OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE

\$8,425,000

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Williamson County, Texas)

UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025

Bids Due: Thursday, October 23, 2025, by 9:00 A.M., C.D.T.

The Bonds are obligations solely of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District and are not obligations of the City of Georgetown, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District.

THE DISTRICT EXPECTS TO DESIGNATE THE BONDS AS "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

THE SALE

Bonds Offered for Sale at Competitive Bidding . . . Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District") is offering for sale \$8,425,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds"). Sealed bids may be submitted by two procedures: (i) electronic bids through the Parity Electronic Bid Submission System ("PARITY"), or (ii) in the event PARITY is not functioning or not available, electronic mail. Neither the District nor its Financial Advisor, Public Finance Group LLC, assumes any responsibility or liability for a prospective bidding procedure.

The District and Public Finance Group LLC assume no responsibility or liability with respect to any irregularities associated with the submission of any bids.

Public Finance Group LLC will not be responsible for submitting any bids received after the deadline. For the purpose of determining compliance with any and all time deadlines set forth in this Official Notice of Sale, for all bidding procedures, the official time shall be the time maintained only by PARITY.

Procedure Number 1: Electronic Bidding Procedures. . . Any prospective bidder that intends to submit an electronic bid must submit its electronic bid through the facilities of PARITY between 8:00 A.M., C.D.T. and 9:00 A.M., C.D.T., on Thursday, October 23, 2025 (the "date of the bid opening").

Subscription to the i-Deal LLC's BIDCOMP Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid through PARITY. Further information about PARITY, including any fee charged, may be obtained from Parity Customer Support, 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, (212) 849-5021.

The District will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidder to subscribe to PARITY.

An electronic bid made through the facilities of PARITY shall be deemed a sealed irrevocable offer to purchase the Bonds on the terms provided in this Official Notice of Sale and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed, sealed bid delivered to the District. Neither Public Finance Group LLC nor the District shall be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of, the use of the facilities of PARITY, the use of such facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder.

All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Official Notice of Sale and the Official Bid Form. If any provision of this Official Notice of Sale conflicts with information provided by PARITY as the approved provider of electronic bidding services, this Official Notice of Sale shall control.

For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their electronic bids the net effective interest cost to the District, as described under "Basis of Award" below.

The District and Public Finance Group LLC will not be responsible for submitting any bids received after the above deadlines. The District and Public Finance Group assume no responsibility or liability with respect to any irregularities associated with the admission of electronic bids.

Procedure Number 2: Bids by Electronic Mail (only in the event PARITY is unavailable)... In the event PARITY is not functioning or not available, any prospective bidder that intends to submit a bid by electronic mail must submit its bid between 8:00 A.M., C.D.T. and 9:00 A.M., C.D.T., on the date of the bid opening. Electronic mail bids to the attention of Linda Hubble will be accepted at linda@publicfinancegrp.com. All bids must be submitted on the "Official Bid Form" without alteration or interlineations. Copies of the Official Bid Form accompany the Preliminary Official Statement.

The District and Public Finance Group LLC are not responsible if such electronic mail is malfunctioning which prevents a bid or bids from being submitted on a timely basis. The District and Public Finance Group LLC will not be responsible for submitting any bids received

after the above deadlines. The District and Public Finance Group LLC assume no responsibility or liability with respect to any irregularities associated with the submission of bids if the electronic mail option is exercised.

Signed Official Bid Forms . . . The bidder whose bid is the lowest bid in accordance with this Notice of Sale will be notified immediately by Public Finance Group LLC and must submit by electronic mail a Signed Official Bid Form by 9:30 A.M., C.D.T. in connection with the sale on the date of the bid opening to Linda Hubble, Public Finance Group LLC at linda@publicfinancegrp.com.

Place and Time of Bid Opening . . . The Board will publicly review bids for the purchase of the Bonds at the designated meeting place outside the boundaries of the District, at the offices of Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, 100 Congress Avenue, Suite 1300, Austin, Texas 78701, at 11:00 A.M., C.D.T. on the date of the bid opening.

Award of Bonds... The District will take action to award the Bonds or reject all bids promptly upon receiving the bids. Upon awarding the Bonds, the District will also adopt the order authorizing issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order") and will approve the Official Statement, which will be an amended form of the Preliminary Official Statement. The District shall award the Bonds by executing the Official Bid Form. The award will be given to the entity submitting the best bid for the Bonds as "Bidder" (the "Purchaser" or "Initial Purchaser") as further described herein. Bidders that work with syndicates of dealers may disclose to the District members of the syndicate, but for all purposes of contracting for the sale of the Bonds, the entity signing the Official Bid Form as "Bidder" shall be solely responsible for the payment of the purchase price of the Bonds, and any information provided with respect to syndicate members shall be provided solely for informational purposes. The District reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any irregularities except time of submission. Sale of the Bonds will be made subject to the terms, conditions, and provisions of the Bond Order to which Bond Order reference is hereby made for all purposes. The District reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any and all irregularities, except time of filing.

Withdrawal of the Bids . . . Any bid may be withdrawn by an authorized representative of the bidder at any time prior to the time set for receipt of bids. Thereafter, all bids shall remain firm for four hours after the time for receipt of the bids. The award of or rejection of bids will occur within this time period.

Extension of Sale Date . . . The District reserves the right to extend the date and/or time for the receipt of bids by giving notice, by Bond Buyer Wire Service not later than 3:00 P.M., C.D.T., on Wednesday, October 22, 2025, of the new date and time for receipt of bids. Such notice shall be considered an amendment to this Official Notice of Sale.

THE BONDS

Description of Bonds . . . The Bonds will be dated November 20, 2025, and interest on the Bonds will be payable March 1, 2026, and semiannually thereafter on each September 1 and March 1 until maturity or earlier redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is UMB Bank, N.A., Austin, Texas (the "Paying Agent").

The Bonds mature serially on September 1 in the years and amounts shown below.

Maturity	Principal	Maturity	Principal
(September 1)	Amount	(September 1)	Amount
2027	\$ 200,000	2039	\$ 325,000
2028	200,000	2040	325,000
2029	200,000	2041	350,000
2030	225,000	2042	350,000
2031	225,000	2043	375,000
2032	250,000	2044	375,000
2033	250,000	2045	400,000
2034	250,000	2046	425,000
2035	275,000	2047	425,000
2036	275,000	2048	450,000
2037	300,000	2049	825,000
2038	300,000	2050	850,000

The District reserves the right to redeem prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2032, or any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. If less than all of the Bonds, or sinking fund installments in the case of Term Bonds described below, are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds, or portions thereof, or sinking fund installments in the case of Term Bonds, to be redeemed shall be selected and designated by the District, and if less than all of the Bonds within a maturity, or sinking fund installment in the case of Term Bonds, are redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent by lot or other customary random method.

Bidders have the right to designate one or more maturity dates for the Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, as serial or term Bonds maturing on a single date with sinking fund installments (the "Term Bonds"). No sinking fund installment with respect to any Term Bond shall be due on or prior to the date of the final maturity of any earlier maturity Term Bond. The amount of Term Bonds, if any, maturing on each maturity date shall be equal to the sum of (1) the installment specified above for such maturity date and (2) the installments specified above preceding such date (and subsequent to any earlier final maturity date of another specified Term Bond, and the Term Bonds of such maturity shall be retired utilizing such installments and sinking fund installments at par plus accrued interest). If and to the extent the successful bidder specifies for the Bonds a maturity date or dates of September 1, 2033, and consecutive subsequent years, the District will issue such Bonds as serial bonds maturing on such date or dates in amounts in accordance with the foregoing respective schedules. The balance of such Bonds, if any, shall be issued as Term Bonds as designated by the successful bidder.

Successor Paying Agents . . . The Paying Agent may be removed from its duties as Paying Agent with or without cause by action of the Board of Directors of the District upon thirty (30) days notice to be effective at such time which will not disrupt orderly payment on the next principal or interest payment date, but no such removal shall become effective until a successor Paying Agent has accepted the duties of the Paying Agent by written instrument. Every Paying Agent appointed by the Board of Directors must be a competent and legally qualified bank, trust company, financial institution, or other agency qualified to act as and perform the services of Paying Agent.

Source of Payment... The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable as to principal and interest from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property located within the District, without legal limitation as to rate or amount.

Other Terms and Covenants... Other terms of the Bonds and various covenants of the District contained in the Bond Order under which the Bonds are to be issued are described in the Preliminary Official Statement, to which reference is made for all purposes.

Book-Entry-Only System . . . The District intends to utilize the Book-Entry-Only System of DTC. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" in the Official Statement.

Municipal Bond Rating and Insurance... In connection with the sale of the Bonds, the District has applied to Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") for a municipal bond rating and has received a "Baa3" underlying rating. In addition, the District has applied for an insurance policy to guarantee the timely payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds and has qualified for such insurance. The purchase of such insurance and the payment of all associated costs will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Types of Bids and Interest Rates . . . The Bonds will be sold in one block, all or none, and no bid of less than 97% of par value plus accrued interest to the date of delivery will be considered. Bidders must specify the rate or rates of interest the Bonds will bear. The difference between the highest interest rate bid and the lowest interest rate bid shall not exceed 2%. Interest rates must be in multiples of 1/8th or 1/20th of 1%. Any number of interest rates and rate changes may be named, but graduating or declining interest rates within a maturity, split interest rates within a maturity, or supplemental or zero interest rates will not be acceptable.

Post Bid Modification of Principal Amounts Per Maturity. . . After selecting the winning bid, the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds per maturity and the principal amortization schedule may be adjusted as determined by the District and its Financial Advisor in \$5,000 increments to reflect the actual interest rates and to create a substantially level debt service schedule for the District. Such adjustments will not change the aggregate principal amount per maturity by more than 15% from the amount set forth herein. The dollar amount bid for the Bonds by the winning bidder will be adjusted proportionately to reflect any increase or decrease in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds finally determined to be issued. The District will use its best efforts to communicate to the winning bidder any such adjustments within four (4) hours after the opening of bids. Initial Purchaser's compensation will be based upon the final par amount after any adjustments thereto, subsequent to the receipt and tabulation of the winning bid, within the aforementioned parameters.

In the event of any adjustment of the maturity schedule for the Bonds as described above, no rebidding or recalculation of the proposals submitted will be required or permitted. The bid price for such an adjustment will reflect changes in the dollar amount per maturity of the par amount of the Bonds from the selling compensation that would have been received based on the purchase price in the winning bid and the initial reoffering terms. Any such adjustments of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds per maturity and/or of the maturity schedule for the Bonds made by the District or its Financial Advisor shall be subsequent to the award of the Bonds to the winning bidder as determined pursuant to conditions herein and shall not affect such determination. The winning bidder may not withdraw its bid as a result of any changes made within the aforementioned limits.

Basis of Award... For the purpose of awarding the sale of the Bonds, the total interest cost of each bid will be computed by determining, at the rate or rates specified, the total dollar value of all interest on the Bonds from the date thereof to their respective maturities and adding thereto the dollar amount of the discount bid, if any, or deducting therefrom the premium bid, if any. Subject to the right of the District to reject any or all bids, the Bonds will be awarded to the bidder whose bid, based on the above computation, produces the lowest interest cost to the District. In the event of mathematical discrepancies between the interest rates and the interest cost determined therefrom, as both appear on the "Official Bid Form," the bid will be determined solely from the interest rates shown on the "Official Bid Form."

Disclosure of Interested Party Form 1295 . . . In accordance with Texas Government Code Section 2252.908 (the "Interested Party Disclosure Act"), the District may not award the Bonds to a bidder unless the winning bidder either:

- (i) submits a Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "TEC Form 1295") to the District as prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission ("TEC"), or
- (ii) certifies in the Official Bid Form that it is exempt from filing the TEC Form 1295 by virtue of being a publicly traded business entity or a wholly-owned subsidiary of a publicly traded business entity.

In the event that the bidder's bid for the Bonds is the best bid received, the District, acting through its financial advisor, will promptly notify the winning bidder. That notification will serve as the District's conditional verbal acceptance of the bid, and, unless the bidder is exempt from filing a TEC Form 1295, such notification will obligate the winning bidder to promptly file a completed TEC Form 1295, as described below, in order to allow the District to complete the award. The District reserves the right to reject any bid that does not comply with the requirements prescribed herein.

For purposes of completing the TEC Form 1295, box 2 is the name of the governmental entity (Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District) and box 3 is the identification number assigned to this contract by the District (BCH-UTB2025-BID) and description of the goods or services (Purchase of the Berry Creek Highlands MUD Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025). The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the rules adopted by the TEC with respect thereto (the "Disclosure Rules") require certain business entities contracting with the District to complete the TEC Form 1295 electronically at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/main/file.htm, print, complete the unsworn declaration, sign, and deliver, in physical form, the certified TEC Form 1295 that is generated by the TEC's "electronic portal" to the District. The completed and signed TEC Form 1295 must be sent by email, to the District's financial advisor at linda@publicfinancegrp.com with a copy to the District's Bond Counsel at chandler@mphlegal.com, as soon as possible following the notification of conditional verbal acceptance and prior to the final written award.

To the extent that the bidder is not exempt from filing a TEC Form 1295 and therefore makes such filing with the District, the Interested Party Disclosure Act and the TEC Form 1295 provide that such declaration is made "under penalty of perjury." Consequently, a bidder should take appropriate steps prior to completion of the TEC Form 1295 to familiarize itself with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the Disclosure Rules, and the TEC Form 1295. Time will be of the essence in submitting the form to the District, and no final award will be made by the District regarding the sale of the Bonds until a completed TEC Form 1295 is received. The District reserves the right to reject any bid that does not satisfy the requirement of a completed TEC Form 1295, as described herein. Neither the District nor its consultants have the ability to verify the information included in a TEC Form 1295, and neither party has an obligation nor undertakes responsibility for advising any bidder with respect to the proper completion of the TEC Form 1295. Consequently, an entity intending to bid on the Bonds should consult its own advisors to the extent it deems necessary and be prepared to submit the completed form promptly upon notification from the District that its bid is the conditional winning bid. Instructional videos on logging in and creating a certificate are provided on the TEC's website at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf_info_form1295.htm.

Good Faith Deposit . . . A bank cashier's check, payable to the order of "Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District" in the amount of \$337,000 which is 4% of the proposed par value of the Bonds (the "Good Faith Deposit"), is required to accompany any bid. The Good Faith Deposit of the Purchaser will be retained uncashed by the District pending the Purchaser's compliance with the terms of its bid and this Official Notice of Sale. In the event the Purchaser should fail or refuse to accept and pay for the Bonds in accordance with its bid then said check shall be cashed and accepted by the District and shall constitute full and complete liquidated damages; however, if it is determined after the acceptance of the bid by the District that the Purchaser was found not to satisfy the requirements described under "Verifications of Statutory Representations and Covenants" and as a result the Texas Attorney General will not deliver its approving opinion of the Bonds, then said check shall be cashed and accepted by the District but shall not be the sole or exclusive remedy available to the District. The Good Faith Deposit may accompany the Official Bid Form or it may be submitted separately; however, if submitted separately, it shall be made available to the District prior to the opening of the bids, and shall be accompanied by instructions from the bank on which it is drawn which authorizes its use as a Good Faith Deposit by the Purchaser who shall be named in such instructions. The Good Faith Deposit of the Purchaser will be returned to the Purchaser on the date of initial delivery of the Bonds. No interest will be allowed on the Good Faith Deposit. Checks accompanying bids other than the winning bid will be returned promptly after the bids are opened, and an award of the Bonds has been made by the District.

Verifications of Statutory Representations and Covenants . . . The District will not award the Bonds to a bidder unless the following representations and covenants pursuant to Chapters 2252, 2271, 2274, and 2276, Texas Government Code, as amended (the "Government Code"), are included in the Official Bid Form. As used in such verifications, "affiliate" means an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder within the meaning of Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 405, 17 C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit. Liability for breach of any such verification during the term of the Official Bid Form shall survive until barred by the applicable statute of limitations, and shall not be liquidated or otherwise limited by any provision of the Official Bid Form or this Official Notice of Sale (collectively, the "Agreement"), notwithstanding anything in the Agreement to the contrary.

- (i) No Boycott of Israel (Government Code Chapter 2271): A bidder must verify that it and its parent company, whollyor majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel during the
 term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott Israel" has the meaning provided in Section
 2271.001, Government Code.
- (ii) Not a Sanctioned Company (Government Code Chapter 2252): A bidder must represent that neither it nor any of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates is a company identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Government Code. The foregoing representation excludes a bidder and each of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization.
- (iii) No Discrimination Against Firearm Entities or Firearm Trade Associations (Government Code Chapter 2274): A bidder must verify that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not have a practice, policy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association and will not discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association during the term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" has the meaning provided in Section 2274.001(3), Government Code.
- (iv) No Boycott of Energy Companies (Government Code Chapter 2276): A bidder must verify that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" has the meaning provided in Section 2276.001(1), Government Code.

Further State Law Compliance and Standing Letter Requirement . . . Each prospective bidder must have a standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office in the form included as Exhibit A to the All Bond Counsel Letter of the Texas Attorney General dated November 1, 2023, and any supplements thereto (the "All Bond Counsel Letter"). In submitting a bid, a bidder represents to the District that it has filed a standing letter in the form included as Exhibit A to the All Bond Counsel Letter without qualification and including current statutory citations and it has no reason to believe that the District may not be entitled to rely on the standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office. The bidder agrees that it will not rescind its standing letter at any time before the delivery of the Bonds unless same is immediately replaced with a standing letter meeting the requirements of the All Bond Counsel Letter.

The District will not accept a bid from a bidder that does not have such standing letter on file as of the deadline for bids for the Bonds. If requested by the District, the Purchaser agrees to provide such further representations, certifications, or assurances in connection with the Covered Verifications (defined below), as of the delivery date of the Bonds or such other date requested by the District, including, but not limited to, a bring down certification as provided by the All Bond Counsel Letter.

THE DISTRICT RESERVES THE RIGHT, IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION, TO REJECT THE BID OF ANY BIDDER WHO IS, OR WHOSE PARENT COMPANY, SUBSIDIARIES, OR AFFILIATES ARE, ON A LIST MAINTAINED BY THE TEXAS COMPTROLLER OR HAS RECEIVED A LETTER OR OTHER INQUIRY FROM A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, THE TEXAS COMPTROLLER, OR THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL RELATED TO ITS INCLUSION ON ANY LIST OF FINANCIAL COMPANIES BOYCOTTING ENERGY COMPANIES OR DISCRIMINATING AGAINST FIREARM ENTITIES.

BY SUBMITTING A BID, EACH BIDDER AGREES, SHOULD IT BE THE WINNING BIDDER, TO COOPERATE WITH THE DISTRICT AND TAKE ANY ACTION NECESSARY TO FURTHER VERIFY AND CONFIRM COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

To the extent the Purchaser and each syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form are unable to provide a Standing Letter in a form satisfactory to the Texas Attorney General's Office, the District reserves the right to cash and accept the Good Faith Deposit (see "CONDITIONS OF SALE - Good Faith Deposit").

THE LIABILITY OF THE BIDDER FOR BREACH OF ANY OF THE VERIFICATIONS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH CHAPTERS 2252, 2271, 2274, AND 2276, GOVERNMENT CODE, AS AMENDED (COLLECTIVELY, THE "COVERED VERIFICATIONS") SHALL SURVIVE UNTIL BARRED BY THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS, AND SHALL NOT BE LIQUIDATED OR OTHERWISE LIMITED BY ANY PROVISION OF THE AGREEMENT. ADDITIONALLY, THE DISTRICT RESERVES AND RETAINS ALL RIGHTS AND REMEDIES AT LAW AND IN EQUITY FOR PURSUIT AND RECOVERY OF DAMAGES, IF ANY, RELATING TO THE COVERED VERIFICATIONS.

Texas Bond Review Board Information . . . In order to provide the District with information required to be submitted to the Texas Bond Review Board pursuant to Section 1202.008, Government Code, as amended, the Initial Purchaser will be required to provide the District with a breakdown of its "underwriting spread" among the following categories: Takedown, Management Fee (if any), Legal Counsel Fee (if any), and Spread Expenses (if any).

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

By accepting the winning bid, the District agrees to the following representations and covenants to assist the Initial Purchaser in complying with Rule 15c2-12 of the SEC.

Final Official Statement . . . The District has prepared the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Bonds, but will not prepare any other document or version for such purpose except as described below. The District will be responsible for completing the Official Statement by inserting the interest rates bid, the purchase price bid, the ratings assigned to the Bonds (if not currently included), if applicable, the purchase of municipal bond insurance, if any, the initial public offering yields as set forth in the Official Bid Form, or otherwise supplied by the Initial Purchaser, and for preparing and inserting the final debt service schedule. The District does not intend to amend or supplement the Official Statement otherwise, except to take into account certain subsequent events, if any, as described below. Accordingly, the District deems the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement to be final as of its date, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for the omission of the foregoing items. By delivering the final Official Statement or any amendment or supplement thereto in the requested quantity to the Initial Purchaser on or after the sale date, the District represents the same to be complete as of such date, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(e)(3). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the only representations concerning the absence of material misstatements or omissions from the Official Statement which are or will be made by the District are those described in the Official Statement under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT - Certification as to Official Statement."

