenance	\$	16,767	\$	90,389	c) \$	16,201	\$	9,915	\$	5,040	\$	5,040
Utilities		9,815		9,271		8,414		12,346		10,285		11,820
Director fees, including payroll		3,692		5,329		3,552		3,391		3,076		2,584
Legal Fees		10,542		23,892		12,861		9,129		12,642		8,586
Engineering Fees		9,254		18,017		773		635		826		569
Accounting Fees		14,947		14,619		11,952		10,510		8,485		8,208
Audit Fees		15,000		15,000		14,500		14,500		14,500		15,000
Insurance		2,612		1,792		1,742		2,030		1,883		1,402
Tax appraisal/collection fees		4,205		3,918		3,817		1,363		2,923		1,108
Other		2,887		3,265		2,216		502		3,940		3,716
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	89,721	\$	185,492	\$	76,028	\$	64,321	\$	63,600	\$	58,033
NET REVENUES (DEFICIT)	\$	240,834	\$	182,951	\$	241,145	\$	98,104	\$	128,037	\$	83,085
Less Developer Reimbursement	\$		\$	(400,000)	d) <u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$	
Beginning Fund Balance Plus / (Less): Fund Transfers	\$	722,566	\$	939,615	\$	698,470	\$	600,366	\$	472,329	\$	389,244
Ending Fund Balance	\$	963,400	\$	722,566	\$	939,615	\$	698,470	\$	600,366	\$	472,329

<sup>(</sup>a) Unaudited. As of August 31, 2018. Reflects eleven (11) months of the District's current fiscal year.

<sup>(</sup>b) Audited.

<sup>(</sup>c) The District made channel and erosion control repairs during fiscal year 2017.

<sup>(</sup>d) During fiscal year 2017, the District used \$400,000 of surplus operating funds to reimburse the Developer for wastewater impact fees.

# **DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – TABLE 3**

# Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District \$2,600,000

# $\ \, \textbf{Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018} \\$

Dated Date: October 3, 2018

First Interest Payment Due: March 1, 2019

Year		Outstandi	ng Bonds		The Bonds					Total	
Ending	Principal	Intere	est		Principal	Principal	Debt Service				
31-Dec	Due (09/01)	Due (03/01)	Due (09/01)	Total	(Due 9/01)	(Due 3/01)	(Due 9/01)	(Due 9/01) Total		Requirements	
2019	\$ 115,000	\$ 79,288	\$ 79,288	\$ 273,576	\$ 50,000	\$ 40,505	\$ 49,263	\$ 89,767	\$ 139,767	\$ 413,343	
2020	120,000	77,066	77,066	274,131	50,000	48,013	48,013	96,025	146,025	420,156	
2021	130,000	74,744	74,744	279,489	45,000	46,763	46,763	93,525	138,525	418,014	
2022	135,000	72,226	72,226	279,451	50,000	45,638	45,638	91,275	141,275	420,726	
2023	135,000	69,602	69,602	274,204	55,000	44,388	44,388	88,775	143,775	417,979	
2024	140,000	66,975	66,975	273,950	60,000	43,013	43,013	86,025	146,025	419,975	
2025	145,000	64,221	64,221	273,443	60,000	41,513	41,513	83,025	143,025	416,468	
2026	160,000	61,369	61,369	282,738	55,000	40,013	40,013	80,025	135,025	417,763	
2027	160,000	58,220	58,220	276,440	60,000	39,188	39,188	78,375	138,375	414,815	
2028	170,000	55,071	55,071	280,143	60,000	38,288	38,288	76,575	136,575	416,718	
2029	175,000	51,725	51,725	278,450	65,000	37,350	37,350	74,700	139,700	418,150	
2030	185,000	48,280	48,280	281,560	65,000	36,294	36,294	72,588	137,588	419,148	
2031	195,000	44,638	44,638	284,275	65,000	35,238	35,238	70,475	135,475	419,750	
2032	200,000	40,798	40,798	281,595	70,000	34,181	34,181	68,363	138,363	419,958	
2033	205,000	36,859	36,859	278,718	75,000	32,956	32,956	65,913	140,913	419,630	
2034	215,000	32,821	32,821	280,643	75,000	31,644	31,644	63,288	138,288	418,930	
2035	205,000	28,586	28,586	262,173	100,000	30,331	30,331	60,663	160,663	422,835	
2036	200,000	24,875	24,875	249,750	115,000	28,581	28,581	57,163	172,163	421,913	
2037	200,000	21,375	21,375	242,750	125,000	26,569	26,569	53,138	178,138	420,888	
2038	225,000	17,625	17,625	260,250	115,000	24,303	24,303	48,606	163,606	423,856	
2039	225,000	13,406	13,406	251,813	125,000	22,219	22,219	44,438	169,438	421,250	
2040	240,000	9,188	9,188	258,375	125,000	19,875	19,875	39,750	164,750	423,125	
2041	250,000	4,688	4,688	259,375	130,000	17,531	17,531	35,063	165,063	424,438	
2042	-	-	-	-	395,000	15,094	15,094	30,188	425,188	425,188	
2043		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		410,000	7,688	7,688	15,375	425,375	425,375	
	\$ 4,130,000	\$ 1,053,644	\$ 1,053,644	\$ 6,237,289	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 827,170	\$ 835,928	\$ 1,663,098	\$ 4,263,098	\$ 10,500,387	

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Unaudited)

## Assessed Value - Table 4

2017 Certified Assessed Valuation 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018		\$ 64,222,734 <sup>(a)</sup> 79,085,371 <sup>(b)</sup> 84,156,900 <sup>(c)</sup>
Gross Debt Outstanding (after issuance of the Bonds)		\$ 6,835,000 <sup>(d)</sup>
Ratio of Gross Debt to 2017 Certified Assessed Valuation Ratio of Gross Debt to 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation Ratio of Gross Debt to Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018		10.64% 8.64% 8.12%
2018 Tax Rate		
Debt Service	\$ 0.3225	
Maintenance	0.5775	
Total 2018 Tax Rate		\$ 0.9000 <sup>(e)</sup>
Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 5, 2018)		\$ 297,113 <sup>(f)</sup>

Area of District: 282.37 acres Estimated Population as of June 1, 2018: 1,029 (f)

# **Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued - Table 5**

Date of			Issued to	
Authorization	Purpose	Authorized	Date	Unissued
11/7/2006	Water, Wastewater and Drainage	\$ 30,500,000	\$ 7,180,000 (a)	\$ 23,320,000
11/7/2006	Refunding <sup>(b)</sup>	45,750,000	2,845,000	42,905,000
11/7/2006	Parks and Recreation Facilities	1,915,000		1,915,000
Total		\$ 78,165,000	\$ 10,025,000	\$ 68,140,000

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the Bonds.

<sup>(</sup>a) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2017, as provided by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>b) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2018, as provided by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>c) The estimated assessed valuation as of May 15, 2018, as provided by WCAD, is included solely for purposes of illustration.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes the Bonds.

<sup>(</sup>e) The District levied a 2018 tax rate of \$0.90 at its meeting in September 2018. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<sup>(</sup>f) Unaudited as of September 5, 2018. Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months' capitalized interest (\$200,864) included in the Bond proceeds to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund upon closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the debt service fund.

<sup>(</sup>g) Based upon 3.5 residents per completed and occupied single family home.

<sup>(</sup>b) The proposition approved by the voters authorized the District to issue refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed one and one-half times the par amount of bonds issued assuming that the total amount of bonds authorized by the voters will be issued.

#### **Outstanding Bonds - Table 6**

Dated Date	Purpose	Original Purpose Series			Principal Amount Outstanding after the Issuance of the Bonds		
A. New Mo	ney Bonds						
09/01/09	Water, Wastewater and Drainage	2009	\$ 2,000,000	\$	-		
01/01/11	Water, Wastewater and Drainage	2011	1,000,000		-		
12/07/16	Water, Wastewater and Drainage	2016	1,580,000		1,575,000		
10/03/18	Water, Wastewater and Drainage	2018	2,600,000		2,600,000 <sup>(a)</sup>		
	Subtotal		\$ 7,180,000	\$	4,175,000		
B. Refundir	ng Bonds						
8/1/2015	Refunding	2015	\$ 2,845,000	\$	2,660,000		
	Subtotal		\$ 2,845,000	\$	2,660,000		
	Total		\$ 10,025,000	\$	6,835,000		

<sup>(</sup>a) The Bonds.

#### Cash and Investment Balances - Table 7(a)

General Fund	\$ 921,200
Debt Service Fund	297,113 <sup>(b)</sup>
Capital Projects Fund	73,050

<sup>(</sup>a) Unaudited as of September 5, 2018.

#### **Investment Authority and Investment Practices of the District**

Under Texas law, the District is authorized to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including letters of credit; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which is guaranteed or insured by or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; (5) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel; (7) certificates of deposit and share certificates meeting the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, as amended) (the "PFIA") (i) that are issued by or through an institution that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, or are secured as to principal by obligations described in clauses (1) through (6) or in any other manner and amount provided by law for District deposits; or (ii) that are invested by the District through a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in the State of Texas and otherwise meets the requirements of the PFIA; (8) fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date, are fully secured by obligations described in clause (1), and are placed through a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas; (9) certain bankers' acceptances with the remaining term of 270 days or less, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank or its parent are rated at least A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency; (10) commercial paper with a stated maturity of 270 days or less that is rated at least A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by either (a) two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or (b) one

<sup>(</sup>b) Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest (\$200,864) to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund from proceeds of the Bonds at closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the Debt Service Fund.

nationally recognized credit rating agency if the paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a U.S. or state bank; (11) no-load money market mutual funds registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission that have a dollar weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less and include in their investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1 for each share; and (12) no-load mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, invest exclusively in obligations described in the this paragraph, and are continuously rated as to investment quality by at least one nationally recognized investment rating firm of not less than AAA or its equivalent. In addition, bond proceeds may be invested in guaranteed investment contracts that have a defined termination date and are secured by obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities in an amount at least equal to the amount of bond proceeds invested under such contract, other than the prohibited obligations described below.

A political subdivision such as the District may enter into securities lending programs if (i) the securities loaned under the program are 100% collateralized, a loan made under the program allows for termination at any time and a loan made under the program is either secured by (a) obligations that are described in clauses (1) through (6) above, (b) irrevocable letters of credit issued by a state or national bank that is continuously rated by a nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than A or its equivalent or (c) cash invested in obligations described in clauses (1) through (6) above, clauses (10) through (12) above, or an authorized investment pool; (ii) securities held as collateral under a loan are pledged to the District, held in the District's name and deposited at the time the investment is made with the District or a third party designated by the District; (iii) a loan made under the program is placed through either a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas; and (iv) the agreement to lend securities has a term of one year or less.

The District may invest in such obligations directly or through government investment pools that invest solely in such obligations provided that the pools are rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The District may also contract with an investment management firm registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control for a term up to two years, but the District retains ultimate responsibility as fiduciary of its assets. In order to renew or extend such a contract, the District must do so by order, ordinance, or resolution.

The District is specifically prohibited from investing in: (1) obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal; (2) obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security and bears no interest; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity of greater than 10 years; and (4) collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management; and that include a list of authorized investments for District funds, the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, the maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund, groups methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds, a requirement for settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis, and procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments consistent with the PFIA. All District funds must be invested consistent with a formally adopted "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment. Each Investment Strategy Statement will describe its objectives concerning: (1) suitability of investment type, (2) preservation and safety of principal, (3) liquidity, (4) marketability of each investment, (5) diversification of the portfolio, and (6) yield.