Changes to Official Statement During Underwriting Period . . . If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide an Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to 15c2-12 of the Federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds as described below. See "DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS - Delivery." The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

Delivery of Official Statements . . . The District will furnish the Official Statement (in electronic form) to the Initial Purchaser (and to each other participating underwriter of the Bonds, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(a), designated by the Initial Purchaser), within seven (7) business days after the sale date. The District will also furnish (in electronic form) the Initial Purchaser any supplement or amendment prepared by the District for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Bonds as described above in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Changes to Official Statement During Underwriting Period." Delivery of the Official Statement will be provided in electronic form. No printed copies of the Official Statement will be provided to the Initial Purchaser unless requested in writing (in which case the District will furnish the Initial Purchaser up to 250 printed copies).

Rule G-36 Requirements . . . It is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser to comply with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Rule G-36 within the required time frame. The Initial Purchaser must send two copies of the "Official Statement" along with two complete Form G-36's to the appropriate address.

DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

Delivery . . . The Bonds will be tendered to the Initial Purchaser as a single typewritten, photocopied, or otherwise reproduced bond payable in installments in fully registered form in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,425,000 payable to the Initial Purchaser or its representative as designated in the Official Bid Form, manually signed by the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors, or executed by the facsimile signatures of the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors, and approved by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and registered and manually signed by the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas. Initial delivery will be at the designated office for payment of the Paying Agent in Austin, Texas. Payment for the Bonds must be made in immediately available funds for unconditional credit to the District, or as otherwise directed by the District. The Initial Purchaser will be given five business days' notice of the time fixed for delivery of the Bonds. It is anticipated that initial delivery can be made on or about November 20, 2025 (the "Closing Date"), and it is understood and agreed that the Initial Purchaser will accept delivery and make payment for the Bonds not later than 11:00 A.M., C.D.T., on November 20, 2025, or thereafter on the date the Bonds are tendered for delivery up to and including December 19, 2025. If the Initial Purchaser should fail or refuse to accept delivery and make payment for the Bonds in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence, then the Good Faith Deposit will be cashed and accepted by the District as full and complete liquidated damages (subject to the liquidated damages qualifications described under "CONDITIONS OF SALE - Good Faith Deposit"). If for any reason the District is unable to make delivery on or before December 19, 2025, then the District shall immediately contact the Initial Purchaser and offer to allow the Initial Purchaser to extend its offer for an additional thirty (30) days. If the Initial Purchaser does not elect to extend its offer within five (5) business days thereafter, then the Good Faith Deposit will be returned, and both the District and the Initial Purchaser shall be relieved of any further obligation.

DTC Definitive Bonds . . . The Bonds will be issued in book-entry-only form and registered in the name of Cede & Co. as the nominee for DTC. All references herein and in the Official Statement to the bondholders or registered owners of the Bonds shall mean Cede & Co. and not the beneficial owners of the Bonds. Purchases of beneficial interests in the Bonds will be made in book-entry form in the denomination of \$5,000 principal amounts or any integral multiple thereof. Under certain limited circumstances, the District may determine to forego immobilization of the Bonds at DTC, or another securities depository, in which case, such beneficial interests would become exchangeable for definitive printed obligations of like principal amount.

CUSIP Numbers . . . It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed or otherwise reproduced on the Bonds, but neither the failure to print such numbers on any Bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the Initial Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of this Notice of Sale and the terms of the Official Bid Form. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds shall be paid by the District. However, the CUSIP Service Bureau charge for the assignment of the numbers shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the Initial Purchaser.

Conditions to Delivery . . . The obligation of the Initial Purchaser to accept and pay for the Bonds is subject to the Initial Purchaser's receipt of the legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas and the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel for the District ("Bond Counsel"), the no-litigation certificate, all described below, and the non-occurrence of the events described below under "No Material Adverse Change." In addition, if the District fails to comply with its obligations under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT" above, the Initial Purchaser may terminate its contract to purchase the Bonds by delivering written notice to the District within five (5) days thereafter.

Legal Opinions . . . The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a transcript of certain proceedings held incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds, including a certified copy or original of the approving opinion of the Attorney General of Texas, as recorded in the Bond Register of the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. The District also will furnish the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, to the effect that, based upon an examination of such transcript, (1) the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, (2) the Bonds are payable, both as to principal and interest, from the levy of ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, against taxable property within the District, and (3) pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as amended, the "Code") then in effect and existing regulations, published rulings, and court decisions thereunder and assuming continuing compliance by the District with the provisions of the Bond Order, the interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income, and will not be subject to the alternative minimum tax. The statutes, regulations, rulings, and court decisions on which such opinion is based are subject to change. Neither the opinion of the Attorney General nor the opinion of Bond Counsel will express any opinion or make any comment with respect to the sufficiency of the s

Establishing the Issue Price for the Bonds . . . The District intends to rely on Treasury Regulation Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of municipal bonds), which requires, among other things, that the District receive bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds (the "Competitive Sale Requirement").

In the event that the bidding process does not satisfy the Competitive Sale Requirement, bids will not be subject to cancellation and the winning bidder (i) agrees to promptly report to the District the first prices at which at least 10% of each maturity of the Bonds (the "First Price Maturity") have been sold to the Public on the Sale Date (the "10% Test") (if different interest rates apply within a maturity, each separate CUSIP number within that maturity will be subject to the 10% Test) and (ii) agrees to hold the offering price of each maturity of the Bonds that does not satisfy the 10% Test ("Hold-the-Price Maturity"), as described below.

In order to provide the District with information that enables it to comply with the establishment of the issue price of the Bonds under the Code, the winning bidder agrees to complete, execute, and timely deliver to the District or to the District's financial advisor (the "District's Financial Advisor") a certification as to the Bonds' "issue price" (the "Issue Price Certificate") substantially in the form and to the effect attached hereto or accompanying this Notice of Sale, within 5 business days prior to the Closing Date if the Competitive Sale Requirement is satisfied or within 5 business days of the date on which the 10% Test is satisfied with respect to all of the First Price Maturities. In the event the winning bidder will not reoffer any maturity of the Bonds for sale to the Public (as defined herein) by the Closing Date, the Issue Price Certificate may be modified in a manner approved by the District. It will be the responsibility of the winning bidder to institute such syndicate reporting requirements, to make such investigation, or otherwise to ascertain such facts necessary to enable it to make such certification with reasonable certainty. Any questions concerning such certification should be directed to Bond Counsel (identified in the Preliminary Official Statement).

For purposes of this section of this Notice of Sale:

- (i) "Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a Related Party to the Underwriter,
- (ii) "Underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the District (or with the lead Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the

Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public),

- (iii) "Related Party" means any two or more persons (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) that are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
- (iv) "Sale Date" means the date that the Bonds are awarded by the District to the winning bidder.

All actions to be taken by the District under this Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Bonds may be taken on behalf of the District by the District's Financial Advisor, and any notice or report to be provided to the District may be provided to the District's Financial Advisor.

The District will consider any bid submitted pursuant to this Notice of Sale to be a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, as specified in the bid and, if so stated, in the Official Bid Form.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement, and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, (A) to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allocated to it until either all such Bonds have been sold or it is notified by the winning bidder that either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity, (B) to promptly notify the winning bidder of any sales of Bonds that, to its knowledge, are made to a purchaser who is a Related Party to an Underwriter, and (C) to acknowledge that, unless otherwise advised by the underwriter, dealer, or broker-dealer, the winning bidder will assume that based on such agreement each order submitted by the underwriter, dealer, or broker-dealer is a sale to the Public; and (ii) any agreement among underwriters or selling group agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to report the prices at which it sells to the Public to require each underwriter or dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allocated to it until either all such Bonds have been sold or it is notified by the winning bidder or such Underwriter that either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity. Sales of any Bonds to any person that is a Related Party to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the Public for purposes of this Notice of Sale.

By submitting a bid, the winning bidder agrees, on behalf of each Underwriter participating in the purchase of the Bonds, that each Underwriter will neither offer nor sell any Hold-the-Price Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the Public during the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date; or (2) the date on which the Underwriters have sold at least 10% of that Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public. The winning bidder shall promptly advise the District when the Underwriters have sold 10% of a Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date.

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions . . . Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible by such taxpayer in determining taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer which is a "financial institution" allocable to a tax-exempt obligation, other than "private activity bonds," which are designated by a "qualified small issuer" as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any subordinate issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year. Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as referring to any corporation described in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business which is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution.

The District expects to designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the District will covenant to take such action which would assure or to refrain from such action which would adversely affect the treatment of the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that if the issue price to the public (or, in the case of discount bonds, the amount payable at maturity) exceeds \$10,000,000, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the obligations would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

No Material Adverse Change . . . The obligations of the District to deliver the Bonds and of the Initial Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds are subject to the condition that at the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition of the District from those set forth in or contemplated by the "Preliminary Official Statement" as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

No-Litigation Certificate . . . On the date of delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, the District will deliver to the Initial Purchaser a certificate, as of the same date, to the effect that to the best of the District's knowledge no litigation of any nature is pending or, to the best of

the certifying officers' knowledge or belief, threatened against the District, contesting or affecting the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the authorization, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provision made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds or the title of the present officers and directors of the District.

TCEQ Approval . . . The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order dated September 8, 2025 (the "TCEQ Order").

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The District will agree in the Bond Order to provide certain periodic information and notices of certain specified events in accordance with the Rule, as described in the Preliminary Official Statement under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION." The Initial Purchaser's obligation to accept and pay for the Bonds is conditioned upon delivery to the Initial Purchaser(s) or its (their) agent of a certified copy of the Bond Order containing the agreement described under such heading.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Future Registration . . . The Bonds are transferred, registered, and exchanged only on the registration books of the Paying Agent, and such registration shall be at the expense of the District though the District or Paying Agent may require payment by an owner of the Bonds requesting a transfer or exchange of Bonds of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any transfer or exchange of any Bond. A Bond may be transferred or exchanged upon surrender to the Paying Agent accompanied by a written instrument of transfer acceptable to the Paying Agent duly executed by the registered owner thereof or his attorney duly authorized in writing. Upon surrender for transfer of any Bond to the Paying Agent, the District shall execute and the Paying Agent shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Bonds of the same stated maturity and of any authorized denomination, and of a like aggregate principal amount.

Record Date . . . The record date ("Record Date") for the interest payable on any interest payment date means the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such interest payment date.

Record Date for Bonds to be Redeemed... Neither the District nor the Paying Agent shall be required (1) to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during the period commencing with the close of business on any Record Date and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or (2) to transfer or exchange, in whole or in part, any Bond or any portion thereof selected for redemption prior to maturity, within forty-five (45) calendar days prior to its redemption date.

Investment Considerations . . . The Bonds involve certain investment considerations, and all prospective bidders are urged to examine carefully the Preliminary Official Statement with respect to the investment considerations associated with the Bonds. Particular attention should be given to the information set forth therein under the caption "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

Reservation of Rights . . . The District reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any and all irregularities, except the time of filing.

Not an Offer to Sell . . . This Official Notice of Sale does not alone constitute an offer to sell the Bonds but is merely notice of sale of the Bonds. The invitation for bids on the Bonds is being made by means of this Official Notice of Sale, the Preliminary Official Statement, and the Official Bid Form.

Registration and Qualification Under Securities Laws . . . The offer and sale of the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder; the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

By submission of a bid, the Initial Purchaser represents that its sale of the Bonds in states other than Texas will be made only pursuant to exemptions from registration or qualification or, where necessary, the Initial Purchaser will register and qualify the Bonds in accordance with the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The District agrees to cooperate, at the Initial Purchaser's written request and expense, in registering or qualifying the Bonds, or in obtaining exemption from registration or qualification, in any state where such action is necessary, provided that the District shall not be required to file a general or special consent to service of process in any jurisdiction.

Copies of Documents . . . Copies of the Official Notice of Sale, the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Bid Form, Audits, and the pro forma Bond Order may be obtained at the offices of Public Finance Group LLC, P.O. Box 81849, Austin, Texas 78708, Financial Advisor to the District.

President, Board of Directors Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District

OFFICIAL BID FORM

President and Board of Directors Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District

11	irecto	rc

We have read in detail the Official Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District
(the "District") relating to its \$8,425,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds"), which by reference are made a part hereof. We
recognize the special investment considerations involved in these securities and have made such inspections and investigations as we deem
necessary in order to evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds. Accordingly, we offer to purchase the District's legally issued Bonds,
upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Order, the Official Notice of Sale, and the Preliminary Official Statement, for a cash price
of \$ (which represents % of par value), provided such Bonds mature September 1 and bear
interest in each year at the following rates:

Maturity*	Principal	Interest	Maturity*	Principal	Interest
(September 1)	Amount	Rate	(September 1)	Amount	Rate
2027	\$ 200,000	%	2039	\$ 325,000	%
2028	200,000	%	2040	325,000	%
2029	200,000	%	2041	350,000	%
2030	225,000	%	2042	350,000	%
2031	225,000	%	2043	375,000	%
2032	250,000	%	2044	375,000	%
2033	250,000	%	2045	400,000	%
2034	250,000	%	2046	425,000	%
2035	275,000	%	2047	425,000	%
2036	275,000	%	2048	450,000	%
2037	300,000	%	2049	825,000	%
2038	300,000	%	2050	850,000	%

^{*} The District reserves the right to redeem, in integral multiples of \$5,000, prior to maturity, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2032, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption.

Our calculation (which is not a part of this bid) of the interest cost from the above bid is:

Total Interest Cost	\$
Plus: Cash Discount	\$
Net Interest Cost	\$
Net Effective Interest Rate	%

The mandatory sinking fund installments checked above, if any, shall be applied for the redemption of term bonds maturing as follows:

Term Bond Maturity Date <u>September 1</u>	Year of First Mandatory <u>Redemption</u>	Principal Amount of <u>Term Bond</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>
			%
 -	- -		%
			%

The initial bond shall be registered in the name of	(syndicate manager). We will advise the office
of UMB Bank, N.A., the Registrar, on forms to be provided by the Registrar	strar, of our registration instructions at least five business days prior
to the date set for initial delivery of Bonds on the Closing Date. We will	not ask the Registrar to accept any registration instructions after the
five-day period for delivery of Bonds on the Closing Date.	
Cashier's Check No, issued by amount of \$337,000 (is attached hereto) (has been made available to y disposition in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Bonds in accordance with the terms and conditions of such Official as complete liquidated damages against us except as provided herein wi represent that sale of the Bonds in states other than Texas will be made that, where necessary, we will register or qualify the Bonds in accordance or sold.	you prior to the opening of this bid) as the Good Faith Deposit for official Notice of Sale. Should we fail or refuse to make payment for Notice of Sale, such check shall be cashed and the proceeds retained the respect to the Covered Verifications (defined below). We hereby the only pursuant to exemptions from registration or qualification and
The Purchaser will purchase bond insurance from "Fee"). The Fee is a reasonable amount payable solely for the transfer on the include any amount payable for a cost other than such guarantee, present value of the Fee for each obligation constituting the Bonds to we less than the present value of the interest reasonably expected to be sa Bonds. The Fee has been paid to a person who is not exempt from feder proceeds of the Bonds. In determining present value for this purpose, the guarantee fee) has been used as the discount rate. No portion of the Fee which would exceed the portion of such Fee that has not been earned.	of credit risk for the payment of debt service on the Bonds and does e.g., a credit rating or legal fees. The Purchaser represents that the hich such Fee is properly allocated and which are insured thereby is ved as a result of the insurance on each obligation constituting the al income taxation and who is not a user or related to the user of any ne yield of the Bonds (determined with regard to the payment of the

The undersigned agrees to complete, execute, and deliver to the District, by the date of delivery of the Bonds, a certificate relating to the "issue price" of the Bonds in the form and to the effect attached to or accompanying the Official Notice of Sale, with such changes thereto as may be acceptable to the District. The undersigned further agrees to provide the pricing wire to Public Finance Group LLC by the close of the Sale Date.

The bidder makes the following representations and covenants pursuant to Chapters 2252, 2271, 2274, and 2276, Texas Government Code, as heretofore amended (the "Government Code"), in entering into this Official Bid Form. As used in the following verifications, "affiliate" means an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17 C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit. Liability for breach of any such verification during the term of this Official Bid Form shall survive until barred by the applicable statute of limitations, and shall not be liquidated or otherwise limited by any provision of this Official Bid Form and the Official Notice of Sale (collectively, the "Agreement"), notwithstanding anything in the Agreement to the contrary.

- (i) No Boycott of Israel Verification (Government Code Chapter 2271). The Purchaser hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel during the term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott Israel" has the meaning provided in Section 2271.001, Government Code.
- (ii) Not a Sanctioned Company (Government Code Chapter 2252). The Purchaser represents that neither it nor any of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates is a company identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Government Code. The foregoing representation excludes the bidder and each of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization.
- (iii) No Boycott of Energy Companies (Government Code Chapter 2276). The Purchaser hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" has the meaning provided in Section 2276.001(1), Government Code.
- (iv) No Discrimination Against Firearm Entities or Firearm Trade Associations (Government Code Chapter 2274). The Purchaser hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not have a practice, policy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association and will not discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association during the term of the Agreement. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" has the meaning provided in Section 2274.001(3), Government Code.

By submitting this bid, the Purchaser understands and agrees that, if the Purchaser should fail or refuse to accept and pay for the Bonds in accordance with this bid, or it is determined that after the acceptance of this bid by the District that the Purchaser was found not to satisfy the requirements described in the Official Notice of Sale and Bidding Instructions under the heading "CONDITIONS OF SALE" and as a result the Texas Attorney General will not deliver its approving opinion of the Bonds, then the check submitted herewith as the Purchaser's Good Faith Deposit shall be cashed and accepted by the District. IF THE DISTRICT CASHES THE PURCHASER'S GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT

AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, SUCH ACTION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE COMPLETE OR LIQUIDATED DAMAGES RELATED TO THE PURCHASER'S BREACH OF ANY OF THE COVERED VERIFICATIONS.

By submitting this bid, the Purchaser understands and agrees that the liability of the Purchaser for breach of any of the verifications made in connection with Chapters 2252, 2271, 2274, and 2276, Government Code, as amended and as described above (collectively, the "Covered Verifications") shall survive until barred by the statute of limitations, and shall not be liquidated or otherwise limited by any provision of the Agreement. Additionally, the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the District reserves and retains all rights and remedies at law and in equity for pursuit and recovery of damages, if any, relating to the Covered Verifications.

By submitting this bid, the Purchaser understands and agrees that it must have a standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office in the form included as Exhibit A to the All Bond Counsel Letter of the Texas Attorney General dated November 1, 2023 and any supplements thereto (the "All Bond Counsel Letter"). In submitting this bid, the Purchaser represents to the District that it has filed a standing letter in the form included as Exhibit A to the All Bond Counsel Letter without qualification and including current statutory citations and it has no reason to believe that the District may not be entitled to rely on the standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office. The Purchaser hereby further agrees that it will not rescind its standing letter at any time before the delivery of the Bonds unless same is immediately replaced with a standing letter meeting the requirements of the All Bond Counsel Letter.

The Purchaser agrees to provide such further representations, certifications, or assurances in connection with the Covered Verifications as of the delivery date of the Bonds or such other date requested by the District, including, but not limited to, a bring down certification as provided by the All Bond Counsel Letter.

The Purchaser acknowledges that the District, in its sole discretion, has reserved the right to reject the bid of any bidder who is, or whose parent company, subsidiaries, or affiliates are, on a list maintained by the Texas Comptroller or has received a letter or other inquiry from a political subdivision, the Texas Comptroller, or the Texas Attorney General related to its inclusion on any list of financial companies boycotting energy companies or discriminating against firearm entities.

The Purchaser understands and agrees that, to the extent the Purchaser and each syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form is unable to provide a Standing Letter in a form satisfactory to the Texas Attorney General's Office, the District reserves the right to cash and accept the Good Faith Deposit (see "CONDITIONS OF SALE - Good Faith Deposit" in the Official Notice of Sale).

NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING CONTAINED HEREIN, THE REPRESENTATIONS AND COVENANTS CONTAINED IN THE AGREEMENT SHALL SURVIVE TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT OF THE PURCHASER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS UNTIL THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS HAS RUN.

The undersigned certifies that the Initial Purchaser [is]/[is not] exempt from filing the TEC Form 1295 by virtue of being a publicly traded business entity or a wholly-owned subsidiary of a publicly traded business entity.

The Initial Purchaser agrees that dissemination of this final Official Statement will be in electronic form only unless written request for printed Official Statements is submitted to the District (in which case the District will furnish to the Initial Purchaser up to 250 printed copies).

(Sy	ndicate	memb	pers, if any)			_			Resp	ectfully sub	mitted,					
						-			By:_	(Authorized	d Representa	ative)				
						A	CCI	EPTAN	CE CL	AUSE						
The			foregoing , 2025.	bid is	hereby	accepted	by	Berry	Creek	Highlands	Municipal	Utility	District	this _	da	y of
ΑT	TEST:															
Sec	retary. F	Board	of Director						Presi	ident. Board	of Director					

Due: September 1

		Bond	Cumulative	
Year	Amount	Years	Bond Years	Year
2027	\$ 200,000	356.11	356.11	2027
2028	200,000	556.11	912.22	2028
2029	200,000	756.11	1,668.33	2029
2030	225,000	1,075.63	2,743.96	2030
2031	225,000	1,300.63	4,044.58	2031
2032	250,000	1,695.14	5,739.72	2032
2033	250,000	1,945.14	7,684.86	2033
2034	250,000	2,195.14	9,880.00	2034
2035	275,000	2,689.65	12,569.65	2035
2036	275,000	2,964.65	15,534.31	2036
2037	300,000	3,534.17	19,068.47	2037
2038	300,000	3,834.17	22,902.64	2038
2039	325,000	4,478.68	27,381.32	2039
2040	325,000	4,803.68	32,185.00	2040
2041	350,000	5,523.19	37,708.19	2041
2042	350,000	5,873.19	43,581.39	2042
2043	375,000	6,667.71	50,249.10	2043
2044	375,000	7,042.71	57,291.81	2044
2045	400,000	7,912.22	65,204.03	2045
2046	425,000	8,831.74	74,035.76	2046
2047	425,000	9,256.74	83,292.50	2047
2048	450,000	10,251.25	93,543.75	2048
2049	825,000	19,618.96	113,162.71	2049
2050	850,000	21,063.47	134,226.18	2050

Total Bond Years: 134,226.18 Average Maturity: 15.931891 Years

CERTIFICATE OF ISSUE PRICE

(sales where 3 bids are received from underwriters)

The Underwriter or the manager of the syndicate of Underwriters ("Purchaser"), with respect to the purchase at competitive sale of the Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 issued by the Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District ("Issuer") in the principal amount of \$8,425,000 ("Bonds"), hereby certifies and represents, based on its records and information, as follows:

- (a) On the first day on which there was a binding contract in writing for the purchase of the Bonds by the Purchaser, the Purchaser's reasonably expected initial offering prices of each maturity of the Bonds with the same credit and payment terms (the "Expected Offering Prices") to a person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter are as set forth in the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Bonds, as attached to this Certificate as Schedule A. The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Bonds used by the Purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.
- (b) The Purchaser had an equal opportunity to bid to purchase the Bonds and it was not given the opportunity to review other bids that was not equally given to all other bidders (i.e., no last look).

(c)	The bid submitted by the Purchaser constituted a firm bid to purchase the Bonds.
(d)	The Purchaser has []/has not [] purchased bond insurance for the Bonds. The bond insurance has been purchased from (the "Insurer") for a fee of \$ (net any nonguarantee cost, e.g., rating agency fees). The amount of such fee is set forth in the Insurer's commitment and does not include any payment for any direct or indirect services other than the transfer of credit risk, unless the compensation for those other services is separately stated reasonable, and excluded from such fee. Such fee does not exceed a reasonable, arm's-length charge for the transfer or credit risk and it has been paid to a person who is not exempt from federal income taxation and who is not a user or related to the user of any proceeds of the Bonds. The present value of the debt service savings expected to be realized as a result of such insurance exceeds the amount of the fee set forth above. For this purpose, present value is computed using the yield on the Bonds, determined by taking into account the amount of the fee set forth above, as the discount rate. No portion of the fee payable to the Insurer is refundable upon redemption of any of the Bonds in an amount which would exceed the portion of the fee set forth above.
	of such fee that has not been earned.

For purposes of this Issue Price Certificate, the term "Underwriter" means (1) (i) a person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, or (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (1)(i) of this paragraph (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (2) any person who has more than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly, with a person described in clause (1) of this paragraph.

The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds. Notwithstanding anything set forth herein, the Purchaser is not engaged in the practice of law and makes no representation as to the legal sufficiency of the factual matters set forth herein.

EXECUTED and DELIVERED as of this		
		, as Purchaser
	Ву:	
	Name:	

SCHEDULE A PRICING WIRE OR EQUIVALENT COMMUNICATION (Attached)

CERTIFICATE OF ISSUE PRICE

(sales where 3 bids are not received from underwriters)

The Underwriter or the manager of the syndicate of Underwriters ("Purchaser"), with respect to the purchase at competitive sale of the Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 issued by the Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District ("Issuer") in the principal amount of \$8,425,000 ("Bonds"), hereby certifies and represents, based on its records and information, as follows:

(a)	credit and payment terms ("Maturity") was sold o partnership, association, company, or corporation) of	("Hold-the-Price Maturities"), if any, the first prices at fithe principal amount of each maturity of the Bonds having the same in the Sale Date to a person (including an individual, trust, estate, ther than an Underwriter ("Public") are their respective initial offering the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Bonds that is
(b)		ling contract in writing for the sale of the Bonds ("Sale Date"), the e Maturity at their respective Initial Offering Prices, as set forth in
(c)	Maturities to any person at any higher price than the	greed in writing to neither offer nor sell any of the Hold-the-Price Initial Offering Price for such Maturity until the earlier of the close of on which the Purchaser sells a Substantial Amount of a Maturity of the Offering Price for such Maturity.
(d)	from (the "Insurer") fees). The amount of such fee is set forth in the Insu indirect services other than the transfer of credit risk reasonable, and excluded from such fee. Such fee credit risk and it has been paid to a person who is not to the user of any proceeds of the Bonds. The present such insurance exceeds the amount of the fee set forth the Bonds, determined by taking into account the am	ond insurance for the Bonds. The bond insurance has been purchased for a fee of \$ (net any nonguarantee cost, e.g., rating agency rer's commitment and does not include any payment for any direct or unless the compensation for those other services is separately stated, loes not exceed a reasonable, arm's-length charge for the transfer of the exempt from federal income taxation and who is not a user or related to value of the debt service savings expected to be realized as a result of a above. For this purpose, present value is computed using the yield on count of the fee set forth above, as the discount rate. No portion of the tion of any of the Bonds in an amount which would exceed the portion
with the Public, o paragrap Bonds to	Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an under r (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contr h (including a member of a selling group or a party to	riter" means (1) (i) a person that agrees pursuant to a written contract writing syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the act directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (1)(i) of this o a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the ds to the Public, and (2) any person who has more than 50% common use (1) of this paragraph.
Bonds, a from gro income t	tations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate and with nd by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. in connections income for federal income tax purposes, the preparatax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to the haser is not engaged in the practice of law and makes	n will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the on with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded ation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal time relating to the Bonds. Notwithstanding anything set forth herein, no representation as to the legal sufficiency of the factual matters set
EXECU'	TED and DELIVERED as of this	, as Purchaser
		By:
		Nome

SCHEDULE A PRICING WIRE OR EQUIVALENT COMMUNICATION (Attached)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED OCTOBER 9, 2025

NEW ISSUE -BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Underlying Rating: Moody's "Baa3" See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE"

In the opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel to the District, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions existing on the date of such opinion, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein, including the alternative minimum tax on certain corporations.

THE DISTRICT EXPECTS TO DESIGNATE THE BONDS AS QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS. See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions" herein.

\$8,425,000

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Williamson County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025

Dated: November 20, 2025 Due: September 1, as shown on the inside cover page

Interest on the \$8,425,000 Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds") will accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery, defined below, and is payable March 1, 2026, and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is UMB Bank, N.A., Austin, Texas (the "Paying Agent" or "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are obligations solely of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District") and are not obligations of the City of Georgetown, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District.

The District has applied for an insurance policy ensuring the timely payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds and has qualified for such insurance. The purchase of municipal bond insurance will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser.

MATURITY SCHEDULE, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS, AND CUSIP NUMBERS (see inside cover page)

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District and will be payable solely from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment." This cover page contains information for quick reference only and is not a summary of the Bonds. Potential investors must read this entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision. INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS IS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered by the initial purchaser (the "Initial Purchaser") subject to prior sale, when, as, and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject to, among other things, the approval of the initial Bond by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel to the District ("Bond Counsel"). Delivery of the Bonds in book entry form is expected through the facilities of DTC on or about November 20, 2025 (the "Date of Initial Delivery") in Austin, Texas.

BIDS DUE: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 2025 BY 9:00 A.M., C.D.T. AWARD EXPECTED: 11:00 A.M., C.D.T.

MATURITY SCHEDULE, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS, AND CUSIP NUMBERS

(Due September 1)

CUSIP Prefix: 085770

				Initial						Initial	
Due	1	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP	Due		Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP
September 1		Amount	Rate (a)	Yield (b)	Suffix (c)	September	1	Amount	Rate (a)	Yield (b)	Suffix (c)
2027	\$	200,000	%	%		2039	*	\$ 325,00	0%	%	
2028		200,000	%	%		2040	*	325,00	0%	%	
2029		200,000	%	%		2041	*	350,00	0%	%	
2030		225,000	%	%		2042	*	350,00	0%	%	
2031		225,000	%	%		2043	*	375,00	0%	%	
2032		250,000	%	%		2044	*	375,00	0%	%	
2033	*	250,000	%	%		2045	*	400,00	0%	%	
2034	*	250,000	%	%		2046	*	425,00	0%	%	
2035	*	275,000	%	%		2047	*	425,00	0 %	%	
2036	*	275,000	%	%		2048	*	450,00	0%	%	
2037	*	300,000	%	%		2049	*	825,00	0%	%	
2038	*	300,000	%	%		2050	*	850,00	0%	%	

^{*} Redemption Provisions: The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2032, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Bonds may also be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption if the Initial Purchaser elects to aggregate two or more certain maturities as term bonds (the "Term Bonds"). See "THE BONDS - Redemption."

⁽a) After requesting competitive bids for purchase of the Bonds, the District has accepted the lowest bid to purchase the Bonds, bearing interest as shown, at a price of % of par, resulting in a net effective interest rate to the District of %.

⁽b) The initial reoffering yields indicated represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or the first redemption date. The initial yields at which the Bonds will be priced will be established by and will be the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser. The yields may be changed at any time at the discretion of the Initial Purchaser.

⁽c) CUSIP is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by FactSet Research Systems Inc. on behalf of the American Bankers Association. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CUSIP Services provided by CUSIP Global Services. None of the Initial Purchaser, the District, or Public Finance Group LLC, the District's financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor"), is responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers set forth herein. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part, as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

MATURITY SCHEDULE, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS,	•	THE SYSTEM	
REDEMPTION PROVISIONS, AND CUSIP NUMBERS		Regulation	36
USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENTSALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS		Water Supply and Distribution	
Award of the Bonds		Storm Drainage	36
Prices and Marketability.		100-Year Flood Plain	
Securities Laws		Water, Wastewater, and Draiange Operations - Rates and Fees -	5 /
MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE		Table 1	37
OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY		Operating Revenues and Expenses Statement - Table 2	
THE DISTRICT		PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – TABLE 3	
THE BONDS		FINANCIAL STATEMENTFINANCIAL STATEMENT	
INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS		Assessed Value – Table 4	
SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION		Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued - Table 5	
OFFICIAL STATEMENT		Outstanding Bonds - Table 6	41
INTRODUCTION			
THE BONDS		Investment Authority and Investment Practices of the District	
General Description.		Current Investments - Table 8	43
Redemption		Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement	43
Selection of Bonds for Redemption		Overlapping Taxes for 2025	
DTC Redemption Provision		TAX DATA	
Termination of Book-Entry-Only System		Classification of Assessed Valuation - Table 9	
Authority for Issuance		Tax Collections - Table 10	
Source of and Security for Payment		District Tax Rates - Table 11	
Payment Record		Debt Service Tax	
Flow of Funds		Maintenance Tax	
Paying Agent/Registrar		Principal Taxpayers - Table 12	45
Defeasance of Outstanding Bonds		Tax Adequacy for Debt Service	46
Record Date		Debt Service Fund Management Index	
Issuance of Additional Debt		TAXING PROCEDURES	47
Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas		Authority to Levy Taxes	
Specific Tax Covenants	17	Property Tax Code and County Wide Appraisal District	47
Additional Covenants	17	Property Subject to Taxation by the District	47
Remedies in Event of Default	17	Valuation of Property for Taxation	48
Consolidation	18	Temporary Exemption for Qualified Property Damaged by a	
Dissolution	18	Disaster	49
Alteration of Boundaries	18	District and Taxpayer Remedies	
Approval of the Bonds	18	Levy and Collection of Taxes	49
Amendments to the Bond Order		Tax Payment Installments	
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM	18	Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate	50
USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS	21	District's Rights In The Event Of Tax Delinquencies	
INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS	22	Effect of FIRREA on Tax Collections	
General	22	LEGAL MATTERS	51
Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments		Legal Opinions	
Increase in Costs of Building Materials		No-Litigation Certificate	
Potential Impact of Natural Disaster		No Material Adverse Change	
Bond Insurance Risks		TAX MATTERS	
Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies		Opinion	
Registered Owners' Remedies		Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue	
Marketability		Discount	52
Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights		Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences	
The Effect of the Financial Institutions Act of 1989 on Tax	20	State, Local, and Foreign Taxes	
Collections of the District	25	Information Reporting and Backup Withholding	
Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants.		Future and Proposed Legislation	54
Future Debt		Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions	
Governmental Approval		CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION	
Forward-Looking Statements		Annual Reports	
Environmental Regulation		Notice of Certain Events	
Future and Proposed Legislation		Availability of Information from the MSRB	
State Legislative Changes		Limitations and Amendments	
Drought Conditions		Compliance with Prior Undertakings	
Storm Water		FINANCIAL ADVISOR	
LOCATION MAP		OFFICIAL STATEMENT	
THE DISTRICT			
		Preparation	
General Management		Consultants	
Management		Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period	
Location		Certification as to Official Statement	
Historical and Current Status of Development		Official Statement "Deemed Final"	
Future Development		Annual Audits	57
Consent Agreement with the City		PHOTOGRAPHS	
THE DEVELOPERS		APPENDIX A –Audited Financial Statements	
Role of Developer		APPENDIX B – Form of Bond Counsel Opinion	
Description of the Developers			
Homebuilder within the District			
Utility Construction Agreement			
Agricultural Waiver			
Acquisition and Development Financing	36		

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This Official Statement does not alone constitute, and is not authorized by the District for use in connection with, an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District and other sources believed to be reliable, but such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness and is not to be construed as the promise or guarantee of the Financial Advisor. This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates and opinions, or that they will be realized.

Any references to website addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such websites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Rule").

All of the summaries of the statutes, orders, contracts, records, and engineering and other related reports set forth in the Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the Financial Advisor, for further information.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions, and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this "Official Statement" nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District, or the other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this "Official Statement" current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT - Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period."

The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in other information provided by the District, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including regarding the District's expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the District on the date hereof, and the District assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Forward-Looking Statements."

NEITHER THE DISTRICT NOR THE FINANCIAL ADVISOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT REGARDING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY OR ITS BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM.

THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT ARE NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS LEGAL, BUSINESS, OR TAX ADVICE, AND PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN ATTORNEYS AND BUSINESS AND TAX ADVISORS.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

Prices and Marketability

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the Date of Initial Delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bond house, broker, or

similar person acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time-to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices or the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over the trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of municipal utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

Securities Laws

NEITHER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THE BONDS OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE

In connection with the sale of the Bonds, the District applied to Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") for a municipal bond rating and has received an "Baa3" underlying rating. An explanation of the significance of a rating may be obtained from the company furnishing the rating. The rating reflects only the respective view of such company, and the District makes no representation as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating company, if, in the judgment of such company, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

The District has applied for an insurance policy ensuring the timely payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds and has qualified for such insurance. The purchase of such insurance and the payment of all associated costs will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. Potential investors must read this entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision. No person is authorized to detach this summary from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement. Investment in the Bonds is subject to certain investment considerations. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

THE DISTRICT

The District	Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ" or the "Commission"), effective July 22, 2019, and confirmed pursuant to an election held within the District on November 5, 2019. The District was created for the purpose of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, collect, and treat wastewater, providing roads, and providing and operating parks and recreational facilities, and operates pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. See "THE DISTRICT – General."
Location	The District is located entirely within the city limits of the City of Georgetown, Texas ("Georgetown" or the "City"), and is situated in northern Williamson County, approximately 7.3 miles northwest of the Georgetown central business district. The District lies north of Shell Road and west of State Highway 195. See "LOCATION MAP" and "THE DISTRICT - Location."
The Developers	The developers currently active within the District are (i) Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX, LLC, a Delaware limited partnership ("Berry Creek (Georgetown)"), an entity controlled by Marvin Shapiro; (ii) Ashton Austin Residential, L.L.C., a Texas limited liability company ("Ashton Austin Residential"); and (iii) Chesmar Homes, LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("Chesmar Homes", and collectively with Berry Creek (Georgetown) and Ashton Austin Residential, the "Developers"). See "THE DEVELOPERS - Description of the Developers" and "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development."
Status of Development	Of the approximately 314.54 acres within the District, approximately 238.40 are developable. As of July 1, 2025, approximately 164.35 acres (or approximately 68.94% of the developable acreage within the District) have been or were being developed with utility facilities. Residential development includes the single-family residential subdivisions of Berry Creek Highlands Phases 1B, 2B, 3, and 4A, on approximately 101.91 acres, encompassing a total of 385 single-family lots, which includes 199 completed homes, 21 homes under construction, and 165 vacant single-family lots. Additionally, construction of the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 6B-2 (13 single family lots on approximately 3.33 acres) began in January 2025 and is expected to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2025, and construction of the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 5 (97 single family lots on approximately 17.61 acres) began in August 2025 and is expected to be completed by the second quarter of 2026. Multi-family development includes a 308-unit apartment complex on approximately 16.70 acres, called Alta Berry Creek Highlands and owned by Alta Berry Creek LP, the District's largest taxpayer, and a 224-unit apartment complex on approximately 24.80 acres, called Avilla Berry Creek and owned by Nexmetro Berry Creek Highlands LP, a principal taxpayer in the District. See "TAX DATA - Principal Taxpayers - Table 12." The District contains approximately 76.14 acres which will not be developable for single-family residential, multi-family, or commercial purposes, consisting of parks and open spaces, a future elementary school site, a future fire station site, and the amenity center. As of July 1, 2025, there were approximately 74.05 remaining developable acres within the District. See "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development."
Homebuilder	According to the Developers, the homebuilder currently active within the District is Ashton Woods Homes. The homes range in price from approximately \$352,000 to \$465,000, with square footage ranging from approximately 1,589 to 2,904. See "THE DEVELOPERS – Homebuilder within the District."

THE BONDS

Description	The \$8,425,000 Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds") mature serially in varying amounts on September 1 of each year from 2027 through 2050, inclusive, as set forth on the inside cover page hereof unless the Initial Purchaser elects to aggregate two or more maturities as Term Bonds. Interest accrues from the Date of Initial Delivery at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page hereof and is payable March 1, 2026, and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption. The Bonds are offered in fully registered form in integral multiples of \$5,000 for any one maturity. See "THE BONDS - General Description."
Redemption	The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2032, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Bonds, if designated as Term Bonds, may also be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. See "THE BONDS - Redemption."
Source of Payment	Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property within the District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment."
Payment Record	The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. The District has not defaulted on the timely payment of principal or interest on its previously issued bonds, entitled: "\$5,700,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024" (the "Previously Issued Bonds"). The proceeds of the Previously Issued Bonds included twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$14,125,000 aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds"). See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Outstanding Bonds – Table 6."
Authority for Issuance	The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 5, 2019; the approving order of the TCEQ; and an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order"). See "THE BONDS - Authority for Issuance."
Use of Proceeds	The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the following: (i) water impact fees; (ii) wastewater impact fees; and (iii) water, wastewater, and drainage facilities serving Berry Creek Highlands Phases 2B and 4A.
	The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."
Bonds Authorized But Unissued	At an election held within the District on November 5, 2019, voters within the District authorized a total of \$122,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities. The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$107,875,000 aggregate principal amount of remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax new money bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities. The Consent Agreement with the City limits the amount of bonds that can be issued to reimburse the Developer to \$30,150,000. See "THE DISTRICT – Consent Agreement with the City." Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 5, 2019, the voters within the District also approved the issuance of \$9,150,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, \$32,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the construction of roads, and the issuance of refunding bonds in an amount of \$196,725,000 for water, wastewater, drainage, and park and

recreation bonds, and \$48,000,000 for road bonds, all of which remains authorized but unissued. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued – Table 5", "-Outstanding Bonds – Table 6", and "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

Municipal Bond Rating and Bond Insurance.....