Under Texas law, the District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." At least quarterly the District's investment officers must submit an investment report to the Board of Directors detailing: (1) the investment position of the District, (2) that all investment officers jointly prepared and signed the report, (3) the beginning market value, and any additions and changes to market value and the ending value of each pooled fund group, (4) the book value and market value of each separately listed asset at the beginning and end of the reporting period, (5) the maturity date of each separately invested asset, (6) the account or fund or pooled fund group for which each individual investment was acquired, and (7) the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to: (a) adopted investment strategies and (b) Texas law. No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Under Texas law, the District is additionally required to: (1) annually review its adopted policies and strategies, (2) require any investment officers with personal business relationships or family relationships with firms seeking to sell securities to the District to disclose the relationship and file a statement with the Texas Ethics Commission and the District, (3) require the registered principal of firms seeking to sell securities to the District to: (a) receive and review the District's investment policy, (b) acknowledge that reasonable controls and procedures have been implemented to preclude imprudent investment activities, and (c) deliver a written statement attesting to these requirements; (4) in conjunction with its annual financial audit, perform a compliance audit of the management controls on investments and adherence to the District's investment policy, (5) restrict reverse repurchase agreements to

not more than 90 days and restrict the investment of reverse repurchase agreement funds to no greater than the term of the reverse repurchase agreement, (6) restrict the investment in non-money market mutual funds in the aggregate to no more than 15% of the District's monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds and reserves and other funds held for debt service and (7) require local government investment pools to conform to the new disclosure, rating, net asset value, yield calculation, and advisory board requirements.

#### **Current Investments - Table 8**

The District, as of September 5, 2018, was invested in Money Market accounts. This investment portfolio is generally representative of the District's investment practices. GASB Statement No. 3 requires the District to assign risk categories for its investment, except those in which securities are not used as evidence of the investment. State law requires the District to mark its investments to market price each calendar quarter and upon the conclusion of each fiscal year, for the purpose of compliance with applicable accounting policies concerning the contents of the District's audited financial statements.

	Investment				
	Value as of				
	Sept	tember 5, 2018			
Cash	\$	19,075			
Money Market		1,272,289			
<b>Total Investments</b>	\$	1,291,364			

#### **Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement**

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from several sources, including information contained in "Texas Municipal Reports," published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance and/or general purposes is not included in these figures.

		Total Tax Sup	ported Debt	% of Overlapping	Amount of Overlapping
Taxing Body		Amount	As of	Net Debt	Net Debt
Williamson County	\$	878,234,942	8/31/2018	0.150%	\$ 1,317,352
Williamson County ESD No. 4		(a)	8/31/2018	0.000%	-
Williamson County FM/RD		(a)	8/31/2018	0.000%	-
Liberty Hill Independent School District		141,029,063	8/31/2018	4.840%	6,825,807
TOTAL ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING NET DEBT					
The District (b)	\$	6,730,000	10/3/2018	100.00%	\$ 6,730,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT					
Ratio of Estimated and Overlapping Debt to 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation					
Ratio of Estimated Overlapping Debt &	Direc	t Debt to Estimat	ed Assessed Valuat	ion as of May 15, 2018	17.67%

<sup>(</sup>a) Taxing jurisdiction with no outstanding debt.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes the Bonds.

#### **Overlapping Taxes for 2017**

2017 Tax Rate Per							
	\$100 Assessed Valuation Average Tax Bi						
Overlapping Entity		Travis County	Travis	County			
Williamson County	\$	0.426529	\$	956			
Williams on County ESD No. 4		0.098250		220			
Williamson County FM/RD		0.040000		90			
Liberty Hill Independent School District		1.540000		3,450			
The District		0.901500		2,020			
Total	\$	3.006279	\$	6,735			

<sup>(</sup>a) Based upon the 2017 average taxable single-family home value of \$224,040, as provided by WCAD. The District's 2018 average taxable single-family value is \$237,695, as provided by WCAD. The District levied a total 2018 tax rate of \$0.90 in September 2018. The overlapping jurisdictions are currently in the process of levying their 2018 tax rates.

#### TAX DATA

#### Classification of Assessed Valuation - Table 9

	2018 <sup>(a)</sup>		2017(8	1)	2016 <sup>(b)</sup>	
Type Property	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Residence (Single Family)	\$ 69,289,982	87.61%	\$ 59,481,774	92.62%	\$ 54,110,571	91.13%
Residential Inventory	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Vacant Lot	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Acreage	4,514,580	5.71%	5,468,937	8.52%	5,482,515	9.23%
Tangible Personal Business	18,677	0.02%	463,336	0.72%	4,496	0.01%
Real Inventory	7,746,189	9.79%	735,048	1.14%	1,417,933	2.39%
Exempt Property	11,202,760	14.17%	11,151,076	17.36%	11,151,076	18.78%
Less: Adjustments	(13,686,817)	<u>-17.31%</u>	(13,077,437)	-20.36%	(12,786,133)	-21.53%
Total	\$ 79,085,371	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 64,222,734	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 59,380,458	<u>100.00</u> %

<sup>(</sup>a) Provided by WCAD.

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<sup>(</sup>b) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value at September 30<sup>th</sup> of each respective year as included in the audited financial statement.

#### **Tax Collections - Table 10**

The following statement of tax collections sets forth in condensed form the historical tax collection experience of the District. Such summary has been prepared by the Financial Advisor for inclusion herein based upon information from District audits and records of the District's Tax Assessor/Collector. Reference is made to such audits and records for further and more complete information.

	Assessed	Tax		Curr	ent	Tot	tal	Year
Year	Valuation <sup>(a)</sup>	Rate	Tax Levy	Amount	%	Amount	%	Ending
2007	\$14,910,813	\$ 1.0000	\$ 149,621	\$ 149,108	99.66%	\$ 149,621	100.00%	9/30/2008 <sup>(b)</sup>
2008	19,214,672	1.0000	192,147	191,895	99.87%	192,147	100.00%	9/30/2009 (b)
2009	21,326,764	0.9500	202,652	200,180	98.78% <sup>(c)</sup>	202,652	100.00%	9/30/2010 (b)
2010	26,601,890	0.9500	246,999	246,999	100.00%	246,999	100.00%	9/30/2011 <sup>(b)</sup>
2011	29,915,490	0.9500	284,219	218,128	76.75% <sup>(c)</sup>	284,219	100.00%	9/30/2012 (b)
2012	33,551,176	0.9500	318,595	283,643	89.03% <sup>(c)</sup>	318,595	100.00%	9/30/2013 <sup>(b)</sup>
2013	34,935,787	0.9500	369,920	363,043	98.14% <sup>(c)</sup>	369,920	100.00%	9/30/2014 <sup>(b)</sup>
2014	40,738,485	0.9182	411,183	371,460	90.34% <sup>(c)</sup>	411,183	100.00%	9/30/2015 <sup>(b)</sup>
2015	56,506,339	0.9015	511,477	511,430	99.99% <sup>(c</sup>	511,477	100.00%	9/30/2106 <sup>(b)</sup>
2016	59,380,458	0.9015	564,568	561,641	99.48%	563,687	99.84%	9/30/2017 <sup>(b)</sup>
2017	64,222,734	0.9015	578,983	576,388	99.55%	576,388	99.55%	9/30/2018 <sup>(d)</sup>
2018	79,085,371	0.9000	711,768		In Process of	of Collection		9/30/2019 <sup>(e)</sup>

- (a) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value at September 30th as included in the audited financial statement.
- (b) Audited.
- (c) Current collections for tax years 2009 and 2011 through 2015 reflect non-payment of taxes by the District's former developer. All outstanding taxes due by the District's former developer and the associated penalties were paid on September 1, 2016 in connection with the Developer's purchase of the former developer's interest in the District. See "THE DISTRICT Historical and Current Status of Development."
- (d) Unaudited. Reflects tax collections through July 31, 2018.
- (e) Taxes are due with no penalty by January 31, 2019.

#### **District Tax Rates - Table 11**

	Tax Rates per \$100 Assessed Valuaton										
	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Debt Service	\$ 0.3225	\$	0.3930	\$	0.3150	\$	0.4010	\$	0.5246	\$	0.5600
Maintenance	 0.5775		0.5085		0.5865		0.5005		0.3936		0.3900
Total	\$ 0.9000	\$	0.9015	\$	0.9015	\$	0.9015	\$	0.9182	\$	0.9500

#### **Tax Rate Limitation**

The District's tax rate for debt service on the Bonds is legally unlimited as to rate and amount.

#### **Maintenance Tax**

The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for planning, maintaining, repairing and operating the District's improvements, if such maintenance tax is authorized by a vote of the District's electors. Such tax is in addition to taxes that the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds, and any tax bonds that may be issued in the future. At an election held on November 7, 2006, voters within the District authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.00/\$100 assessed valuation. As shown above under "District Tax Rates," the District levied a 2018 maintenance and operation tax of \$0.5775/\$100 assessed valuation. See "THE DISTRICT – General."

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#### **Principal Taxpayers - Table 12**

The following list of principal taxpayers was provided by WCAD based on the 2018, 2017 and 2016 tax rolls of the District, which reflect ownership as of January 1 of each year shown.

Name	Type of Property	2018 <sup>(a)</sup>	2017 <sup>(b)</sup>	2016 <sup>(b)</sup>
RSI Stonewall LLC	Land & Improvements	\$ 9,463,767	\$ 5,438,544	(c)
Pulte Homes of Texas LP	Land & Improvements	802,380	(c)	(c)
Individual Homeowners (d)	Land & Improvements	3,353,456	2,802,167	3,076,713
RSI Communities - Texas LLC	Land & Improvements	(c)	735,048	(c)
Captex Properties LLC	Land & Improvements	(c)	341,487	(c)
Lennar Buffington Stonewall Ranch, L.P.	Land & Improvements	(c)	(c)	5,467,317
PH SPMSL LP	Land & Improvements	(c)	(c)	652,392
Total		\$13,619,603	\$ 9,317,246	\$ 9,196,422
Percent of Assessed Valuation		17.22%	14.51%	15.49%

<sup>(</sup>a) Provided by WCAD.

#### **Tax Adequacy for Debt Service**

The calculations shown below assume, solely for purposes of illustration, no increase or decrease in assessed valuation from the 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation and the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018, and utilize tax rates adequate to service the District's total debt service requirements, including the Bonds. No available debt service funds are reflected in these computations. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Impact on District Tax Rates."

Average Requirement on the Bonds (2019 through 2043)	\$420,015
\$0.56 Tax Rate on 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation of \$79,085,371 @ 95% collections produces	\$420,734
\$0.53 Tax Rate on Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018 of \$84,156,900 @ 95% collections produces	\$423,730
Maximum Requirement on the Bonds (2043)	\$425,375
\$0.57 Tax Rate on 2018 Certified Assessed Valuation of \$79,085,371 @ 95% collections produces	\$428,247
\$0.54 Tax Rate on Estimated Assessed Valuation as of May 15, 2018 of \$84,156,900 @ 95% collections produces	\$431,725

<sup>(</sup>b) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value at September 30th as included in the audited financial statement.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not a principal taxpayer during the fiscal year.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes the total assessed taxable value of four (4) individual homeowners within the District.

#### **Debt Service Fund Management Index**

Debt Service Requirements for year ending 12/31/19	\$413,343 (a)
Unaudited Debt Service Fund Balance as of 9/5/18297,113 <sup>(b)</sup>	
Capitalized Interest included in Bond proceeds	
2018 Tax Levy @ 95% collections produces	
Total Available for Debt Service	\$740,275
Projected Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$326,932

- (a) Interest requirements on the Bonds begin March 1, 2019.
- (b) Unaudited as of September 5, 2018. Represents debt service fund balance after all 2018 debt service requirements have been paid.
- (c) Represents approximately two years of capitalized interest to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund from proceeds of the Bonds at closing.
- (d) The District levied a 2018 debt service tax rate of \$0.3225.

#### TAXING PROCEDURES

#### **Authority to Levy Taxes**

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, its other remaining outstanding bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Future Debt") and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year-to-year as described more fully herein under "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment." Under Texas law, the Board is also authorized to levy and collect an ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and its water and wastewater system and for the payment of certain contractual obligations, if authorized by its voters. See "TAX DATA – Maintenance Tax."

#### **Property Tax Code and County Wide Appraisal District**

The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. WCAD has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Williamson County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Williamson Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board").

#### **Property Subject to Taxation by the District**

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District; however, no effort is expected to be made by WCAD to include on a tax roll tangible or intangible personal property not devoted to commercial or industrial use. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; income producing tangible personal property or mineral interest with a taxable value of less than \$500; certain property used for the control of air, water or land pollution; solar and wind powered energy devices; certain non-profit cemeteries, farm products owned by the producer; and certain property owned by qualified charitable, religious, veterans, youth development, fraternal organizations, designated historical sites, travel trailers, and most individually owned automobiles. Goods, wares, ores and merchandise (other than oil, gas, or petroleum products) that are acquired in or imported into the state and forwarded out of state within 175 days thereafter are also exempt. Article VIII, Section 1-a of the Texas Constitution grants a \$3,000 homestead exemption for all homesteads taxed by counties for farm-to-market roads and flood control purposes. Property owned by a disabled veteran or by the spouse of certain children of a deceased disabled veteran or a veteran who died while on active duty is partially exempt to between \$5,000 and \$12,000 of assessed value depending upon the disability rating of the veteran. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse or a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. The surviving spouse of a member of the armed services who was killed in action is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead where certain condition are met and,

subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. Also partially exempt are residence homesteads of certain persons who are disabled or at least 65 years old, not less than \$3,000 of appraised value or such higher amount as the Board or the District's voters may approve. Subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a person 65 or older is entitled to an exemption for the same property in an amount equal to that which the deceased spouse wad qualified. The District's tax assessor is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax-supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemptions by the District. The District's tax assessor/collector is authorized by statute to disregard such exemptions for the elderly and disabled if granting the exemptions would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemptions by the District.

**Residential Homestead Exemptions:** The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation if the exemption is adopted by the governing body of the political subdivision before July 1. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The District has never adopted a general homestead exemption.

**Tax Abatement:** Williamson County and the District may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of real property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by the applicable taxing jurisdiction for a period of up to ten years, all or any part of the increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with a comprehensive plan. To date, the District has not executed any abatement agreements.

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: Article VIII, Section 1-j of the Texas Constitution provides for an exemption from ad valorem taxation for "freeport property," which is defined as goods detained in the state for 175 days or less for the purpose of assembly, storage, manufacturing, processing or fabrication. Taxing units that took action prior to April 1, 1990 may continue to tax freeport property and decisions to continue to tax freeport property may be reversed in the future. However, decisions to exempt freeport property are not subject to reversal. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2011 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption is limited to tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only is such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. The exemption excludes oil, natural gas, petroleum products, aircraft and special inventory, including motor vehicle, vessel and outboard motor, heavy equipment and manufactured housing inventory. After holding a public hearing, a taxing unit may take action by January 1 of the year preceding a tax year to tax goods-in- transit during the following tax year. A taxpayer may obtain only a freeport exemption or a goods-in-transit exemption for items of personal property. Freeport goods are exempt from taxation by the District. The District has elected to tax goods-in-transit.

**Agricultural Waiver:** Much of the undeveloped acreage within the District is subject to an agricultural exemption, however, the Developer executed an agreement, which was recorded in the real property records of Williamson County, and which contains covenants running with the land, waiving the right to have certain land located within the District classified as agricultural, open-space or timberland. In addition, the Developer has waived the right to have the lots and houses (if any) classified as business inventory. Such agreements may not be modified without the approval of the TCEQ and are binding on purchasers of such land from the Developer.

#### Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by WCAD at one hundred percent (100%) of market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and formally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price that such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the

agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions while claiming it as to another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years for agricultural use and taxes for the previous five years for open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires WCAD to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in WCAD at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by WCAD or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as WCAD chooses formally to include such values on its appraisal roll.

#### **District and Taxpayer Remedies**

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District), may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against WCAD to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

#### **Levy and Collection of Taxes**

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer the collection functions to another governmental entity. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board based upon the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to fifteen percent (15%) if imposed by the District. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances.

The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

#### Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

The qualified voters of the District have the right to petition for a rollback of the District's operation and maintenance tax rate only if the total tax bill on the average residence homestead increases by more than eight percent (8%). If a rollback election is called and passes, the rollback tax rate is the current year's debt service and contract tax rates plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate. Thus, debt service and contract tax rates cannot be changed by a rollback election.

#### District's Rights In The Event Of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property on January 1 of the year for which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State of Texas and each local taxing unit, including the District, having power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units.

See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Overlapping Taxes for 2017". A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights (a taxpayer may redeem property within two years after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records) or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - General - Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies."

#### **Effect of FIRREA on Tax Collections**

The "Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989" ("FIRREA") contains provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution. Under FIRREA, real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary lien shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real property taxes when due and (iii) notwithstanding the failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

To the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property owned by the FDIC in the District, and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

#### LEGAL MATTERS

#### **Legal Opinions**

Issuance of the Bonds is subject to the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied by the District, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. Issuance of the Bonds is also subject to the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. ("Bond Counsel"), based upon examination of a transcript of the proceedings incident to authorization and issuance of the Bonds, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity. Bond Counsel's legal opinion will also address the matters described below under "TAX MATTERS." Such opinions will express no opinion with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, Bond Counsel has been engaged by, and only represents, the District.

The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based upon a percentage of Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered, and therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

#### **No-Litigation Certificate**

The District will furnish to the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the Date of Initial Delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is then pending or threatened, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the issuance, execution or delivery of the

Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds.

#### No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District from that set forth or contemplated in the Official Statement.

#### TAX MATTERS

#### **Opinion**

On the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, Bond Counsel to the District will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof ("Existing Law") (1) interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (2) the Bonds will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. See "APPENDIX B -Form of Bond Counsel Opinion."

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) the District's federal tax certificate, and (b) covenants of the District relating to arbitrage and the application of the proceeds of the Bonds and the property financed or refinanced therewith. Failure by the District to comply with these representations or covenants could cause the interest on the Bonds to become included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for the interest on the Bonds to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included to gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the District with the covenants and requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. Existing Law is subject to change by Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury.

There can be no assurance that such Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service by the District with respect to the Bonds or the property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds. Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgement based upon its review of Existing Law and the representations of the District that it deems relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. No assurances can be given as to whether the Internal Revenue Service will commence an audit of the Bonds, or as to whether the Internal Revenue Service would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an Internal Revenue Service audit is commenced, under current procedures the Internal Revenue Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

#### Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Bonds is less than the principal amount thereof (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds"). The difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Bond would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the Bonds less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year.

Under Existing Law, any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond in the initial public offering is entitled to exclude from gross income (defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the accrual period. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Original Issue Discount Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds.

#### **Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences**

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions accumulated, all of which are subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM RECENTLY ENACTED LEGISLATION OR FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Under Section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation.

Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Bonds, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

#### State, Local and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

#### **Information Reporting and Backup Withholding**

Subject to certain exceptions, information reports describing interest income, including original issue discount, with respect to the Bonds will be sent to each registered holder and to the IRS. Payments of interest and principal may be subject to backup withholding under section 3406 of the Code if a recipient of the payments fails to furnish to the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), furnishes an incorrect TIN, or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from the backup withholding tax. Any amounts so withheld would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. Special rules apply to partnerships, estates and trusts, and in certain circumstances, and in respect of Non-U.S. Holders, certifications as to foreign status and other matters may be required to be provided by partners and beneficiaries thereof.

#### **Future and Proposed Legislation**

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

#### **Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions**

Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible in determining the taxpayer's taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer that is a "financial institution" allocable to tax-exempt obligation, other than "private activity bonds," that are designated by a "qualified small issuer" as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any "on-behalf of" and "subordinate" issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year. Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as any "bank" described in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business that is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution. Notwithstanding the exception to the disallowance of the deduction of interest on indebtedness related to "qualified tax-exempt obligations" provided by Section 265(b) of the Code, Section 291 of the Code provides that the allowable deduction to a "bank," as defined in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase "qualified tax-exempt obligations" shall be reduced by twenty-percent (20%) as a "financial institution preference item."

The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the District has covenanted to take such action that would assure, or to refrain from such action that would adversely affect, the treatment of the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that if the issue price to the public exceeds \$10,000,000, there is a reasonable basis to conclude that the payment of a de minimis amount of premium in excess of \$10,000,000 is disregarded; however, the Internal Revenue Service could take a contrary view. If the Internal Revenue Service takes the position that the amount of such premium is not disregarded, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the Bonds would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the registered and beneficial owners. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). This information will be available free of charge by the MSRB via the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system at www.emma.msrb.org.

#### **Annual Reports**

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB annually. The information to be updated includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the District of the general type included in this Official Statement under Tables 1 through 12 and in Appendix A, if such audited financial statements as provided in Appendix A are then available. The District will update and provide this information within six (6) months after the end of each fiscal year. The District will provide the updated information to the MSRB.

The District may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The updated information will include audited financial statements, if completed by

the required time. If audited financial statements are not available within twelve months after any such fiscal year end, the District will file unaudited financial statements within such twelve-month (12) period and file audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in Appendix A or such other accounting principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The District's current fiscal year end is September 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by March 31 of each year unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

#### **Notice of Certain Events**

The District will provide notice to the MSRB of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if such event is material within the meaning of the federal securities laws: (i) non-payment related defaults; (ii) modifications to rights of Bondholders; (iii) Bond calls; (iv) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds; (v) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms; and (vi) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee.

The District will also provide notice to the MSRB of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds without regard to whether such event is considered material within the meaning of the federal securities laws: (i) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (ii) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (iii) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (iv) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (v) adverse tax opinions or the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701–TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, or other events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (vi) tender offers; (vii) defeasances; (viii) rating changes; and (ix) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District (which is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the District in a proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District).

The District will provide notice of the aforementioned events to the MSRB in a timely manner (but not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event). The District will also provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide annual financial information in accordance with their agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

#### Availability of Information from the MSRB

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to the MSRB. All documents provided by the District to the MSRB described above under "Annual Reports" and "Notice of Certain Events" will be in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

The address of the MSRB is 1900 Duke Street, Suite 600, Alexandria, VA 22314, and its telephone number is (703) 797-6600.