In connection with the sale of the Bonds, the District has applied to Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") for a municipal bond rating and has received an "Baa3" underlying rating. Additionally, the District has applied for an insurance policy ensuring the timely payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds and has qualified for such insurance. The purchase of such insurance and the payment of all associated costs will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser.

Qualified Tax-Exempt

of tax-exempt obligations (including the Bonds) issued by it during calendar year 2025 is not reasonably expected to exceed \$10,000,000. See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt

Obligations for Financial Institutions."

Bond Counsel

and Disclosure Counsel...... McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas.

General Counsel Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, Austin, Texas.

Financial Advisor Public Finance Group LLC, Austin, Texas.

Engineer...... Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc., Austin, Texas.

Paying Agent / Registrar UMB Bank, N.A., Austin, Texas.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds involve certain investment considerations, and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully the Official Statement, including particularly the section captioned "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS," with respect to investment in the Bonds.

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SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

Gross Debt Outstanding, including the Bonds and the Previously Issued Bonds (collectively, may be referred to as the "Outstanding Bonds") Ratio of Gross Debt to 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025 2025 Tax Rate Debt Service Maintenance Total 2025 Tax Rate Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 22, 2025) Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Proj	2025 Certified Assessed Valuation Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025		160,959,921 183,264,000	(a) (b)
Ratio of Gross Debt to 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025 2025 Tax Rate Debt Service Maintenance Debt Service Sound Maintenance Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 22, 2025) Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Solot Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Solot Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Solot Valuation at 95% collections Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified A	Gross Debt Outstanding, including the Bonds and the Previously Issued Bonds			(c)
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Maintenance Total 2025 Tax Rate Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 22, 2025) Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Year 2020-2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections S 0.64 \$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections Total Number of Active Connections Total Number of Active Connections	2025 Tax Rate			
Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Years 2020-2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2032) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections S 0.64 \$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections	Maintenance	\$ 	\$ 0.5500	(d)
Percentage of current tax collections (Tax Year 2024) Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Years 2020-2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2032) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Solota / \$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Solota / \$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Solota / \$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections	Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 22, 2025)		\$ 547,264	(e)
Percentage of total tax collections (Tax Years 2020-2024) Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2026-2050, inclusive) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2032) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections \$ 0.64 /\$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections \$ 0.64 /\$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections \$ 0.57 /\$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections			80.30%	(f)
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Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2032) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections \$ 0.64 /\$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections \$ 0.57 /\$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections 222			\$ 0.62	/\$100 AV
Previously Issued Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2032) Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections \$ 0.64 /\$100 AV Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections \$ 0.57 /\$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections			\$ 0.54	/\$100 AV
Certified Assessed Valuation at 95% collections Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) Total Number of Active Connections \$ 0.64 /\$100 AV			\$ 977,031	(g)
Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, at 95% collections \$ 0.57 /\$100 AV Number of active connections as of July 1, 2025 Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied 197 Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) 2 Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) 21 Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied) 2 Total Number of Active Connections 222			\$ 0.64	/\$100 AV
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	Single Family Homes - Complete & Occupied Single Family Homes - Complete & Unoccupied (Spec) Single Family Homes - Builder (Under Construction) Apartments - (532 Units/490 Occupied)	2 21	222	
				(1)

[Footnotes appear on the following page]

- (a) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2025, as provided by Williamson Central Appraisal District ("WCAD"). See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (b) The estimated assessed valuation as of July 1, 2025, as provided by WCAD. No taxes will be levied on this assessed valuation unless it is certified by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (c) Includes the Bonds.
- (d) The District levied a 2025 total tax rate of \$0.55 at its meeting in August 2025. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (e) Unaudited as of August 22, 2025. Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months' capitalized interest (\$758,250) included in the Bond proceeds to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund upon closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the Debt Service Fund.
- (f) As of August 31, 2025. Alta Berry Creek LP has protested a portion of their 2024 tax assessment and are currently under district court appeal with WCAD. The amount in dispute owed to the District is \$173,453. While the account is under appeal, and since the property owner made a timely payment for the undisputed amount, the account is not considered delinquent at this time. Once the appeal has been finalized and the updated property values have been sent to the tax office by WCAD, Alta Berry Creek LP will receive a supplemental tax bill showing any taxes due at that time, if any are due. See "TAX DATA Tax Collections Table 10."
- (g) See "TAX DATA Tax Collections Table 10."
- (h) See "PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TABLE 3."
- (i) Based upon 3.0 residents per completed and occupied single-family home and 2.5 residents per occupied apartment unit. As of July 1, 2025, the Alta Berry Creek Highlands Apartments were 93% occupied (285 units occupied) and the Avilla Berry Creek Apartments were 92% occupied (205 units).

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to

\$8,425,000

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Williamson County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "State"), of its \$8,425,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, and the general laws of the State, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 5, 2019; and the approving order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ" or the "Commission").

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Order.

Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Bonds and certain information about the District, the Developers (defined herein), and development activity in the District. ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE SUMMARIES ONLY AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT. A reasonable number of copies of such documents may be obtained from the District c/o Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, 100 Congress Avenue, Suite 1300, Austin, Texas, 78701 or from the District's Financial Advisor, Public Finance Group LLC, P.O. Box 81849, Austin, Texas, 78708, upon payment of reasonable copying, mailing, and handling charges.

This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. A copy of this Official Statement will be submitted by the Initial Purchaser to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" and "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period" for a description of the District undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

THE BONDS

General Description

The Bonds will bear interest from the Date of Initial Delivery (as defined on the cover page hereof) and will mature on September 1 of the years and in the principal amounts, and will bear interest at the rates per annum, set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be paid on March 1, 2026, and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent and registrar for the Bonds is UMB Bank, N.A., Austin, Texas (the "Paying Agent" or "Paying Agent/Registrar").

Redemption

Optional Redemption... The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2033, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2032, or on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption.... In addition to being subject to optional redemption, as provided above, the Bonds maturing on September 1, ____ and September 1, ____ (the "Term Bonds") are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity in the following amounts, on the following dates and at a price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date from amounts required to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund:

\$ Term Bond Maturing					
September 1,	,*				
Mandatory					
Redemption	Principal				
Date	Amount				

\$ Term Bond Maturing September 1, *						
Mandatory						
Redemption	Principal					
Date	Amount					

The principal amount of the Term Bonds required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the option of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds of the stated maturity which, at least 50 days prior to a mandatory redemption date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District, at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and cancelled by the Paying Agent at the request of the District, with monies in the Debt Service Fund at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

Notice of Redemption . . . At least 30 calendar days prior to the date fixed for any optional redemption of Bonds, or portions thereof prior to maturity, a written notice of such redemption shall be sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at its address as it appeared on the 45th calendar day prior to such redemption date and to major securities depositories and bond information services.

With respect to any optional redemption of the Bonds, unless certain prerequisites to such redemption required by the Bond Order have been met and money sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to be optionally redeemed have been received by the Paying Agent prior to the giving of such notice of redemption, such notice will state that said optional redemption may, at the option of the District, be conditional upon the satisfaction of such prerequisites and receipt of such money by the Paying Agent on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption, or upon any prerequisite set forth in such notice of redemption. If a conditional notice of redemption is given and such prerequisites to the redemption are not fulfilled, such notice will be of no force and effect, the District will not redeem such Bonds, and the Paying Agent will give notice in the manner in which the notice of redemption was given, to the effect that the Bonds have not been redeemed.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption

If less than all of the Bonds are called for redemption, the particular Bonds, or portions thereof, or sinking fund installments in the case of the Term Bonds, to be redeemed shall be selected and designated by the District, and if less than all of a maturity, or sinking fund installment in the case of the Term Bonds, is to be redeemed, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall determine by lot or other customary random method the Bonds, or portions thereof within such maturity to be redeemed (provided that a portion of a Bond may be redeemed only in integral multiples of \$5,000 principal amount); provided, that during any period in which ownership of the Bonds is determined only by a book entry at a securities depository for the Bonds, if fewer than all of the Bonds of the same maturity, or sinking fund installment in the case of the Term Bonds, and bearing the same interest rate are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds of such maturity, such interest rate, and such sinking fund installment in the case of the Term Bonds shall be selected in accordance with the arrangements between the District and the securities depository.

DTC Redemption Provision

The Paying Agent/Registrar and the District, so long as a book-entry-only system is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption, notice of proposed amendment to the Bond Order, or other notices with respect to the Bonds only to DTC. Any failure by DTC to advise any DTC Participant, as herein defined, or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant, as herein defined, to notify the beneficial owner, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of Bonds called for redemption or any other action premised on any such notice. Redemption of portions of the Bonds by the District will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such Bonds held by DTC. In such event, DTC may implement, through its book-entry-only system, a redemption of such Bonds held for the account of DTC Participants in accordance with its rules or other agreements with DTC Participants and then Direct Participants and Indirect Participants may implement a redemption of such Bonds and such redemption will not be conducted by the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Neither the District nor the Paying Agent/Registrar will have any responsibility to the DTC Participants. Indirect Participants or the persons for whom DTC Participants act as nominees with respect to the payments on the Bonds or the providing of notice to Direct Participants, Indirect Participants, or beneficial owners of the selection of portions of the Bonds for redemption.

Termination of Book-Entry-Only System

The District is initially utilizing the book-entry-only system of DTC ("Book-Entry-Only System"). See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." In the event that the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by DTC or the District, the following provisions will be applicable to the Bonds.

^{*}Stated Maturity

Payment . . . Principal of the Bonds will be payable at maturity to the registered owners as shown by the registration books maintained by the Paying Agent upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds to the Paying Agent at the designated office for payment of the Paying Agent in Austin, Texas (the "Designated Payment/Transfer Office"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check or draft, dated as of the applicable interest payment date, sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid, to the registered owners at their respective addresses shown on such records, or by such other method acceptable to the Paying Agent requested by the registered owner at the risk and expense of the registered owner. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds is a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions in the city where the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent is located are required or authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions are required or authorized to close, and payment on such date shall for all purposes be deemed to have been made on the original date payment was due.

Registration. . . If the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds may be transferred and re-registered on the registration books of the Paying Agent only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. A Bond also may be exchanged for a Bond or Bonds of like maturity and interest and having a like aggregate principal amount or maturity amount, as the case may, upon presentation and surrender at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. All Bonds surrendered for transfer or exchange must be endorsed for assignment by the execution by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent of an assignment form on the Bonds or other instruction of transfer acceptable to the Paying Agent. Transfer and exchange of Bonds will be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such transfer or exchange. A new Bond or Bonds, in lieu of the Bond being transferred or exchanged, will be delivered by the Paying Agent to the registered owner, at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent or by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be canceled in the exchange or transfer in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Limitation on Transfer of Bonds... Neither the District nor the Paying Agent shall be required to make any transfer, conversion, or exchange to an assignee of the registered owner of the Bonds (i) during the period commencing on the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding each interest payment date (the "Record Date") and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or (ii) with respect to any Bond called for redemption, in whole or in part, within forty-five (45) days of the date fixed for redemption; provided, however, such limitation of transfer shall not be applicable to an exchange by the registered owner of the uncalled balance of a Bond.

Replacement Bonds... If a Bond is mutilated, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond in exchange for the mutilated bond. If a Bond is destroyed, lost, or stolen, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond upon (i) the filing by the registered owner with the Paying Agent of evidence satisfactory to the Paying Agent of the destruction, loss, or theft of the Bond and the authenticity of the registered owner's ownership and (ii) the furnishing to the Paying Agent of indemnification in an amount satisfactory to hold the District and the Paying Agent harmless. All expenses and charges associated with such indemnity and with the preparation, execution, and delivery of a replacement Bond must be borne by the registered owner. The provisions of the Bond Order relating to the replacement Bonds are exclusive and to the extent lawful, preclude all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement and payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost, or stolen Bonds.

Authority for Issuance

At an election held within the District on November 5, 2019, voters within the District authorized a total of \$122,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities. The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$107,875,000 aggregate principal amount of remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax new money bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities. The Consent Agreement with the City limits the amount of bonds that can be issued by the District to \$30,150,000. See "THE DISTRICT – Consent Agreement with the City." Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 5, 2019, the voters within the District also approved the issuance of \$9,150,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, \$32,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the construction of roads, and the issuance of refunding bonds in an amount of \$196,725,000 for water, wastewater, drainage, and park and recreation bonds, and \$48,000,000 for road bonds, all of which remains authorized but unissued.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the election held on November 5, 2019, the terms and provisions of the Bond Order, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The issuance of the Bonds has been approved by an order of the TCEQ dated September 8, 2025.

Source of and Security for Payment

The Bonds will be payable from and secured by a pledge of the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. The Board covenants in the Bond Order that, while the Bonds are outstanding and the District is in existence, it will levy an annual ad valorem tax and will undertake to collect such a tax against all taxable property within the District at a rate from year to year sufficient, full allowance being made for anticipated delinquencies, together with revenues and receipts from other sources which are legally available for such purposes, to pay interest on the Bonds as it becomes due, to provide a sinking fund for the payment of principal of the Bonds when due or the redemption price at any earlier required redemption date, to pay when due any other contractual obligations of the District payable in whole or in part from taxes, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such tax. The net proceeds from taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds and the Previously Issued Bonds (defined below) are required to be placed in a special account of the District designated its "Debt Service Fund". The Bond Order provides for the termination of the pledge of taxes when and if the City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City") annexes and dissolves the District and assumes all debts and liabilities of the District.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any political subdivision or entity other than the District.

Payment Record

The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. The District has not defaulted on the timely payment of principal or interest on its previously issued bonds, entitled: "\$5,700,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024" (the "Previously Issued Bonds"). The proceeds of the Previously Issued Bonds included twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$14,125,000 aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds"). See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Outstanding Bonds."

Flow of Funds

The Bond Order creates or confirms the creation of a Debt Service Fund and a Capital Projects Fund.

Each fund shall be kept separate and apart on the books and records of the District from all other funds of the District. The Debt Service Fund shall constitute a trust fund which shall be held in trust for the benefit of the registered owner of the Outstanding Bonds.

Any cash balance in any fund must be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of the State of Texas to secure the funds of municipal utility districts having an aggregate market value, exclusive of accrued interest, at all times equal to the cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged.

Debt Service Fund... The Bond Order establishes the Debt Service Fund to be used to pay principal and interest on and Paying Agent fees with respect to the Bonds. The Bond Order requires that the District deposit to the credit of the Debt Service Fund (i) from the delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, the amount received from proceeds of the Bonds representing capitalized interest on the Bonds; (ii) District ad valorem taxes (and penalties and interest thereon) levied to pay debt service requirements on (or fees and expenses of the Paying Agent with respect to) the Bonds; and (iii) such other funds as the Board shall, at its option, deem advisable. The Bond Order requires that the Debt Service Fund be applied solely to provide for the payment of the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Bonds when due, and to pay fees to the Paying Agent when due.

Capital Projects Fund... The Capital Projects Fund is the capital improvements fund of the District. The Bond Order requires the District to deposit to the credit of the Capital Projects Fund the balance of the proceeds of the Bonds remaining after the deposits to the Debt Service Fund provided in the Bond Order. The Capital Projects Fund may be applied solely (i) to pay the costs necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes for which the Bonds are issued, (ii) to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds, and (iii) to the extent the proceeds of the Bonds and investment income attributable thereto are in excess of the amounts required to acquire and construct water, wastewater, and drainage facilities as approved by TCEQ, then, in the discretion of the Board of Directors of the District, to transfer such unexpended proceeds or income to the Debt Service Fund or to utilize such funds as otherwise authorized by the TCEQ.

Paying Agent/Registrar

Principal of and semiannual interest on the Bonds will be paid by the initial Paying Agent/Registrar, UMB Bank, N.A., having an office for payment in Austin, Texas.

Any Paying Agent must be either a bank, trust company, financial institution, or other entity duly qualified and equally authorized to serve and perform the duties as paying agent and registrar for the Bonds. Provision is made in the Bond Order for the District to replace the Paying Agent by a resolution of the District giving notice to the Paying Agent of the termination of the appointment, stating the effective date of the termination and appointing a successor Paying Agent. If the Paying Agent is replaced by the District, the new

Paying Agent shall be required to accept the previous Paying Agent's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent. Any successor paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be subject to the same qualification requirements as the Paying Agent. The successor paying agent/registrar, if any, shall be determined by the Board of Directors and written notice thereof, specifying the name and address of such successor paying agent/registrar will be sent by the District or the successor paying agent/registrar to each registered owner by first-class mail, postage prepaid.

Defeasance of Outstanding Bonds

General . . . The Bond Order provides for the defeasance of the Bonds and the termination of the pledge of taxes and all other general defeasance covenants in the Bond Order under certain circumstances. Any Bond and the interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, retired, and no longer outstanding within the meaning of the Bond Order (a "Defeased Bond"), except to the extent provided below for the Paying Agent to continue payments, when the payment of all principal and interest payable with respect to such Bond to the due date or dates thereof (whether such due date or dates be by reason of maturity, upon redemption, or otherwise) either (i) shall have been made or caused to be made in accordance with the terms thereof (including the giving of any required notice of redemption) or (ii) shall have been provided for on or before such due date by irrevocably depositing with or making available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for such payment (1) lawful money of the United States of America sufficient to make such payment, (2) Defeasance Securities (defined below) that mature as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times as will ensure the availability, without reinvestment, of sufficient money to provide for such payment, or (3) any combination of (1) and (2) above, and when proper arrangements have been made by the District with the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of its services until after all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable. At such time as a Bond shall be deemed to be a Defeased Bond, such Bond and the interest thereon shall no longer be secured by, payable from, or entitled to the benefits of, the ad valorem taxes levied and pledged, as provided in the Bond Order and such principal and interest shall be payable solely from such money or Defeasance Securities, and shall not be regarded as outstanding under the Bond Order and the District will have no further responsibility with respect to the payment of such Defeased Bonds, including any insufficiency to receive payments when due on the Defeased Securities.

Any money so deposited with or made available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank also may be invested at the written direction of the District in Defeasance Securities, maturing in the amounts and times as hereinbefore set forth, and all income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank that is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, shall be remitted to the District or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

Until all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable, the Paying Agent shall perform the services of Registrar for such Defeased Bonds the same as if they had not been defeased, and the District shall make proper arrangements to provide and pay for such services as required by the Bond Order.

For purposes of these provisions, "Defeasance Securities" means (i) direct non-callable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (ii) non-callable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provides for the funding of an escrow to effect the defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent, (iii) non-callable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provides for the funding of an escrow to effect the defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent, and (iv) any other then-authorized securities or obligations under applicable State law that may be used to defease obligations such as the Bonds.

Any such obligations must be certified by an independent public accounting firm of national reputation to be of such maturities and interest payment dates and bear such interest as will, without further investment or reinvestment of either the principal amount thereof or the interest earnings therefrom, be sufficient to provide all debt service payments on the Bonds.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made without amounts deposited to defease the Bonds. Because the Bond Order does not contractually limit such investments, registered owners may be deemed to have consented to defeasance with such other investments, notwithstanding the fact that such investments may not be of the same investment quality as those currently permitted under State law. There is no assurance that the ratings for U.S. Treasury securities used as Defeasance Securities or those for any other Defeasance Securities will be maintained at any particular rating category.

Retention of Rights . . . To the extent that, upon the defeasance of any Defeased Bond to be paid at its maturity, the District retains the right under Texas law to later call the Defeased Bond for redemption in accordance with the provisions of the order authorizing its

issuance, the District may call such Defeased Bond for redemption upon complying with the provisions of Texas law and upon satisfaction of the provisions set forth above regarding such Defeased Bond as though it was being defeased at the time of the exercise of the option to redeem the Defeased Bond and the effect of the redemption is taken into account in determining the sufficiency of the provisions made for the payment of the Defeased Bond.