#### **Limitations and Amendments**

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of certain events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although registered owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure from time to time to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, but only if (i) the provisions, as so amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule since such offering as well as such changed circumstances and (ii) either (a) the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or any greater amount required by

any other provision of this Order that authorizes such an amendment) of the outstanding Bonds consent to such amendment or (b) a person that is unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determined that such amendment will not materially impair the interest of the Holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the provisions of this continuing disclosure agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provision of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent an underwriter or purchaser from lawfully purchasing or selling Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds.

#### FINANCIAL ADVISOR

The Official Statement was compiled and edited under the supervision of Public Finance Group LLC (the "Financial Advisor"), which firm was employed in 2014 as Financial Advisor to the District. The fees paid to the Financial Advisor for services rendered in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered, and therefore such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

#### OFFICIAL STATEMENT

#### **Preparation**

The District has no employees but engages various professionals and consultants to assist the District in the day-to-day activities of the District. See "THE DISTRICT." The Board of Directors in its official capacity has relied upon the below mentioned experts and sources in preparation of this Official Statement. The information in this Official Statement was compiled and edited by the Financial Advisor. In addition to compiling and editing such information, the Financial Advisor has obtained the information set forth herein under the captions indicated from the following sources:

"THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM" – Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc. ("Engineer"); "THE DEVELOPER" – RSI Stonewall LLC; "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized But Unissued" - Records of the District, "FINANCIAL STATEMENT" – Williamson Central Appraisal District; "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement" - Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and Financial Advisor; "TAX DATA" and "THE SYSTEM - Water and Wastewater Operations" - Records; "THE DISTRICT - Management of the District" - District Directors; "DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS" - Financial Advisor; "THE BONDS" (except "Payment Record"), "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAX MATTERS," and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" - McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P.

#### Consultants

In approving this Official Statement, the District has relied upon the following consultants in addition to the Financial Advisor.

The Engineer: The information contained in the Official Statement relating to engineering matters and to the description of the System and, in particular, that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM," has been provided by the Engineer, and has been included in reliance upon the authority of said firm in the field of civil engineering.

Auditor: The District's financial statements for fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 were audited by Maxwell, Locke & Ritter LLP, Certified Public Accountants, and excerpts of the District's Audited Financial Statements as of September 30, 2017 have been included as Appendix A in reliance upon such firm's authority in the field of accounting.

#### **Updating the Official Statement during Underwriting Period**

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide an Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to the Rule (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds as described in the Notice of Sale under the heading "DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS - Delivery." The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers on or before such date, in which case the obligation to update or change the Official Statement will extend for an additional period of time of 25 days after all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides

written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

#### **Certification as to Official Statement**

The District, acting by and through its Board of Directors in its official capacity in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, description and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. Except as set forth in "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" herein, the District has no obligation to disclose any changes in the affairs of the District and other matters described in this Official Statement subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" which shall end when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser at closing, unless extended by the Initial Purchaser. All information with respect to the resale of the Bonds subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

#### **Annual Audits**

Under Texas Law, the District must keep its fiscal records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It must also have its financial accounts and records audited by a certified or permitted public accountant within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year of the District, and must file each audit report with the TCEQ within 135 days after the close of the fiscal year so long as the District has bonds outstanding. Copies of each audit report must also be filed in the office of the District. The District's fiscal records and audit reports are available for public inspection during regular business hours, and the District is required by law to provide a copy of the District's audit reports to any Registered Owner or other member of the public within a reasonable time on request, upon payment of prescribed charges.

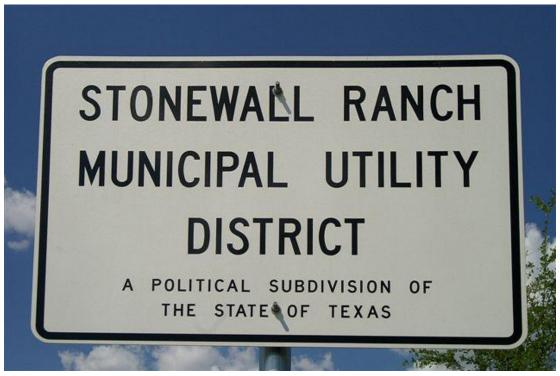
This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District, as of the date shown on the first page hereof.

/s/ Kareem T. Hajjar
President, Board of Directors
Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District

/s/ Stefan Pharis
Secretary, Board of Directors
Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District

#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**

The following photographs were taken in the District. The homes shown in the photographs are representative of the type of construction presently located within the District, and these photographs are presented solely to illustrate such construction. The District makes no representation that any additional construction such as that as illustrated in the following photographs will occur in the District. See "THE DISTRICT."









# APPENDIX A Audited Financial Statements

The information contained in this appendix has been excerpted from the audited financial statements of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information as of and for the Year Ended September 30, 2017 and Independent Auditors' Report



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# ANNUAL FILING AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS		
COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON		
I,(Name of Duly Authorize	ed District Represe	ntative)
of the STONEWALL RANCH MUNICIPAL U	JTILITY DISTRIC	<u>CT</u>
hereby swear, or affirm, that the District named Board of Directors of the District on the report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2 been filed in the District office, located at c/o N Building II, 901 S. Mopac Expressway Suite 22	_day of 2017 and that copic AcLean & Howard	, 20, its annual audit es of the annual audit report have , LLP, Barton Oaks Plaza,
The annual filing affidavit and the attached cop Commission on Environmental Quality in satist Section 49.194 of the Texas Water Code and to satisfaction of the annual filing requirements of Code.	faction of all annuate the Texas Compti	al filing requirements within roller of Public Accounts in
Date:, 20 By: _	(Signature of l	District Representative)
(Туре	ed Name and Title	of above District Representative)
Sworn to and subscribed to before me this	day of	, 20
	(Signa	ature of Notary)
(SEAL)		
	(Printed	Name of Notary)
My Commission Expires On: Notary Public in and for the State of Texas		



#### MAXWELL LOCKE & RITTER LLP

Accountants and Consultants
An Affiliate of CPAmerica International
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www.mlrpc.com

Austin: 401 Congress Avenue, Suite 1100
Austin, TX 78701

Round Rock: 411 West Main Street, Suite 300 Round Rock, TX 78664

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ") and other supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information required by the TCEQ listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information required by the TCEQ listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplemental information listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Austin, Texas

February 6, 2018

Maxwell Locke + Ritter LLP

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, the management of Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District") offers the following narrative on the financial performance of the District for the year ended September 30, 2017. Please read it in connection with the District's financial statements that follow.

For purposes of GASB Statement No. 34, the District is considered a special purpose government. This allows the District to present the required fund and government-wide statements in a single schedule. The requirement for fund financial statements that are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting is met with the "Total Governmental Funds" column. An adjustment column includes those entries needed to convert to the full accrual basis government-wide statements. Government-wide statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities by approximately \$74,000 as of September 30, 2017.
- For the 2017 fiscal year, the District levied an ad valorem tax of \$0.9015 on each \$100 of taxable property within the District. Property within the District was valued at approximately \$59.4 million, which resulted in a property tax levy of approximately \$565,000.

#### Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The District's reporting is comprised of two parts:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section)
- Basic Financial Statements
  - Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
  - Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
  - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund
  - Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Other supplementary information is also included.

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a column (titled "Total Governmental Funds") that represents a balance sheet prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those balances to a balance sheet that more closely reflects a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will indicate financial health.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a column (titled "Total Governmental Funds") that derives the change in fund balances resulting from current year revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources or uses. These amounts are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those activities to full accrual, a basis that more closely represents the income statement of a private-sector business.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison statement between the District's adopted budget to its actual results.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information presented in the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and other supplemental information are presented immediately following the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*.

#### **Comparative Financial Statements**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

	Governmental Activities							
		2017		2016	% Change			
Current assets Capital and intangible assets	\$	1,123,982 3,258,097	\$	1,263,300 1,745,820	(11.0%) 86.6%			
Total assets	\$	4,382,079	\$	3,009,120	45.6%			
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	70,801	\$	74,908	(5.5%)			
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	132,304 4,246,499	\$	130,762 2,719,672	1.2% 56.1%			
Total liabilities	\$	4,378,803	\$	2,850,434	53.6%			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	\$	(833,000) 299,106 607,971	\$	(877,827) 231,452 879,969	5.1% 29.2% (30.9%)			
Total net position	\$	74,077	\$	233,594	(68.3%)			

The District's total assets were approximately \$4.4 million as of September 30, 2017. Of this amount, approximately \$3.3 million is accounted for by capital and intangible assets. The District had outstanding liabilities of approximately \$4.4 million as of September 30, 2017, of which approximately \$4.2 million represents bonds payable.

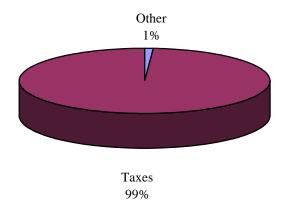
The District's assessed value for fiscal year 2017 (which is based on the 2016 tax levy) was approximately \$59.4 million compared to approximately \$56.5 million for fiscal year 2016. The tax rate is set after modeling revenue and expenses for the upcoming five year period. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

#### **Statement of Activities**

	Governmental Activities							
		2017		2016	% Change			
Property taxes, including penalties Interest		565,292 4,420	\$	534,386 3,466	5.8% 27.5%			
Total revenues		569,712		537,852	5.9%			
Service operations Debt service Capital outlay and amortization		185,619 339,528 204,082		76,064 121,869 40,238	144.0% 178.6% 407.2%			
Total expenses		729,229		238,171	206.2%			
Change in net position Beginning net position		(159,517) 233,594		299,681 (66,087)	(153.2%) 453.5%			
Ending net position	\$	74,077	\$	233,594	(68.3%)			

Operating revenues increased by approximately \$32,000 to approximately \$570,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Property taxes generated approximately \$566,000 and interest provided approximately \$4,400 in revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Total expenses increased approximately \$491,000 to approximately \$729,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Net position decreased by approximately \$160,000 to an ending balance of approximately \$74,000 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

#### **Sources of Revenue**



#### **Analysis of Governmental Funds**

	 2017	 2016	 2015		
Cash Receivables Prepaids	\$ 1,120,622 3,306 433	\$ 1,233,035 39,695 40,218	\$ 920,290 78,374 31,369		
Total assets	\$ 1,124,361	\$ 1,302,948	\$ 1,030,033		
Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$ 13,568 563	\$ 12,317 39,923	\$ 2,650 32,540		
Total liabilities	 14,131	 52,240	 35,190		
Deferred inflows of resources- property taxes	 2,927	 47_	 46,041		
Nonspendable	433	570	31,369		
Restricted	384,737	311,046	219,276		
Unassigned	 722,133	 939,045	 698,157		
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 1,107,303	 1,250,661	 948,802		
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,124,361	\$ 1,302,948	\$ 1,030,033		

The *General Fund* pays for daily operating expenditures. When comparing actual figures to the budget, revenues were more than budgeted by approximately \$25,000 due to more property taxes received and interest earned than budgeted. Expenditures were more than budgeted by approximately \$56,000 primarily due to higher than anticipated repairs and maintenance fees in the current fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's budgetary comparison is presented in the *Basic Financial Statements*.

The *Debt Service Fund* remitted bond principal of \$105,000 and interest of \$151,282 during the 2017 fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*.

The *Capital Projects Fund* purchases the District's infrastructure. During the fiscal year, the Capital Projects Fund had \$1,259,532 of capital outlay expenditures.

## Capital and Intangible Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity

#### **Capital Assets**

	2017		 2016
Land	\$	179,718	\$ 
Intangible Assets, net	t		
		2017	 2016
Water capacity charges Rights to receive service Accumulated amortization	\$	3,218,606 194,124 (334,351)	\$ 2,011,916 - (266,096)
Total	\$	3,078,379	\$ 1,745,820

More detailed information about the District's capital and intangible assets is presented in the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*.

#### **Long-Term Debt Activity**

	 2017	 2016
Total bonds outstanding Add: Developer advances	4,235,000 116,499	2,760,000 59,672
Total	\$ 4,351,499	\$ 2,819,672

At September 30, 2017, the District owes approximately \$4.2 million to bond holders. During the 2017 fiscal year, the principal balance was reduced by \$105,000. At September 30, 2017, the District owed approximately \$116,000 to the developer for advances used to fund operating activities.

# **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

For fiscal year 2018, the tax rate has been set at \$0.9015 per \$100 of assessed valuation with \$0.5085 for maintenance and operating expenditures and \$0.3930 for debt service expenditures. The adopted budget for fiscal year 2018 projects revenues of approximately \$322,000 and expenditures of approximately \$265,000 for the General Fund.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District c/o McLean & Howard, LLP, Barton Oaks Plaza, Building II, 901 S. Mopac Expressway Suite 225, Austin, Texas 78746.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS:	_			_				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	736,264	311,256	Ó	73,102	1,120,622	-	1,120,622
Taxes		1,904	1,023	2	_	2,927	_	2,927
Interfund		-	379		-	379	(379)	-
Prepaid items		433	-	-	-	433	-	433
Capital assets		-	-	-	-	-	179,718	179,718
Intangible assets, net of								
accumulated amortization		-			-		3,078,379	3,078,379
Total assets	\$	738,601	312,658	<u> </u>	73,102	1,124,361	3,257,718	4,382,079
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES-								
Deferred charges on bond refundings		-		<u> </u>	-		70,801	70,801
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	ф	720 601	Ф 212.650	,	Ф 72.102	Ф. 1.124.261	Ф. 2.220.510	Ф. 4.45 <b>2</b> .000
of resources	\$	738,601	\$ 312,658	<u> </u>	\$ 73,102	\$ 1,124,361	\$ 3,328,519	\$ 4,452,880
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	13,568	-	_	-	13,568	-	13,568
Accrued bond interest payable		-	-	-	-	-	13,552	13,552
Accrued expenses payable		184	-	-	-	184	-	184
Interfund payables		379	-	-	-	379	(379)	-
Long-term liabilities:							105.000	105 000
Due within one year  Due after one year		-	-	-	-	-	105,000 4,130,000	105,000 4,130,000
Due after one year  Developer advances		-	_		-	-	116,499	116,499
Total liabilities		14,131				14,131	4,364,672	4,378,803
		1.,101				11,151	.,50.,072	.,,,,,,,,,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES-								
Property taxes		1,904	1,023	₹	_	2,927	(2,927)	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,904	1,023			2,927	(2,927)	
	-	1,704	1,023			2,721	(2,721)	
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION: Fund balances: Nonspendable-								
Prepaid items		433	-	-	-	433	(433)	-
Restricted for: Debt service			311,635			211 625	(211 625)	
Capital projects		-	311,033	, -	73,102	311,635 73,102	(311,635) (73,102)	_
Unassigned		722,133	-		-	722,133	(722,133)	-
Total fund balances		722,566	311,635	5	73,102	1,107,303	(1,107,303)	_
Total liabilities deformed inflores					,			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	738,601	312,658	<u> </u>	73,102	1,124,361	•	
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets							(833,000)	(833,000)
Restricted for debt service							299,106	299,106
Unrestricted							607,971	607,971
Total net position							\$ 74,077	\$ 74,077

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Service operations:		(	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Activities
Audit fees         \$ 15,000         -         15,000         -         15,000           Legal fees         23,892         -         23,892         -         23,892           Utilities         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         90,389         -         9,389         -         9,389         -         9,389         -         90,389         -         80,389         -         18,017         -         18,017         -         1,000         -         10,000	<b>EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES:</b>							_
Legal fees	Service operations:							
Utilities         9,271         -         9,271         -         9,271         -         14,619         -         24,014         -         20,328         -         3,318         -         3,322         -         3,318         1,1792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         1,792         -         3,392 <td>Audit fees</td> <td>\$</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>15,000</td>	Audit fees	\$	15,000	-	-	15,000	-	15,000
Bookkeeping fees	Legal fees		23,892	-	-	23,892	-	23,892
Repairs and maintenance Director fees, including payroll taxes         5,329         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         90,389         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329         -         1,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         -         3,918         1,018         1,1792         -         1,1792         -         1,1792         -         1,1792         -         1,1792         -         1,1792         -         3,918         1,1792         -         3,918         1,1792         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         2,3392         -	Utilities		9,271	-	-	9,271	-	9,271
Director fees, including payroll taxes   5,329   -   5,329   -   5,329   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   3,918   -   1,792   -	Bookkeeping fees		14,619	-	-	14,619	-	14,619
payroll taxes         5,329         -         5,329         -         5,329           Tax appraisal/collection fees         3,918         -         -         3,918         -         1,792         -         1,8017         -         1,8017         -         18,017         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         -         1,600         -         6,00         -         6,00         -         -         <	Repairs and maintenance		90,389	-	-	90,389	-	90,389
Tax appraisal/collection fees         3,918         -         -         3,918         -         1,792         -         1,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         3,392         -         1,50,000         -         -         6,00         -         1,50,000         -         -         1,50,000 <t< td=""><td>Director fees, including</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Director fees, including							
Insurance	payroll taxes		5,329	_	-	5,329	-	5,329
Engineering fees         18,017         -         -         18,017         -         18,017         -         3,392         -         3,392           Other         3,265         76         51         3,392         -         3,392           Debt service:         3,265         76         51         3,392         -         3,392           Bond principal         -         105,000         -         105,000         (105,000)         -           Bond principal         -         151,282         -         151,282         (511)         150,771           Fiscal agent fees and other         -         200         400         600         -         600           Bond issuance costs         -         -         18,157         18,157         -         188,157           Capital outlay         400,000         -         1,259,532         (1,595,532         (1,523,705)         135,827           Amortization         -         -         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420	Tax appraisal/collection fees		3,918	-	-	3,918	-	3,918
Other         3,265         76         51         3,392         -         3,392           Debt service:         Bond principal         -         105,000         -         105,000         (105,000)         -           Bond interest         -         151,282         -         151,282         (511)         150,771           Fiscal agent fees and other         -         200         400         600         -         600           Bond issuance costs         -         -         188,157         188,157         -         188,157           Capital outlay         400,000         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,523,705)         135,827           Amortization         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         68,255           Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:           Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420	Insurance		1,792	-	-	1,792	-	1,792
Debt service:   Bond principal   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   105,000   (105,000)   -   105,000   -   1	Engineering fees		18,017	_	-	18,017	-	18,017
Bond principal         -         105,000         -         105,000         (105,000)         -           Bond interest         -         151,282         -         151,282         (511)         150,771           Fiscal agent fees and other         -         200         400         600         -         600           Bond issuance costs         -         -         188,157         188,157         -         188,157           Capital outlay         400,000         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,523,705)         135,827           Amortization         -         -         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:           Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-           Issuance of bonds         -         121,009 <td>Other</td> <td></td> <td>3,265</td> <td>76</td> <td>51</td> <td>3,392</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,392</td>	Other		3,265	76	51	3,392	-	3,392
Bond interest         -         151,282         -         151,282         (511)         150,771           Fiscal agent fees and other         -         200         400         600         -         600           Bond issuance costs         -         -         188,157         188,157         188,157         188,157           Capital outlay         400,000         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,523,705)         135,827           Amortization         -         -         -         -         68,255         68,255           Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:         Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES         UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358 <td>Debt service:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Debt service:							
Fiscal agent fees and other         -         200         400         600         -         600           Bond issuance costs         -         -         188,157         188,157         -         188,157           Capital outlay         400,000         -         1,259,532         1,659,532         (1,523,705)         133,827           Amortization         -         -         -         -         -         -         68,255         68,255           Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:         Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES         UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:         (217,049)         62,034	Bond principal		-	105,000	-	105,000	(105,000)	-
Bond issuance costs	Bond interest		-	151,282	-	151,282	(511)	150,771
Capital outlay Amortization         400,000	Fiscal agent fees and other		-	200	400	600	-	600
Amortization         -         -         -         -         68,255         68,255           Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:         Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES         UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-         Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:         Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,06	Bond issuance costs		_	_	188,157	188,157	_	188,157
Total expenditures / expenses         585,492         256,558         1,448,140         2,290,190         (1,560,961)         729,229           REVENUES:         Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES- Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION: Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Capital outlay		400,000	_	1,259,532	1,659,532	(1,523,705)	135,827
REVENUES:           Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         - 562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         - 4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-Issuance of bonds         - 121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:           Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Amortization			<u> </u>	_		68,255	68,255
Property taxes, including penalties         365,943         196,469         -         562,412         2,880         565,292           Interest         2,500         1,114         806         4,420         -         4,420           Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES           UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:           PUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:           Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Total expenditures / expenses		585,492	256,558	1,448,140	2,290,190	(1,560,961)	729,229
Total revenues   2,500   1,114   806   4,420   - 4,420     Total revenues   368,443   197,583   806   566,832   2,880   569,712     DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES   (217,049)   (58,975)   (1,447,334)   (1,723,358)   1,723,358   - 0     OTHER FINANCING SOURCES- Issuance of bonds   - 121,009   1,458,991   1,580,000   (1,580,000)   - 0     CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION   (217,049)   62,034   11,657   (143,358)   143,358   (159,517)     FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION: Beginning of the year   939,615   249,601   61,445   1,250,661   (1,017,067)   233,594	REVENUES:							
Total revenues         368,443         197,583         806         566,832         2,880         569,712           DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES- Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION: Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Property taxes, including penalties		365,943	196,469	-	562,412	2,880	565,292
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES- Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION: Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Interest		2,500	1,114	806	4,420		4,420
UNDER EXPENDITURES         (217,049)         (58,975)         (1,447,334)         (1,723,358)         1,723,358         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:           Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594	Total revenues		368,443	197,583	806	566,832	2,880	569,712
Issuance of bonds         -         121,009         1,458,991         1,580,000         (1,580,000)         -           CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:         893,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594			(217,049)	(58,975)	(1,447,334)	(1,723,358)	1,723,358	-
NET POSITION         (217,049)         62,034         11,657         (143,358)         143,358         (159,517)           FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:           Beginning of the year         939,615         249,601         61,445         1,250,661         (1,017,067)         233,594			<u> </u>	121,009	1,458,991	1,580,000	(1,580,000)	
Beginning of the year 939,615 249,601 61,445 1,250,661 (1,017,067) 233,594			(217,049)	62,034	11,657	(143,358)	143,358	(159,517)
End of the year \$ 722,566 311,635 73,102 1,107,303 (873,709) 74,077			939,615	249,601	61,445	1,250,661	(1,017,067)	233,594
	End of the year	\$	722,566	311,635	73,102	1,107,303	(873,709)	74,077

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
REVENUES:					
Property taxes, including penalties	\$	342,061	342,061	365,943	23,882
Interest		1,500	1,500	2,500	1,000
Total revenues		343,561	343,561	368,443	24,882
EXPENDITURES:					
Service operations:					
Audit fees		14,500	15,000	15,000	-
Legal fees		25,000	25,000	23,892	1,108
Utilities		14,000	14,000	9,271	4,729
Bookkeeping fees		15,000	15,000	14,619	381
Repairs and maintenance		25,000	25,000	90,389	(65,389)
Director fees, including					
payroll taxes		8,000	8,000	5,329	2,671
Tax appraisal/collection fees		5,000	5,000	3,918	1,082
Insurance		3,000	3,000	1,792	1,208
Engineering fees		6,000	12,000	18,017	(6,017)
Other		7,500	7,500	3,265	4,235
Capital outlay		-	400,000	400,000	
Total expenditures		123,000	529,500	585,492	(55,992)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		220,561	(185,939)	(217,049)	(31,110)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of the year		939,615	939,615	939,615	
End of the year	\$	1,160,176	753,676	722,566	(31,110)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Stonewall Ranch Municipal Utility District (the "District"), was created, organized and established on March 28, 2006, by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (formerly the Texas Water Commission) pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code. The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and operates under an elected Board of Directors ("the Board").