Investments . . . Any escrow agreement or other instrument entered into between the District and the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank pursuant to which money and/or Defeasance Securities are held by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of Defeased Bonds may contain provisions permitting the investment or reinvestment of such moneys in Defeasance Securities or the substitution of other Defeasance Securities upon the satisfaction of certain requirements. All income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank which is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, will be remitted to the District, or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

Record Date

The Record Date for payment of the interest on the Bonds on any regularly scheduled interest payment date is defined as the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such interest payment date.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue bonds or other obligations necessary to provide those improvements and facilities for which the District was created, with the approval of the TCEQ, if applicable, and, in the case of bonds payable from taxes, the District's voters. On November 5, 2019, voters within the District authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities in the principal amount of \$122,000,000, of which \$107,875,000 principal amount will remain authorized but unissued after the issuance of the Bonds. The Consent Agreement with the City limits the amount of bonds that can be issued to reimburse the Developer to \$30,150,000. See "THE DISTRICT - Consent Agreement with the City." Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 5, 2019, the voters within the District also approved the issuance of \$9,150,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, \$32,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the construction of roads, and the issuance of refunding bonds in an amount of \$196,725,000 for water, wastewater, drainage and park and recreation bonds, and \$48,000,000 for road bonds, all of which remains authorized but unissued. The principal amount of park bonds sold by the District is limited to 1% of the District's assessed valuation; however, if the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under TCEQ rules, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to 1% but not 3% of the value of the taxable property in the District. Before the District could issue park bonds payable from taxes, the following actions would be required: (a) approval of the bonds by the TCEQ; and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas. The District is also authorized by statute to engage in fire-fighting activities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purposes, subject to certain conditions. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order imposes a limitation on the amount of additional bonds which may be issued by the District. Any additional bonds issued by the District may dilute the security for the Bonds.

The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections, or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional bonds may be subject to approval of the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

Pursuant to Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by a municipal utility district "shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the State, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the State, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic." Additionally, Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code provides that bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by a municipal utility district are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the State and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the State. For political subdivisions in Texas which have adopted investment policies and guidelines in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256) ("PFIA"), the Bonds may have to be assigned a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent as to investment quality by a national rating agency before such obligations are eligible investments for sinking funds and other public funds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE."

The District makes no representation that the Bonds will be acceptable to banks, savings and loan associations, or public entities for investment purposes or to secure deposits of public funds. The District has made no investigation of other laws, regulations, or investment criteria which might apply to or otherwise limit the availability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Prospective purchasers are urged to evaluate carefully the investment quality of the Bonds and as to the acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Specific Tax Covenants

In the Bond Order, the District covenants with respect to, among other matters, the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the manner in which the proceeds of the Bonds are to be invested. The District may cease to comply with any such covenant if it has received a written opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel to the effect that regulations or rulings hereafter promulgated modify or expand provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), so that such covenant is ineffective or inapplicable or non-compliance with such covenant will not adversely affect the exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds under Section 103 of the Code.

Additional Covenants

The District additionally covenants in the Bond Order that it will keep accurate records and accounts and employ an independent certified public accountant to audit and report on its financial affairs at the close of each fiscal year, such audits to be in accordance with applicable law, rules, and regulations and open to inspection in the office of the District.

Remedies in Event of Default

The Bond Order establishes specific events of default with respect to the Bonds. If the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds when due, or the District defaults in the observance or performance of any of the covenants, conditions, or obligations of the District, the failure to perform which materially, adversely affects the rights of the owners, including, but not limited to, their prospect or ability to be repaid in accordance with the Bond Order, and the continuation thereof for a period of 60 days after notice of such default is given by any owner to the District, the Bond Order and Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code provide that any registered owner is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the District to make such payment or observe and perform such covenants, obligations, or conditions. The issuance of a writ of mandamus may be sought if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Bonds or the Bond Order and the District's obligations are not uncertain or disputed. The remedy of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles, so rests with the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Bond Order does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the registered owners upon any failure of the District to perform in accordance with the terms of the Bond Order, or upon any other condition and accordingly all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. On April 1, 2016, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Wasson Interests, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 489 S.W.3d 427 (Tex. 2016) ("Wasson I"), that governmental immunity does not imbue a city with derivative immunity when it performs a proprietary, as opposed to a governmental, function in respect to contracts executed by a city. On October 5, 2018, the Texas Supreme Court issued a second opinion to clarify Wasson I, Wasson Interests, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 559 S.W.3d 142 (Tex. 2018) ("Wasson II', and together with Wasson I, "Wasson"), ruling that to determine whether governmental immunity applies to a breach of contract claim, the proper inquiry is whether the municipality was engaged in a governmental or proprietary function at the time it entered into the contract, not at the time of the alleged breach. In Wasson, the Court recognized that the distinction between governmental and proprietary functions is not clear. Therefore, in regard to municipal contract cases (as opposed to tort claim cases), it is incumbent on the courts to determine whether a function was governmental or proprietary based upon the statutory and common law guidance at the time of the contractual relationship. Texas jurisprudence has generally held that proprietary functions are those conducted by a city in its private capacity, for the benefit only of those within its corporate limits, and not as an arm of the government or under authority or for the benefit of the State; these are usually activities that can be, and often are, provided by private persons, and therefore are not done as a branch of the State, and do not implicate the state's immunity since they are not performed under the authority, or for the benefit, of the State as sovereign. Issues related to the applicability of governmental immunity as they relate to the issuance of municipal debt have not been adjudicated. Each situation will be evaluated based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the contract in question. On June 30, 2006, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Tooke v. City of Mexia, 49 Tex. Sup. Ct. J. 819 (Tex. 2006), that a waiver of sovereign immunity in a contractual dispute must be provided for by statute in "clear and unambiguous" language. Because it is unclear whether the Texas legislature has effectively waived the District's sovereign immunity from a suit for money damages, registered owners may not be able to bring such a suit against the District for breach of the Bonds or Bond Order covenants. Even if a judgment against the District could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Furthermore, the District is eligible to seek relief from its creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or registered owners of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the District avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Bonds are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors.

Consolidation

A district (such as the District) has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its water system with the water system(s) of the district(s) with which it is consolidating. The revenues of the consolidated system may be pledged equally to all first lien bonds of the consolidating districts. No representation is made that the District will consolidate its water system with that of any other district.

Dissolution

The District lies entirely within the city limits of Georgetown. Under Texas law, the District may be dissolved in whole, but not in part, by the City without the consent of the District once the conditions for dissolution in the Consent Agreement have been satisfied. Under the Consent Agreement, the City agreed not to dissolve the District until after the expiration of the authorized period for the issuance of the Bonds by the District (ten years from the date of the first bond issuance). See "THE DISTRICT – Consent Agreement with the City." If dissolution of the District by the City does occur, the District would be abolished. When the District is abolished, the City must assume the assets, functions, and obligations of the District, including the Bonds. No representation is made concerning the likelihood of dissolution or the ability of the City to make debt service payments should dissolution occur.

Alteration of Boundaries

In certain circumstances, under Texas law the District may alter its boundaries to: i) upon satisfying certain conditions, annex additional territory; and ii) exclude land subject to taxation within the District that does not need to utilize the service of District facilities if certain conditions are satisfied, including the District's simultaneous annexation of land of at least equal value that may be practicably served by District facilities. Such land substitution is subject to the approval of the TCEQ. No representation is made concerning the likelihood that the District will effect any change in its boundaries.

Approval of the Bonds

The TCEQ approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order signed on September 8, 2025 (the "TCEQ Order").

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. Neither the TCEQ nor the Attorney General of Texas passes upon or guarantees the quality of the Bonds as an investment, nor do they pass upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

Amendments to the Bond Order

The District may, without the consent of or notice to any registered owners, amend the Bond Order in any manner not detrimental to the interest of the registered owners, including the curing of an ambiguity, inconsistency, or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the District may, with the written consent of the owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to, or rescind any of the provisions of the Bond Order, except that, without the consent of the owners of all of the Bonds affected, no such amendment, addition, or rescission may (i) extend the time or times of payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest therein, change the place or places at, or the coin or currency in which, any Bond or the interest thereon is payable, or in any other way modify the terms of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (ii) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (iii) reduce the aggregate principal amount of Bonds required for consent to any such amendment, addition, or rescission. In addition, a state, consistent with federal law, may within the exercise of its police powers make such modifications in the terms and conditions of contractual covenants relating to the payment of indebtedness of its political subdivisions as are reasonable and necessary for attainment of an important public purpose.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by DTC while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (i) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (ii) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners (defined below), or that they will do so

on a timely basis, or (iii) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation, and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a rating of "AA+" from S&P Global Ratings. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detailed information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant

and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Financial Advisor takes any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

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USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the following: (i) water impact fees; (ii) wastewater impact fees; and (iii) water, wastewater, and drainage facilities serving Berry Creek Highlands Phases 2B and 4A. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

The estimated use and distribution of Bond proceeds is set forth below. Of the proceeds to be received from the sale of the Bonds, \$6,176,978 is estimated to be required for construction costs, and \$2,248,022 is estimated to be required for non-construction costs, including \$758,250 of capitalized interest (approximately twenty-four (24) months' interest estimated at 4.50%).

Construction Costs

G. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee (0.25%)

H. Attorney General Fee (0.10%)

A. Developer Contribution Items 1. Berry Creek Highlands Phase 2B - Water, Wastewater, and Drainage 1,279,514 2. Berry Creek Highlands Phase 4A - Water, Wastewater, and Drainage 1,963,000 254,852 3. Engineering **Total Developer Contribution Items** 3,497,366 **B.** District Items 1. Water Impact Fees 1,847,907 2. Wastewater Impact Fees 831,705 2,679,612 **Total District Items Total Construction Costs** 6,176,978 **Non-Construction Costs** A. Legal Fees 1 General Counsel Fee (1.5%) \$ 126,375 2 Bond Counsel Fee (1.5%) 126,375 B. Fiscal Agent Fees (2.5%) 210,625 1 Capitalized Interest (2 years @ 4.50%) 758,250 2 Developer Interest (a) 632,972 D. Bond Discount (3%) 252,750 E. Bond Issuance Expenses 52,624 F. Bond Application Report Costs 58,563

21,063

8,425

2,248,022

8,425,000

TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT

Total Non-Construction Costs

⁽a) Preliminary; subject to change. The amount of developer interest will be finalized in connection with the reimbursement report approved by the Board of Directors prior to disbursement of funds.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the City of Georgetown, Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any other political subdivision, will be secured by a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied on all taxable property located within the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment."

The ultimate security for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds depends on the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District all taxes levied against the property or, in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by registered owners of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of property within the District will occur or that the development in the District will maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment by property owners or that there will be a market for the property. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Registered Owners' Remedies."

Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

Economic Factors, Interest Rates, Credit Availability, and Residential Foreclosures: A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of single-family residences and developed lots. The market value of such homes and lots is related to general economic conditions affecting the demand for and taxable value of residences. Demand for lots and residential dwellings can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs, energy availability, and the economic prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban centers toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact existing values.

Interest rates and the availability of credit, including mortgage and development funding, have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates at which developers and homebuilders are able to obtain financing for development and construction costs. Interest rate levels and the general availability of credit may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete development activities within the District and the ability of potential homeowners to purchase homes. Because of the changing factors affecting the availability of funds, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued development and construction within the District. In addition, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Austin metropolitan and regional economies.

Competition: The demand for single-family homes in the District could be affected by competition from other residential developments, including other residential developments located in other utility districts located near the District. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously owned homes in more established neighborhoods closer to downtown Austin that are for sale. Such homes could represent additional competition for homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of developers in the sale of developed lots and of homebuilders in the construction of single-family residential houses within the District is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developers (defined herein) will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Developers under No Obligation to the District: There is no commitment from, or obligation of, any developer to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or the construction of homes in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts and failure of landowners to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. The District is also dependent upon the Developers and the other principal taxpayers for the timely payment of ad valorem taxes, and the District cannot predict what the future financial condition of either will be or what effect, if any, such financial conditions may have on their ability to pay taxes. See "THE DEVELOPERS" and "TAX DATA - Principal Taxpayers – Table 12."

Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently existing within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of owners of property within the District to pay their taxes. The 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation of the District is \$160,959,921. After issuance of the Bonds, the Projected Maximum Requirement will be \$977,031 (2032) and the Projected Average Requirement will be \$938,681 (2026 through 2050, inclusive). Assuming (1) no increase or decrease from the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation; (2) the issuance of no additional debt; and (3) no other funds available for the

payment of debt service, tax rates of \$0.64 and \$0.62 per \$100 assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the Projected Maximum Requirement and the Projected Average Requirement, respectively. The District's Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025 is \$183,264,000. Based upon the assumptions above, tax rates of \$0.57 and \$0.54 per \$100 assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the Projected Maximum Requirement and the Projected Average Requirement, respectively. See "PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – TABLE 3" and "TAX DATA - Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

Dependence Upon the Developers, Lot Owners, and Homebuilders: The growth of the tax base is dependent upon additional development of lots in the District and the construction of homes thereon. The Developers are under no obligation to continue to market, to improve, or to develop tracts of land. Thus, the furnishing of information related to the proposed development by the Developers should not be interpreted as such a commitment by the Developers. The District makes no representation about the probability of development continuing in a timely manner or about the ability of the Developers, or any other subsequent landowner to whom such party may sell all or a portion of its holdings within the District, to implement any plan of development. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a Developers' right to sell its land. The District can make no prediction as to the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances or regulations may have on any plans of the Developers. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts or failure of the Developers to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. See "THE DEVELOPERS."

The ten principal taxpayers in the District represented \$87,694,859 or 54.48% of the District's 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$160,959,921. The Developers and homebuilders and related entities represented \$12,953,724 or 8.05% of such value, and Alta Berry Creek LP, the owner of a 308-unit multi-family apartment complex within the District represents \$50,303,747 or 31.25% of such value. Alta Berry Creek LP has protested a portion of their 2024 tax assessment and are currently under district court appeal with WCAD. The amount in dispute owed to the District is \$173,453. While the account is under appeal, and since the property owner made a timely payment for the undisputed amount, the account is not considered delinquent at this time. Once the appeal has been finalized and the updated property values have been sent to the tax office by WCAD, Alta Berry Creek LP will receive a supplemental tax bill showing any taxes due at that time, if any are due. If the Developers (or other principal taxpayers, such as Alta Berry Creek LP) were to default in the payment of taxes in an amount which exceeds the District's debt service fund surplus, the ability of the District to make timely payment of debt service on the Bonds will be dependent on its ability to enforce and liquidate its tax lien, which is a time-consuming process, or to sell tax anticipation notes. Failure to recover or borrow funds in a timely fashion could result in an excessive District tax rate, hindering growth and leading to further defaults in the payment of taxes. The District is not required by law or the Bond Order to maintain any specified amount of surplus in its debt service fund. See "Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies" in this section, "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers – Table 12," and "TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Undeveloped Acreage . . . Approximately 74.05 acres of developable land within the District had not been provided with water, wastewater, drainage, and detention facilities as of July 1, 2025. See "THE BONDS – Alteration of Boundaries" and "THE DISTRICT – Historical and Current Status of Development." There is no assurance such undeveloped acreage will be developed.

Vacant Developed Lots... As of July 1, 2025, approximately 165 developed lots within the District remained available for construction. Failure of the Developers and/or builders to construct taxable improvements on developed lots could result in substantial increases in the rate of taxation by the District during the term of the Bonds to pay debt service on the Bonds and any other tax supported debt of the District issued in the future. Future increases in value will result primarily from the construction of homes by builders. See "Impact on District Tax Rates" above.

Increase in Costs of Building Materials

As a result of supply issues, shipping constraints, and ongoing trade disputes (including tariffs), there have been recent substantial increases in the cost of lumber and other building materials, causing many homebuilders and general contractors to experience budget overruns. Further, the unpredictable nature of current trade policy (including the threatened imposition of tariffs) may impact the ability of the Developers or homebuilders in the District to estimate costs. Additionally, immigration policies may affect the State's workforce, and any labor shortages that could occur may impact the rate of construction within the District. Uncertainty surrounding availability and cost of materials may result in decreased levels of construction activity, and may restrict the growth of property values in the District. The District makes no representations regarding the probability of development or homebuilding continuing in a timely manner or the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances may have on any plans of the Developers or homebuilders.

Potential Impact of Natural Disaster

The District could be impacted by a natural disaster such as widespread fires, earthquakes, or weather events such as hurricanes, tornadoes, tropical storms, or other severe weather events that could produce high winds, heavy rains, hail, and flooding. In the event that a natural disaster should damage or destroy improvements and personal property in the District, the assessed value of such taxable properties could be substantially reduced, resulting in a decrease in the taxable assessed value of the District or an increase in the District's tax rate. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – Temporary Exemption for Qualified Property Damaged by a Disaster."

There can be no assurance that a casualty will be covered by insurance (certain casualties, including floods, are usually excepted unless specific insurance is purchased), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild, repair, or replace any taxable properties in the District that were damaged. Even if insurance proceeds are available and damaged properties are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values in the District would be adversely affected. There can be no assurance the District will not sustain damage from such natural disasters.

2025 Legislative Session

The 89th Regular Legislative Session convened on January 14, 2025, and concluded on June 2, 2025. The Texas Legislature meets in regular session in odd numbered years for 140 days. When the Texas Legislature is not in session, the Governor may call one or more special sessions, at the Governor's discretion, each lasting no more than 30 days, and for which the Governor sets the agenda. During this time, the Texas Legislature may enact laws that materially change current law as it relates to the District. On June 23, 2025, the Governor called the First Special Session to begin on July 21, 2025, and on August 15, 2025, the Governor called the Second Special Session to begin at 12:00 P.M. later that day and which concluded on September 4, 2025. The District can make no representation regarding any actions the Texas Legislature may take or the effect of such actions.

Bond Insurance Risks

The District has applied for a bond insurance policy to guarantee the scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. The purchase of bond insurance, if available, will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser. If a bond insurance policy is purchased by the Initial Purchaser, provided below are risk factors relating to bond insurance.

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any earlier due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such redemption. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional redemption of the Bonds which is recovered by the District from the owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy; however, such payments will be made by the bond insurer (the "Bond Insurer") at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absent such redemption by the District unless the Bond Insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the Bond Insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies that the Paying Agent exercises and the Bond Insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to the Bond Order.

In the event the Bond Insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received by the Paying Agent pursuant to the Bond Order. In the event the Bond Insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the Bond Insurer and its ability to pay claims which is predicated upon a number of factors that could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Bond Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Bond Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds.

The obligations of the Bond Insurer are general obligations of the Bond Insurer and in an event of default by the Bond Insurer, the remedies available to the Paying Agent may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or other similar laws related to insolvency. No independent investigation into the ability of the Bond Insurer to pay claims has been made and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Bond Insurer is given.

Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies

The District has a right to seek judicial foreclosure on a tax lien, but such remedy may prove to be costly and time consuming and, since the future market or resale market, if any, of the taxable real property within the District is uncertain, there can be no assurance that such property could be sold, and delinquent taxes paid. Additionally, the District's tax lien is on a parity with the liens of all other State and local taxing authorities on the property against which the taxes are levied. Registered owners of the Bonds are entitled under Texas law to a writ of mandamus to compel the District to perform its obligations. Such a remedy would have to be exercised upon each separate default and may prove costly, time-consuming, and difficult to enforce. Furthermore, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions would have to be taken on the initiative of, and be financed by, registered owners to enforce such remedies. The rights and

remedies of the registered owners and the enforceability of the Bonds may also be limited by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, reorganization, and other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.

Registered Owners' Remedies

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the registered owners have the right to seek a writ of mandamus, requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interest of the registered owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the registered owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the registered owners may further be limited by laws relating to governmental immunity, bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District.

Marketability

The District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price for the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of registered owners may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Subject to the requirements of State law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 USC sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of registered owners' remedies, including mandamus and the foreclosure of tax liens upon property within the District discussed above. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismisses the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay, or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision, such as the District, may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (i) is specifically authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (ii) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (iii) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (iv) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiations are impracticable. Under State law a municipal utility district, such as the District, must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under Federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under State law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with State law requirements, a district could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby involving the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A Federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and Federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning district relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be applicable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the registered owners could potentially and adversely impair the value of the registered owner's claim.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect a registered owner by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring, or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the registered owner's claim against a district.

The Effect of the Financial Institutions Act of 1989 on Tax Collections of the District

The "Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989" ("FIRREA"), enacted on August 9, 1989, contains certain provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens, and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution.

Under FIRREA real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary liens shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real or personal property tax when due, and (iii) notwithstanding failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

To the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property, if any, owned by the FDIC in the District, and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

Future Debt

The District has reserved in the Bond Order the right to issue the remaining \$107,875,000 authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater, and drainage facilities, and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board of Directors and voters of the District. All of the remaining \$107,875,000 unlimited tax bonds which have heretofore been authorized by the voters of the District may be issued by the District from time to time for qualified purposes, as determined by the Board of Directors of the District, subject to the approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the TCEQ. In the Consent Agreement, the City has limited the amount of bonds that can be issued by the District to reimburse the Developers to \$30,150,000. See "THE DISTRICT – Consent Agreement with the City."

Additionally, at the election held in the District on November 5, 2019, the voters within the District also approved the issuance of \$9,150,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities, \$32,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new money bonds for the construction of roads, and the issuance of refunding bonds in an amount of \$196,725,000 for water, wastewater, drainage, and park and recreation bonds, and \$48,000,000 for road bonds, all of which remains authorized but unissued. The principal amount of park bonds sold by the District is limited to 1% of the District's assessed valuation; however, if the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under TCEQ rules, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to 1% but not 3% of the value of the taxable property in the District. Before the District could issue park bonds payable from taxes, the following actions would be required: (a) approval of the bonds by the TCEQ; and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas.