The reporting entity of the District encompasses those activities and functions over which the District's elected officials exercise significant oversight or control. The District is governed by a five member Board which has been elected by District residents or appointed by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

For purposes of GASB Statement No. 34, the District is considered a special purpose government. This allows the District to present the required fund and government-wide statements in a single schedule. The requirement for fund financial statements that are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting is met with the "Total Governmental Funds" column. An adjustment column includes those entries needed to convert to the full accrual basis government-wide statements. Government-wide statements are comprised of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses are offset by program revenues. Program revenues, if any, include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the District. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Amounts reported as program revenues, if any, include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include interest income. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund accounts for financial resources used for general operations. It is a budgeted fund, and any unassigned fund balance is considered resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund or the Capital Projects Fund. The budget is proposed by the District's accountant for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1, and is adopted on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

# Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Includes cash on deposit as well as money market funds.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items will be charged to expenditures when consumed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or estimated acquisition value at the date of donation if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

<u>Intangible Assets</u> - Intangible assets, which include water capacity charges and rights to receive service, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Intangible assets are defined by GASB Statement No. 51 as assets which lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or estimated fair value at the date of donation if donated. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated benefit periods of the assets, which is fifty years.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> - Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is an intent to repay that amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Operating transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures during the period incurred in both the fund and government-wide financial statements.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Property taxes, penalties, and interest are reported as revenue in the fiscal year in which they become available to finance expenditures of the District. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. See Note 10 for additional information on those fund balance classifications.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources*, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, *and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent the consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. See Note 7 for additional information on deferred outflows of resources.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. Management is evaluating the effects that the full implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 will have on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Governmental funds total fund balance	\$ 1,107,303
Capital and intangible assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets	179,718
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	3,078,379
Deferred tax revenue is not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, is deferred in the funds.	2,927
The following liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(4,235,000)
Less: Deferred charges on bond refundings	70,801
Developer advances	(116,499)
Accrued interest payable	 (13,552)
Total net position	\$ 74,077

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in governmental funds fund balance	\$ (143,358)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is	
allocated over their estimated useful lives as amortization expense.	
Capital outlay	1,580,532
Amortization - intangible assets	(68,255)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Change in deferred tax revenue	2,880
Bond proceeds and developer advances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal and developer advances are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Bond proceeds	(1,580,000)
Repayment of bond principal	105,000
Change in developer advance liability	(56,827)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in bond interest payable	4,618
Amortization of deferred charges on bond refundings	 (4,107)
Change in net position	\$ (159,517)

### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's deposits are required to be secured in a manner provided by law for the security of the funds. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2017, the District's bank deposits were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance or secured by collateral pledged by the depository.

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy. The District's deposits are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy, in order of priority are safety of principal, liquidity, return on investment, and standard of care.

The District is entitled to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States if the obligation is not:
  - An obligation whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal;
  - An obligation whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and bears no interest;
  - A collateralized mortgage obligation that has a stated final maturity date of greater than 10 years; and
  - A collateralized mortgage obligation the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.
- Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed
  or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United
  States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are
  fully guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or by the explicit full faith and credit of the
  United States;
- Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent;
- Certificates of deposit issued by a state or national bank domiciled in the same state or a savings and loan association domiciled in the same state and is guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or its successor or secured by obligations described above which have a market value at least equal to the deposit and are pledged to the District only and held by a third-party custodian;
- Fully insured certificates of deposit purchased from a broker or a bank that has its main office or a branch in the State of Texas and is selected from the list of qualified brokers approved in the District's investment policy. All investments in such brokered certificates of deposit shall be made on a delivery versus payment basis to the District's safekeeping agent, and the Investment Officer shall verify that the bank is fully insured with the FDIC prior to purchase. In the event that any bank from which the District has purchased a brokered certificate of deposit merges with, or is acquired by, another bank in which brokered certificates of deposit are owned by the District, the Investment Officer shall immediately contact the banks to liquidate any brokered certificate that exceeds FDIC insurance levels;
- An investment pool that meets the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act;
- Other investments authorized by law and approved by the Board by resolution or minute entry.

At September 30, 2017, the District held no investments.

### 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivables or interfund payables. The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
Debt Service	General	\$	379

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance September 2016	Additions	Retirements and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2017
Capital asset not being depreciated-				
Land	\$	 179,718		179,718
Total capital assets	\$	 179,718		179,718

### 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Se	Balance ptember 30,	Additions	Retirements and	Balance September 30,
Water capacity charges	\$	2,011,916	Additions 1,206,690	Transfers -	3,218,606
Rights to receive service		<u>-</u>	194,124		194,124
Total intangible assets		2,011,916	1,400,814	-	3,412,730
Less: accumulated amortization		(266,096)	(68,255)		(334,351)
Intangible assets, net	\$	1,745,820	(1,332,559)		3,078,379

#### 7. DEFERRED CHARGES ON BOND REFUNDING

The following is a summary of changes in deferred charges on bond refundings for the year ended September 30, 2017:

		Balance			Balance
	Sep	tember 30,			September 30,
	_	2016	Additions	Retirements	2017
Deferred charges on				 ·	
bond refundings	\$	74,908		 (4,107)	70,801

#### 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2017:

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2016	Additions/ Refundings	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2017
Bonds payable: Series 2015 Refunding	\$	2,760,000		(100,000)	2,660,000
Series 2016			1,580,000	(5,000)	1,575,000
Total	\$	2,760,000	1,580,000	(105,000)	4,235,000

Bonds payable at September 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Series	Description	Matures	Interest Rates	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2017		ue within one year
	Unlimited Tax						
2015	Refunding	2025	2.050/	ф	2 ((0 000	Ф	100.000
2015	Bonds	2035	3.95%	\$	2,660,000	\$	100,000
	Unlimited Tax						
2016	Bonds	2041	2.00-3.75%		1,575,000		5,000
	Total			\$	4,235,000	\$	105,000

The District's bonds are secured by and payable from a first lien and pledge of ad valorem taxes of the District.

On December 7, 2016, the District issued \$1,580,000 in Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 to reimburse the District's developer for construction and engineering costs, water capacity fees, wastewater impact fees, land acquisition costs, capitalize interest related to the bonds, pay interest on funds advanced by the developer on behalf of the District, and pay administrative costs and certain other costs related to the issuance of the bonds.

Debt service requirements to maturity for District's bonds are summarized as follows:

			Total
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Requirement
2018	105,000	162,626	267,626
2019	115,000	158,576	273,576
2020	120,000	154,131	274,131
2021	130,000	149,489	279,489
2022	135,000	144,451	279,451
2023-2027	740,000	640,775	1,380,775
2028-2032	925,000	481,023	1,406,023
2033-2037	1,025,000	289,034	1,314,034
2038-2041	940,000	89,813	1,029,813
Total	\$ 4,235,000	\$ 2,269,918	\$ 6,504,918

The District's bonds are secured by and payable from a first lien and pledge of ad valorem taxes of the District.

At September 30, 2017, unlimited tax bonds totaling \$25,920,000 were authorized by the District, but unissued.

### 9. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Water Code authorizes the District to levy a tax each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Assessed values are established annually by the Williamson Central Appraisal District. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are collected in the current year. The uncollected balance is reported as deferred inflows of resources. Taxes receivable are due January 1 and are delinquent if received after January 31 and are subject to penalty and interest charges.

In September 2016, the District levied a combined tax rate of \$0.9015 per \$100 of assessed valuation to finance operating expenditures and debt service requirements. The maintenance tax rate and the debt service tax rate were \$0.5865 and \$0.3150, respectively, for fiscal year 2017. The total 2016 tax levy was \$564,643 based on a taxable valuation of \$59,380,458.

#### 10. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, amounts that are appropriated by the Board that are to be used for specific purposes. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

The detail of the fund balances is included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet on page 10.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board may also assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies and the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool to effectively manage its risk. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. During the year ended September 30, 2017, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. No claims were filed during the last three years.

### 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is currently under development and the construction of facilities is being paid by the developers of the District. The Board of the District authorized the funding of the projects and the reimbursement of the developer for the cost of the projects out of bond proceeds when the bonds are authorized and issued. The bond proceeds will be used to purchase all of the capital assets within the District including related infrastructure. As of September 30, 2017, the estimate of total bonds needed to purchase the remaining infrastructure was \$25,920,000. The developer of the land within the District has incurred costs related to construction of facilities. Such costs may be reimbursable to the developer by the District from proceeds of future District bond issues, subject to approval by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. In addition, at September 30, 2017, the District owed \$116,499 to the developer for advances used to fund operating activities.

# INDEX OF SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

SCHEDULE INCLUDED			
YES NO			
X		TSI-0	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual
X		TSI-1	Schedule of Services and Rates
X		TSI-2	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
	X	TSI-3	Schedule of Temporary Investments
X		TSI-4	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
X		TSI-5	Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
X		TSI-6	Analysis of Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
<u>X</u>		TSI-7	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund and Debt Service Fund - Five Years Ended September 30, 2017
<u>X</u>		TSI-8	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

### TSI-0 NOTES REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT ACCOUNTING MANUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The notes which follow are not necessarily required for fair presentation of the audited basic financial statements of the District which are contained in the preceding section of this report. They are presented in conformity with requirements of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality to assure disclosure of specifically required facts.

### (A) Creation of District

See Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

### (B) Contingent Liabilities

See Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

### (C) Pension Coverage

Not applicable.

### (D) Pledge of Revenues

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

### (E) <u>Compliance with Debt Service Requirements</u>

The provisions of the bond resolutions as summarized in Note 8 to the basic financial statements relating to debt service requirements have been met.

### (F) Redemption of Bonds

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

## TSI-1 SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

1.	Services Provided	d by the District du	ıring the Fiscal Y	ear:		
	(other than	tewater eation	egional system and onnect)			☐ Irrigation ☐ Security ☐ Roads
2.	Retail Service Pro	oviders				
	a. Retail Rates B	Based on 5/8" Mete	er (or equivalent):	<b>:</b>		
		Minimum Charge	Minimum	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Levels
	WATER:	\$ -	(1)	N	\$ -	_
	WASTEWATER:	\$ -	(1)	N	\$ -	
	SURCHARGE:	\$ -			\$ -	
				9 W		
	District employs v	vinter averaging for	wastewater usage	? Yes	No	X
	Total charges per	10,000 gallons usag	ge: Water	\$ -	Wastewater	\$ -
	b. Water and Wa	astewater Retail C	Connections:			
		Meter	Total	Active	ESFC	Active
		Size	Connections	Connections	Factor	ESFC's
	Uı	nmetered	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
		< 3/4"	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
		1"	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0
		1 1/2"	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
		2"	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0
		3"	0.0	0.0	15.0	0.0
		4"	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0
		6"	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
		8"	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0
		10"	0.0	0.0	115.0	0.0
	То	tal Water	0.0	0.0	(1)	0.0
		Wastewater	0.0	0.0	(1) 1.0	0.0

(continued)

<sup>(1)</sup> The District receives service from the City of Georgetown. As a result, service rates are set by the City of Georgetown, not the District.

# TSI-1 SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND RATES (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

3.	Total Water Consumption during the Fiscal Year (rounded to the nearest thousand):
	Gallons pumped into system:  - (1) Water Accountability Ratio (Gallons billed / Gallons Pumped)
	Gallons billed to customers:  - (1)  n/a
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):
	Does the District assess standby fees?  Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent Commission Order:
	Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees?  Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent Commission Order:
5.	Location of District
	County(ies) in which district is located: Williamson
	Is the District located entirely within one county?  Yes X No
	Is the District located within a city?  Entirely Partly Not at all X
	City(ies) in which district is located:
	Is the District located within a city's extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ)?
	Entirely X Partly Not at all
	ETJ's in which district is located:  Liberty Hill
	Are Board members appointed by an office outside the district?
	Yes No X
	If Yes, by whom?

(1) The District receives service from the City of Georgetown.

# TSI-2 SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Personnel Expenditures (including benefits)	\$ -
Professional Fees: Auditing Legal Engineering Financial Advisor	15,000 23,892 18,017
Purchased Services for Resale- Bulk Water and Wastewater Purchases	-
Contracted Services:  Bookkeeping General Manager Appraisal District Tax Collector Other Contracted Services	14,619 - 3,918 - -
Utilities	9,271
Repairs and Maintenance	90,389
Administrative Expenditures: Directors' Fees Office Supplies Insurance Other Administrative Expenditures	5,329 - 1,792 3,265
Capital Outlay: Capitalized Assets Expenditures not Capitalized	400,000
Tap Connection Expenditures	-
Solid Waste Disposal	-
Fire Fighting	-
Parks and Recreation	-
Other Expenditures	 _
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 585,492

Number of persons employed by the District: 0 Full-Time 5 Part-Time

## TSI-4 ANALYSIS OF TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

								intenance Taxes		bt Service Taxes
TAXES RECEIVABLE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2	2016						\$	26	\$	21
2016 Tax Roll Adjustments								367,347 4		197,296 (79)
Total to be accounted for Tax collections:								367,377		197,238
Current year Prior years								365,447 26		196,194 21
Total collections								365,473		196,215
TAXES RECEIVABLE, SEPTEMBER 30,	2017						\$	1,904	\$	1,023
TAXES RECEIVABLE, BY YEARS 2016								1,904		1,023
TAXES RECEIVABLE, SEPTEMBER 30,	2017						\$	1,904	\$	1,023
PROPERTY VALUATIONS-		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Land and improvements	\$ 5	9,380,458	\$ 56,506,339		\$ 40,738,485		\$ 34,935,787		\$ 33,551,176	
Total Property Valuations	\$ 5	9,380,458	\$ 56,506,339		\$ 40,738,485		\$ 34,935,787		\$ 33,551,176	
TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION:										
Debt Service tax rates Maintenance tax rates	\$	0.3150 0.5865	\$	0.4010 0.5005	\$	0.5246 0.3936	\$	0.5600 0.3900	\$	0.5312 0.4188
TOTAL TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION:	\$	0.9015	\$	0.9015	\$	0.9182	\$	0.9500	\$	0.9500
ORIGINAL TAX LEVY	\$	564,643	\$	514,743	\$	411,183	\$	370,025	\$	318,736
PERCENT OF TAXES COLLECTED TO TAXES LEVIED **		99.48%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%
Maximum Tax Rate Approved by Voters:	\$	1.00	on	11/15/2006						

<sup>\*\*</sup> Calculated as taxes collected in current and previous years divided by tax levy.

TSI-5 LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	UNLIMITED TAX REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2015			UNLIN	UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2016			ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SERIES		
DUE DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING 9/30	Principal Due 9/01	Interest Due 3/01,9/01	Total	Principal Due 9/01	Interest Due 3/01,9/01	Total	Principal Due 9/01	Interest Due 3/01,9/01	Total	
2018	100,000	105,070	205,070	5,000	57,556	62,556	105,000	162,626	267,626	
2019	110,000	101,120	211,120	5,000	57,456	62,456	115,000	158,576	273,576	
2020	115,000	96,775	211,775	5,000	57,356	62,356	120,000	154,131	274,131	
2021	125,000	92,233	217,233	5,000	57,256	62,256	130,000	149,489	279,489	
2022	130,000	87,295	217,295	5,000	57,156	62,156	135,000	144,451	279,451	
2023	130,000	82,160	212,160	5,000	57,044	62,044	135,000	139,204	274,204	
2024	135,000	77,025	212,025	5,000	56,925	61,925	140,000	133,950	273,950	
2025	140,000	71,693	211,693	5,000	56,750	61,750	145,000	128,443	273,443	
2026	155,000	66,163	221,163	5,000	56,575	61,575	160,000	122,738	282,738	
2027	155,000	60,040	215,040	5,000	56,400	61,400	160,000	116,440	276,440	
2028	165,000	53,918	218,918	5,000	56,225	61,225	170,000	110,143	280,143	
2029	170,000	47,400	217,400	5,000	56,050	61,050	175,000	103,450	278,450	
2030	180,000	40,685	220,685	5,000	55,875	60,875	185,000	96,560	281,560	
2031	190,000	33,575	223,575	5,000	55,700	60,700	195,000	89,275	284,275	
2032	195,000	26,070	221,070	5,000	55,525	60,525	200,000	81,595	281,595	
2033	200,000	18,368	218,368	5,000	55,350	60,350	205,000	73,718	278,718	
2034	210,000	10,468	220,468	5,000	55,175	60,175	215,000	65,643	280,643	
2035	55,000	2,173	57,173	150,000	55,000	205,000	205,000	57,173	262,173	
2036	-	-	-	200,000	49,750	249,750	200,000	49,750	249,750	
2037	-	-	-	200,000	42,750	242,750	200,000	42,750	242,750	
2038	-	-	-	225,000	35,250	260,250	225,000	35,250	260,250	
2039	-	-	-	225,000	26,813	251,813	225,000	26,813	251,813	
2040	-	-	-	240,000	18,375	258,375	240,000	18,375	258,375	
2041				250,000	9,375	259,375	250,000	9,375	259,375	
	\$ 2,660,000	1,072,231	3,732,231	\$ 1,575,000	1,197,687	1,250,374	4,235,000	2,269,918	6,504,918	

### TSI-6 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BONDED DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			,	Dand Issue	г	Sond Issue		
			Bond Issue					
				Series 2015	Series 2016			Total
Interest Rate				3.95%	2	.00-3.75%		
Dates Interest Payable				3/1;9/1		3/1;9/1		
Maturity Dates				9/1/2035		9/1/2041		
Bonds Outstanding at Beginning of Current Fiscal Year			\$	2,760,000	\$	-	\$	2,760,000
Bonds Sold During the Current Fiscal Year				-		1,580,000		1,580,000
Retirements During the Current Fiscal Year: Principal				(100,000)		(5,000)		(105,000)
Bonds Outstanding at End of Current Fiscal Year			\$	2,660,000	\$	1,575,000	\$	4,235,000
Interest Paid During the Current Fiscal Year			\$	109,020	\$	42,262	\$	151,282
Paying Agent's Name & Address:			B	OKF, N.A.	В	OKF, N.A.		
			A	ustin, Texas	Au	ıstin, Texas		
Bond Authority:	Tax Bonds*	Refunding Bonds						
Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued	\$ 30,500,000 4,580,000	\$ 45,750,000 2,845,000						
Remaining To Be Issued	\$ 25,920,000	\$ 42,905,000	•					
* Includes all bonds secured with tax revenues. Bonds in this category may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.								
Debt Service Fund Cash and Tempo	rary Investments b	alances as of Septe	mbe	r 30, 2017:			\$	311,256
Average Annual Debt Service Paym	ent (Principal & In	iterest)					ф.	271 020

271,038

for the remaining term of all debt:

# TSI-7 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	AMOUNTS					NTAGE OF AL REVEN				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
GENERAL FUND REVENUES:										
Property taxes, including penalties	\$ 365,943	\$ 314,540	\$ 160,464	\$ 190,201	\$ 140,303	99.3%	99.2%	98.8%	99.3%	99.4%
Interest	2,500	2,633	1,961	1,436	815	0.7%	0.8%	1.2%	0.7%	0.6%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	368,443	317,173	162,425	191,637	141,118	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES:										
Audit fees	15,000	14,500	14,500	14,500	15,000	4.1%	4.6%	8.9%	7.6%	10.6%
Legal fees	23,892	12,861	9,129	12,642	8,586	6.5%	4.1%	5.6%	6.6%	6.1%
Utilities	9,271	8,414	12,346	10,285	11,820	2.5%	2.7%	7.6%	5.4%	8.4%
Bookkeeping fees	14,619	11,952	10,510	8,485	8,208	4.0%	3.8%	6.5%	4.4%	5.8%
Repairs and maintenance	90,389	16,201	9,915	5,040	5,040	24.5%	5.1%	6.1%	2.6%	3.6%
Director fees, including										
payroll taxes	5,329	3,552	3,391	3,076	2,584	1.4%	1.1%	2.1%	1.6%	1.8%
Tax appraisal/collection fees	3,918	3,817	1,363	2,923	1,108	1.1%	1.2%	0.8%	1.5%	0.8%
Insurance	1,792	1,742	2,030	1,883	1,402	0.5%	0.5%	1.2%	1.0%	1.0%
Engineering fees	18,017	773	635	826	569	4.9%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Other	3,265	2,216	502	3,940	3,716	0.9%	0.7%	0.4%	2.1%	2.6%
Capital Outlay	400,000					108.6%				
TOTAL GENERAL FUND										
EXPENDITURES	585,492	76,028	64,321	63,600	58,033	159.0%	24.0%	39.6%	33.2%	41.1%
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (217,049)	\$ 241,145	\$ 98,104	\$ 128,037	\$ 83,085	-59.0%	76.0%	60.4%	66.8%	58.9%
DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Property taxes, including penalties Interest Bond proceeds	\$ 196,469 1,114 121,009	\$ 265,840 704	\$ 213,874 424 2,845,000	\$ 271,530 303	\$ 181,737 292	61.7% 0.3% 38.0%	99.7% 0.3%	7.0% - 93.0%	99.9% 0.1%	99.8% 0.2%
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	318,592	266,544	3,059,298	271,833	182,029	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES:										
Tax appraisal/collection fees			1,816		1,452					0.8%
Bond principal	105,000	85,000	75,000	65,000	65,000	33.0%	31.9%	2.5%	23.9%	35.7%
Bond interest	151,282	120,382	80,136	158,713	161,503	47.5%	45.2%	2.6%	58.4%	88.8%
Payment to refunded bond escrow account	131,202	120,362	2,749,357	130,713	101,505	T7.570	-3.270	89.9%	JO. <del>+</del> 70	- 00.070
Fiscal agent fees and other	200	541	89,377	800	800	0.1%	0.2%	2.9%	0.3%	0.4%
Other	76	36	204	59	59	0.170	0.270	2.770	0.570	0.470
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	256,558	205,959	2,995,890	224,572	228,814	80.4%	77.3%	97.9%	82.6%	125.7%
	250,550	200,707	2,770,070	221,072	220,011	00.170	77.570	77.70	02.070	1201770
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES										
	\$ 62,034	\$ 60,585	\$ 63,408	\$ 47,261	\$ (46,785)	19.6%	22.7%	2.1%	17.4%	-25.7%
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)					
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL										
WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)					

<sup>(1)</sup> District receives service from the City of Georgetown.