The District anticipates that it may issue portions of its currently authorized but unissued bonds in installments over the next several years. Each future issue of unlimited tax bonds is intended to be sold at the earliest practicable date consistent with the maintenance of a reasonable tax rate in the District (assuming projected increases in the value of taxable property made at the time of issuance of the bonds are accurate). The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections, or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds or other contractual obligations secured by ad valorem taxes levied against property in the District. The issuance of additional bonds is subject to approval by the Commission pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District.

According to the Engineer (defined herein), after being reimbursed with the proceeds from the Bonds, \$25,435,855 will remain unreimbursed to the Developers for the facilities serving the existing development within the District, which the District intends to pay a portion of out of future bond issuances. Each future issue of bonds is intended to be sold at the earliest practicable date consistent with the maintenance of a reasonable tax rate in the District (assuming projected increases in the value of taxable property made at the time of issuance of the bonds are accurate). The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional bonds is subject to approval by the Commission pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District. See "THE BONDS –Issuance of Additional Debt." See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued."

Governmental Approval

As required by law, engineering plans, specifications, and estimates of construction costs for the facilities and services to be purchased or constructed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds have been approved, subject to certain conditions, by the TCEQ. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." The TCEQ approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order signed on September 8, 2025 (the "TCEQ Order"). In addition, the Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery.

Neither the TCEQ nor the Attorney General of Texas passes upon or guarantees the security of the Bonds as an investment, nor have the foregoing authorities passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

Forward-Looking Statements

The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in any other information provided by the District, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the District's expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the District on the date hereof, and the District assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

The forward looking statements herein are necessarily based on various assumptions and estimates and are inherently subject to various risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties relating to the possible invalidity of the underlying assumptions and estimates and possible changes or developments in social, economic, business, industry, market, legal, and regulatory circumstances and conditions and actions taken or omitted to be taken by third parties, including customers, suppliers, business partners and competitors, and legislative, judicial, and other governmental authorities and officials. Assumptions related to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement would prove to be accurate.

Environmental Regulation

General. Wastewater treatment and water supply facilities are subject to stringent and complex environmental laws and regulations. Facilities must comply with environmental laws at the federal, state, and local levels. These laws and regulations can restrict or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment in many ways such as:

- 1. Requiring permits for construction and operation of water supply wells and wastewater treatment facilities;
- 2. Restricting the manner in which wastes are released into the air, water, or soils;
- 3. Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other property;
- 4. Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution; and
- 5. Imposing substantial liabilities for pollution resulting from facility operations.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing, and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Sanctions against a water district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements, and issuance of injunctions as to future compliance of, and the ability to operate, the District's water supply, wastewater treatment, and drainage facilities. Environmental laws and regulations can also impact an area's ability to grow and develop. The following is a discussion of certain environmental concerns that relate to the District. It should be noted that changes in environmental laws and regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

Air Quality Issues. The Federal Clean Air Act ("CAA") requires the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") to adopt and periodically revise national ambient air quality standards ("NAAQS") for each air pollutant that may reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. Areas that exceed the NAAQS for a given pollutant can be designated as nonattainment by the EPA. A nonattainment designation then triggers a process by which the affected state must develop and implement a plan to improve air quality and "attain" compliance with the appropriate standard. This so-called State Implementation Plan ("SIP") entails enforceable control measures and time frames.

In 1997, the EPA adopted the "8-hour" ozone standard of 80 parts per billion ("ppb") (the "1997 Ozone Standard") to protect public health and welfare. In 2008, the EPA lowered the ozone standard to 75 ppb (the "2008 Ozone Standard"). The Austin area, consisting of Travis, Hays, Williamson, Bastrop, and Caldwell Counties (the "Austin Area") was not designated "nonattainment" under the 2008 Ozone Standard.

On October 1, 2015, the EPA lowered the ozone standard to 70 ppb (the "2015 Ozone Standard"). On May 1, 2018, the EPA designated the Austin Area as "attainment" under the 2015 Ozone Standard, which became effective on August 3, 2018.

Should the Austin Area fail to achieve attainment under EPA NAAQS, or should the Austin Area fail to satisfy a then effective SIP (for nonattainment or otherwise), or for any other reason should a lapse in conformity with the CAA occur, the Austin Area may be subjected to sanctions pursuant to the CAA. Under such circumstances, the TCEQ would be required under the CAA to submit to the EPA a new SIP under the CAA for the Austin Area. Due to the complexity of the nonattainment/conformity analysis, the status of EPA's implementation of any future EPA NAAQS, and the incomplete information surrounding any SIP requirements for areas designated nonattainment under any future EPA NAAQS, the exact nature of sanctions or any potential SIP that may be applicable to the Austin

Area in the future is uncertain. The CAA provides for mandatory sanctions, including the suspension of federal highway funding, should the State fail to submit a proper SIP, or associated submissions, or fail to revise or implement a SIP, or fail to comply with an existing SIP. Subject to certain exceptions, if the Austin Area falls out of conformity and the mandatory highway funding suspension sanction is implemented, the United States Secretary of Transportation may be prohibited from approving or awarding transportation projects or grants within the area.

It is possible that nonattainment, a lapse in conformity under the CAA, litigation involving injunctive or other relief, or other environmental issues may impact new industrial, commercial, and residential development in the Austin Area.

Water Supply & Discharge Issues. Water supply and discharge regulations that the District may be required to comply with involve: (1) public water supply systems, (2) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities, (3) storm water discharges, and (4) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system.

Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future. Further, the EPA has established a NPDWR for six (6) Per- and Polyflouroalkyl Substances ("PFAS"), which requires public water systems to perform certain monitoring and remediation measures. Public water systems may be subject to additional PFAS regulation in the future, which could increase the cost of constructing, operating, and maintaining water production and distribution facilities.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2023, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain nonstormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The TCEQ issued the General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the "MS4 Permit") on August 15, 2024. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. While the District is currently not subject to the MS4 Permit, if the District's inclusion were required at a future date, the District could incur substantial costs to develop, implement, and maintain the necessary plans as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff in order to comply with the MS4 Permit.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the "waters of the United States." The District must also obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

In 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in Sackett v. EPA, which clarified the definition of "waters of the United States" and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the Sackett decision, "waters of the United States" includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as "streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes" and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. Subsequently, the EPA and USACE issued a final rule amending the definition of "waters of the United States" under the CWA to conform with the Supreme Court's decision.

While the Sackett decision and subsequent regulatory action removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Future and Proposed Legislation

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest.

The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

State Legislative Changes

The Texas Legislature meets in regular session in odd numbered years for 140 days. When the Legislature is not in session the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") may call one or more special sessions, at the Governor's discretion, each lasting no more than 30 days, and for which the Governor sets the agenda. During this time, the Texas Legislature may enact laws that materially change current law as it relates to the District.

Drought Conditions

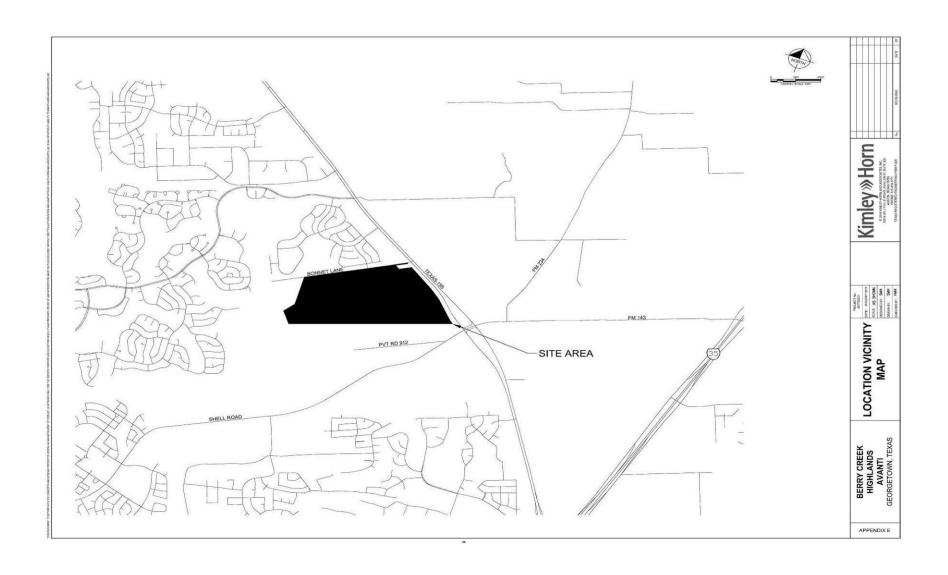
Central Texas, like other areas of the State, is susceptible to drought conditions. The City provides water to the residents of the District; however, if the area experiences drought conditions, the City could implement water restrictions for residents of the District, and water usage and rates could be impacted.

Storm Water

In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in the application of more stringent floodplain regulations applying to a larger area and potentially leaving less developable property within the District. The application of such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain. See "THE SYSYEM – 100-Year Flood Plain."

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LOCATION MAP



THE DISTRICT

General

The District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created by order of the TCEQ on July 22, 2019, and operates pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ. The District was created for the purposes of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, and collect and treat wastewater. The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate, and maintain all works, improvements, facilities, and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; the control and diversion of storm water, the construction of roads, and the operation of park and recreational facilities. Pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 49 of the Water Code, certain districts, such as the District, may, subject to voter approval and the approval of the TCEQ, issue bonds payable from ad valorem taxes to pay for the development and maintenance of water, wastewater, drainage, park, and recreational facilities. The District may also establish, operate, and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters of the District and the TCEQ. Fire services are currently provided within the District by Williamson County Emergency Services District No. 8.

Management

Board of Directors

The District is governed by a Board of Directors, consisting of five (5) directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors' terms are four years, with elections held within the District in May in each even-numbered year. All of the directors own property in the District.

		Length of	Term
Name	Position	Service	Expires May
Michael Gonzalez	President	6 ½ Years	2028
Kasey Sewell	Vice-President	6 ½ Years	2026
Ray Freer	Secretary	6 ½ Years	2026
Armando Rueda	Assistant-Secretary	2 Years	2026
Danny Smith	Assistant-Secretary	1 Year	2028

Consultants

Tax Assessor/Collector

Land and improvements in the District are being appraised by the Williamson Central Appraisal District ("WCAD"). The Tax Assessor/Collector is appointed by the Board of Directors of the District. The Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector, Mr. Larry Gaddes, currently serves the District in this capacity under contract.

Engineer

The District's consulting engineer is Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc. (the "Engineer"). Such firm serves as consulting engineer to approximately 125 special districts.

Bookkeeper

Bott & Douthitt, PLLC, certified public accountants, serves as bookkeeper to the District. Such firm serves as bookkeeper to 150 other special districts.

Auditor

The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, were audited by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC, Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Advisor

Public Finance Group LLC serves as the District's financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor"). The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on the percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel

The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fees of Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel are contingent upon the sale of and delivery of the Bonds.

General Counsel

The District employs Armbrust & Brown, PLLC ("A&B") as General Counsel. Fees paid to A&B for work related to the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale of the Bonds.

Location

The District is located entirely within the city limits of the City, and is situated in northern Williamson County, approximately 7.3 miles northwest of the Georgetown central business district. The District lies north of Shell Road and west of State Highway 195. See "LOCATION MAP."

Historical and Current Status of Development

The District, as originally created, contained approximately 314.54 acres. Since the creation of the District, there have been no annexations or exclusions of land.

The District was created by order of the Commission effective July 22, 2019, and confirmed pursuant to an election held within the District on November 5, 2019.

Construction of utility facilities to serve property within the District commenced in November 2020 by the District's original developer, Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX, LLC, a Delaware limited partnership ("Berry Creek (Georgetown)"). Berry Creek (Georgetown) completed the development of utility facilities serving approximately 63.59 acres within the District, developed as Phase 1B (approximately 46.89 acres; platted as 111 single-family lots) and the Alta Berry Creek Apartments (approximately 16.70 acres; consisting of 308 multi-family units).

On November 30, 2021, Berry Creek (Georgetown) and Ashton Austin Residential L.L.C., a Texas limited liability company ("Ashton Austin Residential"), entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the purchase and sale of 72.629 acres of land within the District (constituting Phases 2B, 3, 4A and 5). Ashton Austin Residential partially assigned the Purchase and Sale Agreement, as to the 38.147 acres of land constituting Phases 2B and 4A, to its land banker, FR Berry Creek, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("FR Berry Creek"). FR Berry Creek closed on its purchase of such 38.147 acres of land from Berry Creek (Georgetown) on March 9, 2022. Pursuant to its retained rights under the Purchase and Sale Agreement, Ashton Austin Residential closed on its purchase of the 34.491 acres of land constituting Phases 3 and 5 from Berry Creek (Georgetown) on March 9, 2022. Pursuant to an Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Berry Creek Highlands Phases 3 and 5) dated July 29, 2022, Ashton Austin Residential then sold such 34.491 acres of land its land banker, FR Berry Hills, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("FR Berry Hills"). FR Berry Creek and FR Berry Hills are affiliates.

As to the 38.147 acres of land constituting Phases 2B and 4A, FR Berry Creek and Ashton Austin Residential are parties to an Option Agreement and Construction Agreement, both dated March 9, 2022, pursuant to which Ashton Austin Residential will serve as FR Berry Creek's contractor with respect to the development of Phases 2B and 4A and has an exclusive right to purchase the finished lots constructed therein, respectively.

As to the 34.491 acres of land constituting Phases 3 and 5, FR Berry Hills and Ashton Austin Residential are parties to an Option Agreement dated July 29, 2022, pursuant to which Ashton Austin Residential has an exclusive right to purchase the 34.491 acres from FR Berry Hills.

Additionally, Berry Creek (Georgetown) entered into an agreement with Chesmar Homes, LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("Chesmar Homes"), to purchase approximately 84.54 acres (consisting of Phases 6B, 6B-2, 7, 8B, and 9) within the District. According to the agreement, Chesmar Homes agreed to purchase the property in two takedowns over a 12-month period from the date of the initial purchase of property within the District. The first takedown (consisting of Phases 6B, 6B-2 and 7) closed on March 1, 2024,

and the second takedown (consisting of Phases 8B and 9) was scheduled to close in March of 2025. Chesmar Homes terminated its contract option to purchase the second takedown, representing approximately 34.37 acres out of the 84.54 acres originally contracted. This acreage remains owned by Berry Creek (Georgetown). Chesmar Homes is currently constructing the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 6B-2 (13 single family lots on approximately 3.33 acres).

Of the approximately 314.54 acres within the District, approximately 238.40 are developable. As of July 1, 2025, approximately 164.35 acres (or approximately 68.94% of the developable acreage within the District) have been or were being developed with utility facilities. Residential development includes the single-family residential subdivisions of Berry Creek Highlands Phases 1B, 2B, 3 and 4A, on approximately 101.91 acres, encompassing a total of 385 single-family lots, which includes 199 completed homes, 21 homes under construction, and 165 vacant single-family lots. Additionally, construction of the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 6B-2 (13 single family lots on approximately 3.33 acres) began in January 2025 and are expected to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2025, and construction of the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 5 (97 single family lots on approximately 17.61 acres) began in August 2025 and are expected to be completed by the second quarter of 2026. Multi-family development includes a 308-unit apartment complex on approximately 16.70 acres, called Alta Berry Creek Highlands and owned by Alta Berry Creek LP, the District's largest taxpayer, and a 224-unit apartment complex on approximately 24.80 acres, called Avilla Berry Creek and owned by Nexmetro Berry Creek Highlands LP, a principal taxpayer in the District. See "TAX DATA - Principal Taxpayers - Table 12." The District contains approximately 76.14 undevelopable acres, consisting of parks and open spaces, a future elementary school site, a future fire station site, and the amenity center. As of July 1, 2025, there were approximately 74.05 remaining developable acres within the District.

The chart below reflects the status of development as of July 1, 2025.

		Platted	Completed	Homes Under	Vacant
Section	Acreage	Lots	Homes	Construction	Lots
A. Single Family Developed with Utility Facilities					
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 1B	46.89	111	99	-	12
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 2B	18.03	91	64	10	17
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 4A	20.13	93	36	11	46
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 3	16.86	90			90
Total Single-Family Developed with Utilities	101.91	385	199	21	165
B. Single Family Utility Facilities Under Construction					
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 6B-2	3.33	13			
Berry Creek Highlands Phase 5	17.61	97			
Total Single Family Utilities Under Construction	20.94	110			
C. Multi-Family					
Alta Berry Creek Highlands Apartments (308 Units)	16.70				
Avilla Berry Creek Apartments (224 Units)	24.80				
Total Multi-Family	41.50				
D. Total Developed with Utility Facilities	164.35				
E. Remaining Developable Acreage					
Single Family	58.45				
Commercial	15.60				
Total Remaining Developable Acreage	74.05				
F. Undevelopable Acreage					
1					
Park/Open Spaces/ROW ^(a)	57.44				
Future Elementary School Site	13.10				
Future Fire Station Site	2.80				
Amenity Center	2.80				
Total Undevelopable Acreage	76.14				
Total District Acreage	314.54				

⁽a) Includes approximately 7.45 acres located within the floodplain.

Future Development

The instigation of any new development beyond that described in this Official Statement will be dependent on several factors including, to a great extent, the general and other economic conditions which would affect the ability to sell lots and/or property and of any homebuilder to sell completed homes as described in this Official Statement under the caption "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS." If the undeveloped portion of the District is eventually developed, additions to the water, wastewater, and drainage system required to service such undeveloped acreage may be financed by future District bond issues, if any, and developer contributions, if any, as required by the TCEQ. The District's Engineer estimates that the \$107,875,000 remaining principal amount of voted water, wastewater, and drainage bonds which are authorized to be issued pursuant to the bond election held on November 5, 2019, is sufficient to reimburse the Developers for the existing utility facilities and provide utility service to the remaining undeveloped but developable acres within the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." The Developers (defined below) are under no obligation to complete any development, if begun, and may modify or discontinue development plans in their sole discretion. Accordingly, the District makes no representation that future development will occur.

Consent Agreement with the City

By resolution dated July 18, 2018, the City conditionally approved an agreement among the City, Berry Creek (Georgetown), and the then-owners of the land within the District (the "Former Owners") regarding the creation of the District and the development of the land within the District, which was subsequently amended by a First Amendment to Consent Agreement dated November 6, 2018 (as amended, the "Original Consent Agreement"). After Berry Creek (Georgetown) acquired the land within the District from the Former Owners on November 30, 2018, the City and Berry Creek (Georgetown) entered into an "Amended and Restated Consent Agreement" dated effective as of February 26, 2019 (as amended and restated, the "Consent Agreement") that superseded and wholly replaced the Original Consent Agreement and pursuant to which the City confirmed its consent to the creation of the District subject to the terms of the Consent Agreement. As required by the Consent Agreement, the District joined in and became a party to the Consent Agreement at the organizational meeting of the District's Board of Directors held on August 9, 2019. Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, the Consent Agreement will continue in effect until the District has been dissolved by the City and the City or a property owners association has assumed all obligations of the District, or until terminated in writing by mutual agreement of the City and the District.

The Consent Agreement governs development within the District and sets forth certain terms and conditions governing construction, financing, operation, maintenance, and ownership of the water, wastewater, and drainage utilities, roads, and improvements in aid of roads, park and recreational facilities, and other public improvements serving the property within the District. Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, (a) the City is required to provide retail water and wastewater service sufficient for the full build-out of the District on the same basis as the City provides service to other similarly classified retail customers inside its corporate limits; and (b) the Developers are required to design, finance, and construct the public improvements serving the property within the District at no cost to the City.

The Consent Agreement authorizes the District to issue bonds in accordance with applicable law and the Consent Agreement for certain authorized purposes, including funding the water, wastewater, drainage, transportation, and park and recreational improvements serving the District, the payment of certain expenses, and refunding outstanding bonds of the District for a debt service savings; however, (i) the total principal amount of bonds that can be issued for all purposes by the District pursuant to the Consent Agreement is limited to \$30,150,000, and (ii) prior to issuing bonds, the District must demonstrate to the City that it is feasible to sell the bonds and maintain a projected debt service tax rate of not more than \$0.55 per \$100 in assessed valuation on an annual basis. The term of any District bonds cannot exceed 25 years unless the City specifically approves a longer term for a particular bond issue, and no bonds may be issued having an issuance date more than 10 years from the date of the first issuance of bonds by the District. The District is restricted under Consent Agreement from issuing bonds or using bond proceeds for (a) purposes of operating, maintaining, repairing, or replacing infrastructure, facilities, or improvements, including parkland (the intent of the Consent Agreement being to limit the use of District bond proceeds to reimbursement for initial construction costs and certain routine expenses), and (b) impact fees for which the Developers will receive reimbursement or credit from the City pursuant to the Consent Agreement.

Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, the City has agreed not to seek dissolution of the District until after the expiration of the authorized period for the issuance of the Bonds by the District (ten years from the date of the first bond issuance).

THE DEVELOPERS

Role of Developer

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer within a utility district, such as the District, include purchasing land within the future district, petitioning for creation of the district, designing the development, defining a marketing program, planning building schedules, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, sewer, and drainage facilities) pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, and selling improved lots or commercial reserves to builders, other developers or third parties. Ordinarily, a developer pays one hundred percent (100%) of the costs of paving and amenity design and construction while the utility district finances the costs of the water supply and distribution, wastewater collection and drainage facilities. While a landowner or developer is required by the TCEQ to pave streets and

pay for its allocable portion of the costs of utilities to be financed by the district through a specific bond issue, if any, a developer is generally under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities with respect to other property it owns within a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which a developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of the developer to perform such activities in development of the property within the utility district may have a profound effect on the security for the bonds issued by a district.

Description of the Developers

The developers currently active within the District are Berry Creek (Georgetown), Ashton Austin Residential, and Chesmar Homes (collectively, the "Developers").

On November 30, 2021, Berry Creek (Georgetown) and Ashton Austin Residential L.L.C entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the purchase and sale of 72.629 acres of land within the District (constituting Phases 2B, 3, 4A and 5). Ashton Austin Residential partially assigned the Purchase and Sale Agreement, as to the 38.147 acres of land constituting Phases 2B and 4A, to its land banker, FR Berry Creek. FR Berry Creek closed on its purchase of such 38.147 acres of land from Berry Creek (Georgetown) on March 9, 2022. Pursuant to its retained rights under the Purchase and Sale Agreement, Ashton Austin Residential closed on its purchase of the 34.491 acres of land constituting Phases 3 and 5 from Berry Creek (Georgetown) on March 9, 2022. Pursuant to an Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Berry Creek Highlands Phases 3 and 5) dated July 29, 2022, Ashton Austin Residential then sold such 34.491 acres of land its land banker, FR Berry Hills. FR Berry Creek and FR Berry Hills are affiliates.

As to the 38.147 acres of land constituting Phases 2B and 4A, FR Berry Creek and Ashton Austin Residential are parties to an Option Agreement and Construction Agreement, both dated March 9, 2022, pursuant to which Ashton Austin Residential will serve as FR Berry Creek's contractor with respect to the development of Phases 2B and 4A and has an exclusive right to purchase the finished lots constructed therein, respectively.

As to the 34.491 acres of land constituting Phases 3 and 5, FR Berry Hills and Ashton Austin Residential are parties to an Option Agreement dated July 29, 2022, pursuant to which Ashton Austin Residential has an exclusive right to purchase the 34.491 acres from FR Berry Hills.

Additionally, Berry Creek (Georgetown) entered into an agreement with Chesmar Homes to purchase approximately 84.54 acres (consisting of Phases 6B, 6B-2, 7, 8B, and 9) within the District. According to the agreement, Chesmar Homes agreed to purchase the property in two takedowns over a 12-month period from the date of the initial purchase of property within the District. The first takedown (consisting of Phases 6B, 6B-2, and 7) closed on March 1, 2024, and the second takedown (consisting of Phases 8B and 9) was scheduled to close in March of 2025. Chesmar Homes terminated its contract option to purchase the second takedown, representing approximately 34.37 acres out of the 84.54 acres originally contracted. This acreage remains owned by Berry Creek (Georgetown). Chesmar Homes is currently constructing the utility facilities to serve Berry Creek Highlands Phase 6B-2 (13 single family lots on approximately 3.33 acres).

The Developers are not responsible for, liable for, and have not made any commitment for payment of the Bonds or other obligations of the District. The Developers have no legal commitment to the District or owners of the Bonds to continue development of land within the District and may sell or otherwise dispose of their property within the District, or any other assets, at any time. Further, the Developers' financial condition is subject to change at any time.

Homebuilder within the District

According to the Developers, the homebuilder currently active within the District is Ashton Woods Homes. The homes range in price from approximately \$352,000 to \$465,000, with square footage ranging from approximately 1,589 to 2,904.

Utility Construction Agreement

The District has entered into utility construction agreements with the Developers governing the development of water, wastewater, and drainage facilities on land within the District and the reimbursement for certain of the costs of such development through the issuance of bonds by the District (the "Utility Construction Agreements").

Agricultural Waiver

Much of the undeveloped acreage within the District is subject to an agricultural exemption; however, the Developers have executed agreements, which were recorded in the real property records of Williamson County, and which contain covenants running with the land, waiving the right to have certain land located within the District classified as agricultural, open-space, or timberland. In addition, the Developers have waived the right to have their lots and houses (if any) classified as business inventory. Such agreements may not be modified without the approval of the TCEQ and are binding on purchasers of such land from the Developers. See "TAXING

PROCEDURES - Property Subject to Taxation by the District."

Acquisition and Development Financing

According to Berry Creek (Georgetown), to date its development activities within the District have been financed with cash. According to Ashton Austin Residential, to date its development activities within the District have been financed through land banking agreements, as described above.

THE SYSTEM

Regulation

The water, wastewater, and storm drainage facilities (the "System"), the purchase, acquisition, and construction of which will be permanently financed by the District with the proceeds of the new money bonds, have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the recommendation of certain governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over construction and operation of such facilities, including, among others, the TCEQ, Williamson County, and the City. According to the Engineer, the design of all such facilities has been approved by all governmental agencies which have authority over the District.

Operation of the water and wastewater facilities serving customers in the District is subject to regulation by, among others, the EPA, and the TCEQ.

Water Supply and Distribution

The District lies within the city limits of Georgetown and the City provides potable water to residents of the District on a retail basis.

Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, the District has a commitment for water supply capacity sufficient to serve total buildout of the District (projected to be 1,583 living unit equivalents ("LUEs"). Under the Consent Agreement, the cost of certain water-related facilities and contract rights therefor is borne by the Developers, which is reimbursed by the District. The water facilities are transferred to Georgetown which then supplies retail water service to customers in the District. Accordingly, Georgetown will own, operate, and maintain the water system serving customers in the District. Georgetown, in turn, receives its potable water supply from Lake Georgetown and the Edwards Aquifer.

Water supplied by Georgetown is obtained by Georgetown pursuant to an agreement with the Brazos River Authority ("BRA") for 11,000-acre feet of water per year from Lake Georgetown and from four wells in the Edwards Aquifer. Potable water from Georgetown is delivered to a 1.0-million-gallon concrete ground storage tank and then pumped via a booster pump station (containing two 1,800 gallons per minute centrifugal pumps, a comprehensive data control and alarm system, and auxiliary standby generator, and related appurtenances) through the 18-inch transmission line into the internal water distribution system within the District.

Retail water service is provided directly by Georgetown to customers in the District. Retail water customers in the District are charged Georgetown's standard rates for retail water service to customers located inside of the City, as established by Georgetown from time to time.

Wastewater Collection and Treatment

The District lies within the city limits of Georgetown, and the City provides wastewater service to the District on a retail basis.

In accordance with the Consent Agreement, Georgetown will provide retail wastewater service to customers in the District, in an amount of wastewater treatment capacity sufficient to ultimately serve 1,583 LUEs. Such service is provided through Georgetown's San Gabriel Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Wastewater Plant"), which has a capacity of 2.5 million gallons per day ("mgd").

The Consent Agreement provides that the Developers are responsible for the construction and installation of internal sewer facilities required for the collection and delivery of wastewater to the Wastewater Plant. Such internal sewer facilities are conveyed by the Developers to Georgetown. Accordingly, Georgetown will own, operate, and maintain the wastewater system serving customers in the District.

Retail wastewater customers in the District are charged Georgetown's standard rates for retail wastewater service to customers located inside of the City, as established by Georgetown from time to time.

Storm Drainage

The storm drainage system that serves the District consists of curb and guttered streets and storm sewers. The collected storm water runoff naturally drains into a southerly direction into Berry Creek, and ultimately to the San Gabriel River.

100-Year Flood Plain

"Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rainstorm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance.

According to the District's Engineer, approximately 7.45 acres within the District are currently located in the floodplain as shown in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map No. 48491C0250E dated September 26, 2008. No lots are developed nor are any expected to be developed on the approximately 7.45 acres that are located within the boundary of the 100-year floodplain.

In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as Atlas 14 which shows that severe rainfall events are now occurring more frequently. Within Texas, the Atlas 14 study showed an increased number of rainfall events in a band extending from the upper Gulf Coast in the east and running west generally along the I-10 corridor to Central Texas. In particular the study shows that Central Texas is more likely to experience larger storms than previously thought. Based on this study, various governmental entities, including Williamson County, are contemplating amendments to their regulations that will potentially increase the size of the 100 year floodplain which interim floodplain is based on the current 500-year floodplain, resulting in the interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties, and potentially increasing the size of detention ponds and drainage facilities required for future construction in all areas (not just in the floodplain). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on the higher statistical rainfall amount and could result in less developable property within the District, higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

Water, Wastewater, and Drainage Operations - Rates and Fees - Table 1

Georgetown provides retail water and wastewater service to the residents of the District and establishes the rates and fees for such service. Such rates are subject to change from time to time. The rates below were effective as of October 1, 2024.

The rates and fees charged by Georgetown for retail water and wastewater service are published and updated from time to time by Georgetown on its official website. Please refer to Georgetown's official websites for current rates and fees. The rates and charges established by Georgetown are not financial and operating data of the District and will not be updated by the District annually as part of the District's continuing disclosure undertaking.

The District charges a one-time drainage fee of \$650 per single family lot to homebuilders. Such rates are subject to change from time to time.

Water

Base Rate for	5/8	" me	eter:
D D (/1	α	11

Base Rate (1,000 gallons of water service)	\$30.50
1,001 – 7,000 gallons of water used	
7,001 –15,000 gallons of water used	
15,001 – 25,000 gallons of water used	
Over 25,001 gallons of water used	

Wastewater

Operating Revenues and Expenses Statement - Table 2

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the historical operations of the District. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and, in all instances, exclude depreciation. Such summary has been prepared from information obtained from the District's financial statements and records. Reference is made to such statements for further and more complete information. Also see "APPENDIX A – Audited Financial Statements."

	Fiscal Year Ended											
	6/3	30/2025 ^(a)	9/3	30/2024 ^(b)	9/3	30/2023 ^(b)	9/3	60/2022 ^(b)	9/3	0/2021 ^(b)	9/3	0/2020 ^(c)
REVENUES												
Property taxes, including penalties	\$	304,949	\$	312,580	\$	97,361	\$	37,060	\$	2,255	\$	-
Drainage Fees		58,500		1,950		131,300		-		-		-
Interest/Other		14,110		11,015		414		24		12		10
Developer Advances		-		-		-		10,000		35,700		65,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	377,560	\$	325,545	\$	229,075	\$	47,084	\$	37,967	\$	65,010
EXPENDITURES												
Legal Fees	\$	30,349	\$	67,883	\$	36,852	\$	25,615	\$	18,204	\$	37,268
Engineering Fees		5,028		11,449		15,709		10,467		6,500		1,999
Accounting Fees		17,536		20,525		10,700		3,400		3,050		3,150
Audit Fees		12,000		10,000		9,000		8,000		-		-
Financial Advisor Fees		2,323		1,810		980		980		980		-
Tax appraisal/collection fees		1,232		1,935		542		16		15		-
Public Notice		60		1,097		75		547		410		410
Director Fees, including payroll taxes		2,141		7,375		2,235		1,938		3,552		5,975
Insurance		4,640		3,809		1,513		1,847		1,552		1,704
Other		145		1,297		261		11		176		720
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	75,454	\$	127,180	\$	77,867	\$	52,821	\$	34,439	\$	51,226
NET REVENUES (DEFICIT)	\$	302,106	\$	198,365	\$	151,208	\$	(5,737)	\$	3,528	\$	13,784
Less Developer Reimbursement	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	353,467	\$	155,102	\$	3,894	\$	9,631	\$	6,103	\$	(7,681)
Plus / (Less): Fund Transfers Ending Fund Balance	\$	655,573	\$	353,467	\$	155,102	\$	3,894	\$	9,631	<u> </u>	6,103

⁽a) Unaudited. As of June 30, 2025. Partial year. Represents nine (9) months of the District's 2025 fiscal year.

⁽b) Audited.

⁽c) Unaudited. The District's initial audit was conducted for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – TABLE 3 BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT \$8,425,000

Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2025

Dated Date: November 20, 2025

First Interest Payment Due: March 1, 2026

Projected

Year			Previously Is	ssued	Bonds		The Bonds*					The Bonds*							Total
Ending	Principal	Principal Interest		P	rincipal	Interest				Princ	ipal	D	ebt Service						
31-Dec	Due (09/01)	D	ue (03/01)	Dı	ie (09/01)	 Total	<u>(</u> [Due 9/01)	(Due	3/01)	(Du	e 9/01)		Total	and In	terest	Re	quirements	
2025	\$ -	\$	126,828	\$	126,828	\$ 253,656	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	253,656	
2026	150,000		126,828		126,828	403,656		-	10	06,366		189,563		295,928	2	95,928		699,584	
2027	150,000		122,328		122,328	394,656		200,000	18	89,563		189,563		379,125	5	79,125		973,781	
2028	150,000		117,828		117,828	385,656		200,000	18	85,063		185,063		370,125	5	70,125		955,781	
2029	175,000		113,328		113,328	401,656		200,000	18	80,563		180,563		361,125	5	61,125		962,781	
2030	175,000		108,078		108,078	391,156		225,000	17	76,063		176,063		352,125	5	77,125		968,281	
2031	175,000		102,828		102,828	380,656		225,000	17	71,000		171,000		342,000	5	67,000		947,656	
2032	200,000		97,578		97,578	395,156		250,000	16	65,938		165,938		331,875	5	81,875		977,031	
2033	200,000		91,578		91,578	383,156		250,000	16	50,313		160,313		320,625	5	70,625		953,781	
2034	200,000		87,578		87,578	375,156		250,000	15	54,688		154,688		309,375	5.	59,375		934,531	
2035	225,000		83,578		83,578	392,156		275,000	14	49,063		149,063		298,125	5	73,125		965,281	
2036	225,000		79,078		79,078	383,156		275,000	14	42,875		142,875		285,750	5	60,750		943,906	
2037	250,000		74,578		74,578	399,156		300,000	13	36,688		136,688		273,375	5	73,375		972,531	
2038	250,000		69,578		69,578	389,156		300,000	12	29,938		129,938		259,875	5.	59,875		949,031	
2039	250,000		64,578		64,578	379,156		325,000	12	23,188		123,188		246,375	5	71,375		950,531	
2040	275,000		59,578		59,578	394,156		325,000	11	15,875		115,875		231,750	5.	56,750		950,906	
2041	300,000		54,078		54,078	408,156		350,000	10	08,563		108,563		217,125	5	67,125		975,281	
2042	300,000		48,078		48,078	396,156		350,000	10	00,688		100,688		201,375	5.	51,375		947,531	
2043	325,000		42,078		42,078	409,156		375,000	Ģ	92,813		92,813		185,625	5	60,625		969,781	
2044	325,000		35,578		35,578	396,156		375,000	8	84,375		84,375		168,750	5-	43,750		939,906	
2045	350,000		28,875		28,875	407,750		400,000	7	75,938		75,938		151,875	5.	51,875		959,625	
2046	350,000		21,656		21,656	393,313		425,000	6	66,938		66,938		133,875	5	58,875		952,188	
2047	350,000		14,438		14,438	378,875		425,000	4	57,375		57,375		114,750	5	39,750		918,625	
2048	350,000		7,219		7,219	364,438		450,000	4	47,813		47,813		95,625	5-	45,625		910,063	
2049	-		-		-	-		825,000	3	37,688		37,688		75,375	9	00,375		900,375	
2050					<u>-</u>			850,000	1	19,125		19,125		38,250	8	88,250		888,250	
	<u>\$ 5,700,000</u>	\$	1,777,750	\$	1,777,750	\$ 9,255,500	\$	8,425,000	\$ 2,9	78 , 491	\$ 3,	061,688	\$	6,040,178	\$ 14,4	65,178	\$	23,720,678	

^{*} Interest estimated at 4.50% for purposes of illustration.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Unaudited)

Assessed Value - Table 4

2025 Certified Assessed Valuation Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025		160,959,921 (a 183,264,000 (b	
Gross Debt Outstanding, including the Bonds and the Previously Issued Bonds (collectively, may be referred to as the "Outstanding Bonds")		\$ 14,125,000 ^(c)	;)
Ratio of Gross Debt to 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation Ratio of Gross Debt to Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025		8.78% 7.71%	
2025 Tax Rate			
Debt Service	\$ 0.3890		
Maintenance	 0.1610		
Total 2025 Tax Rate		\$ 0.5500 ^{(d}	i)
Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 22, 2025)		\$ 547,264 ^{(e}	;)

⁽a) The certified assessed valuation as of January 1, 2025, as provided by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued - Table 5

Date of			Issued to	
Authorization	Purpose	Authorized	Date	Unissued
11/5/2019	Water, Wastewater, and Drainage	\$ 122,000,000	\$ 14,125,000 ^(a)	\$ 107,875,000 ^(b)
11/5/2019	Parks and Recreation Facilities	9,150,000	-	9,150,000 ^(b)
11/5/2019	Water, Wastewater, Drainage, and Parks and Recreation Refunding	196,725,000	-	196,725,000
11/5/2019	Roads	32,000,000	-	32,000,000 ^(b)
11/5/2019	Roads Refunding	48,000,000		48,000,000
Total		\$ 407,875,000	\$ 14,125,000	\$ 393,750,000

⁽a) Includes the Bonds.

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⁽b) The estimated assessed valuation as of July 1, 2025, as provided by WCAD. No taxes will be levied on this assessed valuation unless it is certified by WCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽c) Includes the Bonds.

⁽d) The District levied a 2025 total tax rate of \$0.55 at its meeting in August 2025. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽e) Unaudited as of August 22, 2025. Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months' capitalized interest (\$758,250) included in the Bond proceeds to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund upon closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the Debt Service Fund.

⁽b) The Consent Agreement with the City limits the amount of bonds that can be issued to reimburse the Developer to \$30,150,000. See "THE DISTRICT – Consent Agreement with the City."

Outstanding Bonds - Table 6

Dated Date	Purpose	Original Series	Original Principal Amount	Outst	ncipal Amount anding after the nce of the Bonds	
06/27/24	Water, Wastewater, and Drainage	2024	\$ 5,700,000	\$	5,700,000	
11/20/25	Water, Wastewater, and Drainage	2025	8,425,000		8,425,000	(a)
	Total		\$ 14,125,000	\$	14,125,000	

⁽a) The Bonds.

Cash and Investment Balances - Table 7(a)

General Fund	\$ 652,078
Debt Service Fund	547,264 ^(b)
Capital Projects Fund	354,123

⁽a) Unaudited as of August 22. 2025.

Investment Authority and Investment Practices of the District

Under State law, the District is authorized to make investments meeting the requirements of the PFIA, which currently include (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; (2) direct obligations of the State or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which is guaranteed or insured by or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States; (5) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent; (6) bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the State of Israel; (7) interestbearing banking deposits that are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or its successor, or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund ("NCUSIF") or its successor; (8) interest-bearing banking deposits other than those described by clause (7) if (A) the funds invested in the banking deposits are invested through: (i) a broker with a main office or branch office in this State that the District selects from a list the governing body or designated investment committee of the District adopts as required by Section 2256.025, Texas Government Code; or (ii) a depository institution with a main office or branch office in the State that the District selects; (B) the broker or depository institution selected as described by (A) above arranges for the deposit of the funds in the banking deposits in one or more federally insured depository institutions, regardless of where located, for the District's account; (C) the full amount of the principal and accrued interest of the banking deposits is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and (D) the District appoints as the District's custodian of the banking deposits issued for the District's account: (i) the depository institution selected as described by (A) above; (ii) an entity described by Section 2257.041(d), Texas Government Code; or (iii) a clearing broker dealer registered with the SEC and operating under SEC Rule 15c3-3; (9) (i) certificates of deposit or share certificates meeting the requirements of the PFIA that are issued by an institution that has its main office or a branch office in the State and are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or the NCUSIF, or their respective successors, or are secured as to principal by obligations described in clauses (1) through (8) or in any other manner and provided for by law for District deposits, or (ii) certificates of deposits where (a) the funds are invested by the District through (A) a broker that has its main office or a branch office in the State and is selected from a list adopted by the District as required by law, or (B) a depository institution that has its main office or branch office in the State that is selected by the District, (b) the broker or the depository institution selected by the District arranges for the deposit of the funds in certificates of deposit in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the account of the District, (c) the full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the certificates of deposit is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States, and (d) the District appoints the depository institution selected under (a) above, a custodian as described by Section 2257.041(d) of the Texas Government Code, or a clearing broker-dealer registered with the SEC and operating pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c3-3) as custodian for the District with respect to the

⁽b) Does not include approximately twenty-four (24) months of capitalized interest to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund from proceeds of the Bonds at closing. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the Debt Service Fund.

certificates of deposit; (10) fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date, are secured by a combination of cash and obligations described in clause (1) above, clause (12) below, require the securities being purchased by the District or cash held by the District to be pledged to the District, held in the District's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the District or with a third party selected and approved by the District, and are placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a financial institution doing business in the State; (11) certain bankers' acceptances with the remaining term of 270 days or less, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank or its parent are rated at least "A-1" or "P-1" or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency; (12) commercial paper with a stated maturity of 365 days or less that is rated at least "A-1" or "P-1" or the equivalent by either (a) two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or (b) one nationally recognized credit rating agency if the paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a U.S. or state bank; (13) no-load money market mutual funds registered with and regulated by the United States SEC that provide the District with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Investment Company Act of 1940 and that comply with federal SEC Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-1 et seq.); and (14) no-load mutual funds registered with the SEC that have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, and either (a) a duration of one year or more and invest exclusively in obligations described in under this heading, or (b) a duration of less than one year and the investment portfolio is limited to investment grade securities, excluding asset-backed securities. In addition, bond proceeds may be invested in guaranteed investment contracts that have a defined termination date and are secured by obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. other than the prohibited obligations described below, in an amount at least equal to the amount of bond proceeds invested under such contract and are pledged to the District and deposited with the District or a third party selected and approved by the District.