## TSI-8 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Complete District Mailing Address:	c/o McLean & Howard, LLP Barton Oaks Plaza, Building II, 901 S. Mopac Expressway Suite 225, Austin, Texas 78746									
District Business Telephone Number:				(512	328-2008					
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form TWC Sections 36.054 & 49.054):			January 11, 2018							
Limits on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: (Set by Board Resolution TWC Section 49.060)			\$7,200							
Name and Address:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees of Office Paid * 9/30/2017		Office Paid * Reimbursemen		Title at Year End				
Board Members:										
Kareem T. Hajjar	(Elected) 05/2016-05/2020	\$	1,050	\$	-	President				
Scott Wuest	(Elected) 05/2016-05/2020	\$	1,200	\$	-	Vice-President				
Stefan Pharis	(Appointed) 01/2017 - 05/2018	\$	750	\$	-	Secretary				
Graham Carter	(Elected) 05/2014 - 05/2018	\$	1,050	\$	-	Treasurer				
Melissa Neslund	(Elected) 05/2014 - 05/2018	\$	600	\$	-	Director				
Former Board Member-										
Talley Williams	(Elected) 05/2010-01/2017	\$	300	\$	-					
Consultants:										
Montoya & Monzingo, LLP	6/2006	\$	15,049	\$	-	Bookkeeper				
Freeman & Corbett	11/2009	\$	25,692	\$	-	Former Attorney				
Maxwell Locke & Ritter LLP	4/2011	\$	27,000	\$	-	Auditor				
Public Finance Group	8/2009	\$	36,727	\$	-	Financial Advisor				
Williamson County Tax Collector	11/2006	\$	3,775	\$	-	Tax Collector				
Jones-Heroy & Associates	3/2012	\$	15,439	\$	-	Engineer				
McLean & Howard L.L.P.	4/2017	\$	14,605	\$	-	Attorney				

<sup>\*</sup> Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

# OSI-1 SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Tax Roll Year	
Taxpayer	Type of Property	2017	2016	2015
RSI Stonewall LLC	Real Land & Improvements	\$ 5,438,544	\$ -	\$ -
RSI Communities - Texas LLC	Real Land & Improvements	735,048	-	-
Compagno B.J. & D.E., Trustees Compagno Family Trust	Real Land & Improvements	537,372	536,812	545,423
Wright, L.A. & M.D.	Real Land & Improvements	525,757	518,142	444,331
Yates, M.J.	Real Land & Improvements	387,358	379,187	335,211
Gray, L.E. & L.C.	Real Land & Improvements	382,334	374,048	352,326
Captex Properties LLC	Real Land & Improvements	341,487	-	-
Achumuma, R. & A.	Real Land & Improvements	329,473	326,695	-
Califano, K.	Real Land & Improvements	321,707	-	-
Mitchell, J. & J.	Real Land & Improvements	318,166	315,330	310,051
Lennar Buffington Stonewall Ranch, L.P.	Real Land & Improvements	-	5,467,317	3,782,933
PH SPMSL LP	Real Land & Improvements	-	652,392	583,490
Sikora, P. J. & S. J.	Real Land & Improvements	-	314,111	-
Armstrong, D. & M.	Real Land & Improvements	-	312,388	-
Megatel Homes II LLC	Real Land & Improvements	-	-	819,485
Haley, C. & M.	Real Land & Improvements	-	-	303,996
Faulk, H.L.	Real Land & Improvements			298,461
Total		\$ 9,317,246	\$ 9,196,422	\$ 7,775,707
Percent of Assessed Valuation		12.2%	12.7%	11.3%

### OSI-2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Tax Roll Year 2017 2016 2015 % Type of Property Amount Amount % Amount % Residence (Single Family) 76.7% \$ 54,110,571 75.0% \$ 51,062,432 67.7% \$ 58,772,515 Residential Inventory 0.0% 0.0% 2,882,940 5.9% Vacant Lot 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% Acreage 5,468,937 7.1% 5,482,515 7.6% 3,793,420 6.7% **Tangible Personal Business** 467,544 0.6% 4,496 -0.1% 37,553 0.0% Real Inventory 735,048 1.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1,417,933 **Exempt Property** 11,151,724 14.6% 11,151,076 15.5% 11,130,592 19.6% Total \* \$ 76,595,768 100.0% \$ 72,166,591 100.0% \$ 68,906,937 100.0%

<sup>\*</sup> A portion of this balance is under ARB Review.

### APPENDIX B Form of Bond Counsel Opinion



[An opinion in substantially the following form will be delivered by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, upon the delivery of the Bonds, assuming no material changes in facts or law.]

# STONEWALL RANCH MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2018 IN THE AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF \$2,600,000

### AS BOND COUNSEL FOR STONEWALL RANCH MUNICIPAL UTILITY

**DISTRICT** (the "District") of the bonds described above (the "Bonds"), we have examined into the legality and validity of the Bonds, which bear interest from the dates specified in the text of the Bonds, until maturity or redemption, at the rates and payable on the dates specified in the text of the Bonds all in accordance with the order of the Board of Directors of the District adopted on September 5, 2018 authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Order").

WE HAVE EXAMINED the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, certified copies of the proceedings of the District, including the Order and other documents authorizing and relating to the issuance of the Bonds; and we have examined various certificates and documents executed by officers and officials of the District upon which certificates and documents we rely as to certain matters stated below. We have also examined one of the executed Bonds (Bond Numbered T-1) and specimens of Bonds to be authenticated and delivered in exchange for the Bonds.

BASED ON SAID EXAMINATION, IT IS OUR OPINION that said Bonds have been duly authorized, issued and delivered in accordance with law; and that said Bonds, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited by laws relating to governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, liquidation and other similar laws now or hereafter enacted related to creditors' rights generally or by general principle of equity which permit the exercise of judicial discretion, constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District, payable from ad valorem taxes without legal limit as to rate or amount to be levied and collected by the District upon taxable property within the District, which taxes the District has covenanted to levy in an amount sufficient (together with revenues and receipts from other sources which are legally available for such purposes) to pay the interest on and the principal of the Bonds. Such covenant to levy taxes is subject to the right of a city, under existing Texas law, to annex all of the territory within the District; to take over all properties and assets of the District; to assume all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the District, including the Bonds; and to abolish the District.



**THE DISTRICT** reserves the right to issue additional bonds which will be payable from taxes; bonds, notes, and other obligations payable from revenues; and bonds payable from contracts with other persons, including private corporations, municipalities, and political subdivisions.

IT IS FURTHER OUR OPINION that, except as discussed below, that the interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under the statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date of this opinion. We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are not "specified private activity bonds" and that, accordingly, interest on the Bonds will not be included as an individual alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). In expressing the aforementioned opinions, we have relied on certain representations, the accuracy of which we have not independently verified, and assume compliance by the District with certain covenants, regarding the use and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and the use of the property financed therewith. We call your attention to the fact that if such representations are determined to be inaccurate or upon a failure by the District to comply with such covenants, interest on the Bonds may become includable in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

**EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE**, we express no opinion as to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences of acquiring, carrying, owning or disposing of the Bonds, including the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. In particular, but not by way of limitation, we express no opinion with respect to the federal, state or local tax consequences arising from the enactment of any pending or future legislation. Owners of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any collateral tax consequences of owning the Bonds.

**OUR OPINIONS ARE BASED** on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, our opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"); rather, such opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that we deem relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer. We observe that the District has covenanted not to take any action, or omit to take any action within its control, that if taken or omitted, respectively, may result in the treatment of interest on the Bonds as includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes.



**WE EXPRESS NO OPINION** as to any insurance policies issued with respect to the payments due for the principal of and interest on the Bonds, nor as to any such insurance policies issued in the future.

**OUR SOLE ENGAGEMENT** in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is as Bond Counsel for the District, and, in that capacity, we have been engaged by the District for the sole purpose of rendering an opinion with respect to the legality and validity of the Bonds under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, and with respect to the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, and for no other reason or purpose. The foregoing opinions represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result. We have not been requested to investigate or verify, and have not independently investigated or verified any records, data, or other material relating to the financial condition or capabilities of the District, or the disclosure thereof in connection with the sale of the Bonds, and have not assumed any responsibility with respect thereto. We express no opinion and make no comment with respect to the marketability of the Bonds and have relied solely on certificates executed by officials of the District as to the current outstanding indebtedness of and the assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. Our role in connection with the District's Official Statement prepared for use in connection with the sale of the Bonds has been limited as described therein.

**THE FOREGOING OPINIONS** represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result.

Respectfully,

### APPENDIX C Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy



### MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: [NAME OF ISSUER]	Policy No:
MEMBER: [NAME OF MEMBER]	
BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of [NAME OF TRANSACTION] [and maturing on]	Risk Premium: \$  Member Surplus Contribution: \$  Total Insurance Payment: \$

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY ("BAM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") for the Bonds named above (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance and securing of the Bonds), for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of BAM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the first Business Day following the Business Day on which BAM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, BAM will disburse (but without duplication in the case of duplicate claims for the same Nonpayment) to or for the benefit of each Owner of the Bonds, the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bonds that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by BAM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of such principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in BAM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by BAM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by BAM for purposes of the preceding sentence, and BAM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, any of whom may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement under this Policy in respect of a Bond and to the extent of such payment, BAM shall become the owner of such Bond, any appurtenant coupon to such Bond and right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under such Bond. Payment by BAM either to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners, or directly to the Owners, on account of any Nonpayment shall discharge the obligation of BAM under this Policy with respect to said Nonpayment.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent (as defined herein) are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity (unless BAM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration) and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer of principal or interest that is Due for Payment, which payment has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means delivery to BAM of a notice of claim and certificate, by certified mail, email or telecopy as set forth on the attached Schedule or other acceptable electronic delivery, in a form satisfactory to BAM, from and signed by an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent, which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount, (d) payment instructions and (e) the date such claimed amount becomes or became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer, the Member or any other person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

BAM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member and the Issuer specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member or the Issuer (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to BAM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to BAM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by BAM under this Policy may be made directly by BAM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of BAM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of BAM only, and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to the Trustee, Paying Agent or any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of BAM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, BAM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to BAM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy. This Policy may not be canceled or revoked.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of BAM and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW. THIS POLICY IS ISSUED WITHOUT CONTINGENT MUTUAL LIABILITY FOR ASSESSMENT.

In witness whereof, BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY
By: Authorized Officer

### Notices (Unless Otherwise Specified by BAM)

Email:

claims@buildamerica.com

Address:
1 World Financial Center, 27<sup>th</sup> floor
200 Liberty Street

Telecopy:

212-962-1524 (attention: Claims)