The District may invest in such obligations directly or through government investment pools that invest solely in such obligations provided that the pools are rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAAm" or an equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The District may also contract with an investment management firm registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control for a term up to two years, but the District retains ultimate responsibility as fiduciary of its assets. In order to renew or extend such a contract, the District must do so by order, ordinance, or resolution. The District is specifically prohibited from investing in: (1) obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal; (2) obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security and bears no interest; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity of greater than ten (10) years; and (4) collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

Political subdivisions such as the District are authorized to implement securities lending programs if (i) the securities loaned under the program are 100% collateralized, a loan made under the program allows for termination at any time and a loan made under the program is either secured by (a) obligations that are described in clauses (1) through (8) above, (b) irrevocable letters of credit issued by a state or national bank that is continuously rated by a nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than "A" or its equivalent, or (c) cash invested in obligations described in clauses (1) through (8) above, clauses (12) through (14) above, or an authorized investment pool; (ii) securities held as collateral under a loan are pledged to the District, held in the District's name and deposited at the time the investment is made with the District or a third party designated by the District; (iii) a loan made under the program is placed through either a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State; and (iv) the agreement to lend securities has a term of one year or less.

Under State law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management; and that include a list of authorized investments for District funds, the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, the maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund groups, methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds, a requirement for settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis, and procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments consistent with the PFIA. All District funds must be invested consistent with a formally adopted "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment. Each Investment Strategy Statement will describe its objectives concerning: (1) suitability of investment type, (2) preservation and safety of principal, (3) liquidity, (4) marketability of each investment, (5) diversification of the portfolio, and (6) yield.

Under State law, the District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." At least quarterly the District's investment officers must submit an investment report to the District's Board of Directors detailing: (1) the investment position of the District, (2) that all investment officers jointly prepared and signed the report, (3) the beginning market value, the ending market value, and the fully accrued interest for the reporting period of each pooled fund group, (4) the book value and market value of each separately listed asset at the end of the reporting period, (5) the maturity date of each separately invested asset, (6) the account or fund or pooled fund group for which each individual investment was acquired, and (7) the compliance of the investment portfolio as it

relates to: (a) adopted investment strategies and (b) State law. No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Current Investments - Table 8

The District, as of August 22, 2025, was invested in TexPool. This investment portfolio is generally representative of the District's investment practices. GASB Statement No. 3 requires the District to assign risk categories for its investments, except those in which securities are not used as evidence of the investment. TexPool is a public funds investment pool. TexPool has not been assigned a risk category since securities are not issued to evidence the investment, but rather it owns an undivided beneficial interest in the assets of TexPool. State law requires the District to mark its investments to market price each calendar quarter and upon the conclusion of each fiscal year, for the purpose of compliance with applicable accounting policies concerning the contents of the District's audited financial statements.

	Investment						
	Value as of						
	Aug	gust 22, 2025					
Cash	\$	25,446					
TexPool		1,528,019					
Total Investments	\$	1,553,465					

Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from several sources, including information contained in "Texas Municipal Reports," published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance, and/or general purposes is not included in these figures.

		Total Tax Sup	ported Debt	% of Overlapping	Amount of Overlapping
Taxing Body		Amount	As of	Net Debt	Gross Debt
Williamson County	\$	1,422,205,000	9/30/2025	0.050%	\$ 711,103
Williamson County ESD No. 8		(a)	9/30/2025	0.000%	=
Williamson County FM/RD		(a)	9/30/2025	0.000%	-
City of Georgetown		509,325,000	9/30/2025	0.340%	1,731,705
Jarrell Independent School District		378,085,104	9/30/2025	1.410%	5,331,000
TOTAL ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING	G DEBT	Γ			\$ 7,773,807
The District (b)	\$	14,125,000	11/20/2025	100.00%	\$ 14,125,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND ESTIMATED C		<u>\$ 21,898,807</u>			
Ratio of Estimated Overlapping & Direct D	ebt to 2	2025 Certified As	ssessed Valuation		13.61%
Ratio of Estimated Overlapping & Direct D	ebt to	Estimated Assess	ed Valuation as of	f July 1, 2025	11.95%

⁽a) Taxing jurisdiction with no outstanding debt.

⁽b) Includes the Bonds.

Overlapping Taxes for 2025

2025 Tax Rate Per							
	\$100 As	sessed Valuation	Average Tax Bill (a)				
Overlapping Entity	Willi	ams on County	Williams	on County			
Williamson County	\$	0.369447	\$	1,445			
Williamson County ESD No. 8		0.091200		357			
Williamson County FM/RD		0.044329		173			
City of Georgetown		0.353000		1,381			
Jarrell Independent School District		1.166900		4,564			
The District		0.550000		2,151			
Total	\$	2.574876	\$	10,072			

⁽a) Based upon the 2025 average taxable single-family home value of \$391,160, as provided by WCAD.

TAX DATA

Classification of Assessed Valuation - Table 9

	2025	a)	2024(1	p)	2023 ^(b)		
Type Property	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Residential Single-Family	\$ 77,560,357	48.19%	\$ 38,537,579	33.99%	\$ 3,775,967	6.66%	
Residential Multi-Family	50,303,747	31.25%	52,139,420	45.99%	30,000,000	52.90%	
Vacant Platted Lots	7,443,747	4.62%	4,143,772	3.66%	1,189,507	2.10%	
Real Acreage	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	
Real Commercial & Industrial	12,595,262	7.83%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	
Farm and Ranch Improvements	6,920,023	4.30%	6,691,346	5.90%	11,696,893	20.62%	
Personal Business	182,658	0.11%	171,827	0.15%	110,459	0.19%	
Real Inventory	23,903,492	14.85%	24,547,315	21.65%	14,295,786	25.21%	
Exempt	1,520,075	0.94%	1,040,993	0.92%	1,677	0.00%	
Less: Adjustments	(19,469,440)	<u>-12.10%</u>	(13,900,204)	<u>-12.26%</u>	(4,357,929)	<u>-7.68%</u>	
Total	\$160,959,921	100.00%	\$113,372,048	100.00%	\$ 56,712,360	100.00%	

⁽a) Provided by WCAD.

Tax Collections - Table 10

The following statement of tax collections sets forth in condensed form the historical tax collection experience of the District. Such summary has been prepared by the Financial Advisor for inclusion herein based upon information from District audits and records of the District's Tax Assessor/Collector. Reference is made to such audits and records for further and more complete information.

		Assessed	Tax			Current Total		Year					
Year	. ,	aluation (a)	Rate	7	Гах Levy	A	mount	%	A	Mount	%	Ending	
2020	\$	376,232	\$ 0.5500	\$	2,069	\$	2,069	100.00%	\$	2,069	100.00%	9/30/2021	(b)
2021		6,738,078	0.5500		37,059		37,059	100.00%		37,059	100.00%	9/30/2022	(b)
2022		17,702,044	0.5500		97,361		97,361	100.00%		97,361	100.00%	9/30/2023	(b)
2023		56,712,360	0.5500		311,918		311,918	100.00%		311,918	100.00%	9/30/2024	(b)
2024		113,372,048	0.5500		623,546		500,732	80.30%		500,732	80.30%	9/30/2025	(c)
2025		160,959,921	0.5500		885,280			In Process	of Co	llection		9/30/2026	(d)

(Footnotes appear on the following page)

⁽b) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value as of September 30th of each respective year as included in the audited financial statement.

- (a) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value as of September 30th as included in the audited financial statement.
- (b) Audited
- (c) Unaudited. Reflects tax collections through August 31, 2025. Alta Berry Creek LP has protested a portion of their 2024 tax assessment and are currently under district court appeal with WCAD. The amount in dispute owed to the District is \$173,453. While the account is under appeal, and since the property owner made a timely payment for the undisputed amount, the account is not considered delinquent at this time. Once the appeal has been finalized and the updated property values have been sent to the tax office by WCAD, Alta Berry Creek LP will receive a supplemental tax bill showing any taxes due at that time, if any are due
- (d) Taxes are due with no penalty by January 31, 2026.

District Tax Rates - Table 11

	Tax Rates per \$100 Assessed Valuation										
	2025		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Debt Service	\$ 0.3890	\$	0.2160	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Maintenance	 0.1610		0.3340		0.5500		0.5500		0.5500		0.5500
Total	\$ 0.5500	\$	0.5500	\$	0.5500	\$	0.5500	\$	0.5500	\$	0.5500

Debt Service Tax

The District's tax rate for debt service on the Bonds is legally unlimited as to rate or amount.

The Board will covenant in the Bond Order to levy and assess, for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, a tax which, when added to other funds legally available to the District for payment of outstanding debt obligations, is adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on such debt.

Maintenance Tax

The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for planning, maintaining, repairing, and operating the District's improvements, if such maintenance tax is authorized by a vote of the District's electors. Such tax is in addition to taxes that the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds, and any tax bonds that may be issued in the future. At an election held on November 5, 2019, voters within the District authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50/\$100 assessed valuation. As shown above under "District Tax Rates – Table 11," the District levied a 2025 maintenance and operation tax of \$0.1610/\$100 assessed valuation. See "THE DISTRICT – General."

Principal Taxpayers - Table 12

The following list of principal taxpayers was provided by WCAD based on the 2025, 2024, and 2023 tax rolls of the District, which reflect ownership as of January 1 of each year shown.

Name	Type of Property	2025 ^(a)	2024 ^(b)	2023 ^(b)
Alta Berry Creek LP ^(c)	Apartments	\$ 50,303,747	\$ 52,139,420	\$ 30,000,000
Nexmetro Berry Creek Highlands LP ^(d)	Apartments	18,286,482	3,167,954	843,824
Brookfield Holdings (Berry) LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	4,666,200	(e)	(e)
Ashton Austin Residential LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	4,032,993	2,666,968	2,100,762
Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	3,898,034	5,747,948	5,831,507
FR Berry Creek LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	2,774,660	6,205,300	5,331,040
Chesmar Homes LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	2,248,037	(e)	(e)
Individual Homeowner	Land & Improvements	498,114	478,178	457,520
Individual Homeowner	Land & Improvements	494,735	476,576	421,352
Individual Homeowner	Land & Improvements	491,857	476,314	411,379
FR Berry Hills LLC ^(f)	Land & Improvements	(e)	1,491,730	1,222,893
Weekley Homes LLC	Land & Improvements	(e)	495,197	1,735,280
Total		\$ 87,694,859	\$ 73,345,585	\$ 48,355,557
Percent of Assessed Valuation		54.48%	64.69%	85.26%

(Footnotes appear on the following page)

- (a) Provided by WCAD.
- (b) Assessed Valuation reflects the adjusted value as of September 30th of each respective year as included in the audited financial statement.
- (c) Owner of a 308-unit multi-family apartment complex in the District. Alta Berry Creek LP has protested a portion of their 2024 tax assessment and are currently under district court appeal with WCAD. The amount in dispute owed to the District is \$173,453. While the account is under appeal, and since the property owner made a timely payment for the undisputed amount, the account is not considered delinquent at this time. Once the appeal has been finalized and the updated property values have been sent to the tax office by WCAD, Alta Berry Creek LP will receive a supplemental tax bill showing any taxes due at that time, if any are due
- (d) Owner of a 224-unit multi-family apartment complex in the District.
- (e) Not a principal taxpayer in respective year.
- (f) The Developers and related entities. See "THE DEVELOPERS."

Tax Adequacy for Debt Service

The calculations shown below assume, solely for purposes of illustration, no increase or decrease in assessed valuation from the 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation and the Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025, and utilize tax rates adequate to service the District's total projected debt service requirements, including the Bonds (at an estimated interest rate of 4.50% per annum). No available debt service funds are reflected in these computations. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments - Impact on District Tax Rates."

Projected Average Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds* (2026 through 2050)	\$938,681
\$0.62 Tax Rate on 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation of \$160,959,921 @ 95% collections produce	\$948,054
\$0.54 Tax Rate on Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025 of \$183,264,000 @ 95% collections produce	\$940,144
Projected Maximum Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds* (2032)	\$977,031
\$0.64 Tax Rate on 2025 Certified Assessed Valuation of \$160,959,921 @ 95% collections produce	\$978,636
\$0.57 Tax Rate on Estimated Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2025 of \$183,264,000 @ 95% collections produce	\$992,375
* Includes the Bonds and the Previously Issued Bonds.	
Debt Service Fund Management Index	
Unaudited Debt Service Fund Balance as of 09/2/2025 (a)	\$420,436
2025 Debt Service Tax Levy @ 95% collections produce (b)	594,827
Capitalized Interest included in Bond Proceeds (c)	758,250
Total Available for Debt Service	\$1,773,513
Less: Debt Service Requirements for year ending 12/31/26 (d)	
1	(699,584)
Projected Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2026	\$1,073,929

⁽a) Unaudited Debt Service Fund balance as of September 2, 2025. Represents Debt Service Fund balance after all 2025 debt service requirements have been paid and before any 2025 debt service taxes have been collected.

⁽b) The District levied a 2025 debt service tax rate of \$0.3890, collection of which is due with no penalty by January 31, 2026.

⁽c) Preliminary; subject to change. Represents approximately two years of capitalized interest to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund from the proceeds of the Bonds at closing.

⁽d) Interest payments on the Bonds begin March 1, 2026.

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, its other remaining outstanding bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Future Debt") and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year-to-year as described more fully herein under "THE BONDS - Source of and Security for Payment." Under Texas law, the Board is also authorized to levy and collect an ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and its utility systems and for the payment of certain contractual obligations, if authorized by its voters. See "TAX DATA – Debt Service Tax" and "-Maintenance Tax."

Property Tax Code and County Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. WCAD has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Williamson County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Williamson Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board").

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies, and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; travel trailers; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older and of certain disabled persons to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District may be required to offer such an exemption if a majority of voters approve it at an election. The District would be required to call such an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the previous election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 of taxable valuation depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption, and qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age or older will be entitled to receive a residential homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse if such disability rating is less than 100%. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full amount of the veteran's residential homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. The surviving spouse of a first responder who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, also entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. See "TAX DATA."

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation if the exemption is adopted by the governing board of the political subdivision before July 1. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The District has never adopted a general homestead exemption.

Tax Abatement: The City and Williamson County may designate all or part of the District as a reinvestment zone, and the District, Williamson County, and the City may thereafter enter into tax abatement agreements with the owners of property within the zone. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem tax, by the applicable taxing jurisdictions, and by the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all, or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with a comprehensive plan. According to the District's Tax Assessor/Collector, to date, none of the area within the District has been designated as a reinvestment zone.

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2011 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption is limited to tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit personal property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has not taken action to tax goods-in-transit.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by WCAD at one hundred percent (100%) of market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and formally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space, or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price that such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space, or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions while claiming it as to another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use, open space, or timberland designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years.

The Property Tax Code requires WCAD to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in WCAD at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by WCAD or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense has the right to obtain from WCAD a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as WCAD chooses formally to include such values on its appraisal roll.

On July 13, 2023, during the Second Special Session, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 2, which, among other things, includes provisions that prohibit an appraisal district from increasing the appraised value of real property during the 2024 tax year on non-homestead properties (the "subjected property") whose appraised values are not more than \$5 million dollars (the "maximum property value") to an amount not to exceed the lesser of: (1) the market value of the subjected property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the appraisal office or (2) the sum of: (a) 20 percent (20%) of the appraised value of the subjected property for the preceding tax year; (b) the appraised value of the subjected property for the preceding tax year; (b) the subjected property (collectively, the "appraisal cap"). After the 2024 tax year, through December 31, 2026, the maximum property value may be increased or decreased by the product of the preceding state fiscal year's

increase or decrease in the consumer price index, as applicable, to the maximum property value. The appraisal cap took effect on January 1, 2024.

Temporary Exemption for Qualified Property Damaged by a Disaster

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established by the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District), may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against WCAD to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer the collection functions to another governmental entity. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board based upon the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1. And the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment, and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances.

The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties, and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continues to accrue during the period of deferral.

Tax Payment Installments

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a natural disaster area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction such as the District if the taxpayer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, classifies municipal utility districts differently based on their current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of projected build-out that a district has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified herein as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all land, improvements, and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed are classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact that each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

Special Taxing Units: Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, subject to certain homestead exemptions.

Developed Districts: Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district, subject to certain homestead exemptions, and any unused increment rates authorized by the Property Tax Code for the preceding tax year, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for the Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.035 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, plus any unused increment rates (the "voter-approval tax rate"). An election is not required if the adopted tax rate is less than or equal to the voter-approval tax rate. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

Developing Districts: The qualified voters of Developing Districts, upon a Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for the Developing District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, subject to certain homestead exemptions.

The District: A determination as to a district's status as a Special Taxing Unit, Developed District, or Developing District will be made by the board of directors of the district on an annual basis. The Board of Directors of the District has designated the District a Developing District for purposes of the 2025 tax year, but the District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any future point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

District's Rights In The Event Of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property on January 1 of the year for which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all State and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State of Texas and each local taxing unit, including the District, having power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Overlapping Taxes for 2025". A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights (a taxpayer may redeem commercial property within six months and residential and all other types of property within two years after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records) or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - General - Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies."

Effect of FIRREA on Tax Collections

FIRREA contains provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the FDIC when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution. Under FIRREA, real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states that (i) no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary lien shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real property taxes when due, and (iii) notwithstanding the failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

To the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property owned by the FDIC in the District and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Issuance of the Bonds is subject to the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied by the District, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. Issuance of the Bonds is also subject to the legal opinion of Bond Counsel, based upon examination of a transcript of the proceedings incident to authorization and issuance of the Bonds, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity. Bond Counsel's legal opinion will also address the matters described below under "TAX MATTERS." Such opinions will express no opinion with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, Bond Counsel has been engaged by, and only represents, the District.

The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based upon a percentage of Bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered, and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish to the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the Date of Initial Delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is then pending or threatened, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the issuance, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District from that set forth or contemplated in the Official Statement.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion

On the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, Bond Counsel will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions existing on the date thereof ("Existing Law") (1) interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (2) the Bonds will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under Section 57(a)(5) of the Code. Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, or disposition of the Bonds. See "APPENDIX B - Form of Bond Counsel Opinion."

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) the District's federal tax certificate, and (b) covenants of the District with respect to arbitrage, the application of the proceeds to be received from the issuance and sale of the Bonds and certain other matters. Failure by the District to comply with these representations or covenants could cause the interest on the Bonds to become included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for the interest on the Bonds to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included to gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the District with the covenants and requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations, and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. Existing Law is subject to change by Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury. There can be no assurance that such Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership, or disposition of the Bonds.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") by the District with respect to the Bonds or the property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds. Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgement based upon its review of Existing Law and the representations of the District that it deems relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. No assurances can be given as to whether the IRS will commence an audit of the Bonds, or as to whether the IRS would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an IRS audit is commenced, under current procedures the IRS is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the bond holders may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Bonds may be less than the principal amount thereof or one or more periods for the payment of interest on the Bonds may not be equal to the accrual period or be in excess of one year (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds"). In such event, the difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Bond would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the Bonds less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year.

Under Existing Law, any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond in the initial public offering is entitled to exclude from gross income (defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the accrual period. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale, or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for

such Original Issue Discount Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale, or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale, or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state, and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale, or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local, and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale, or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds.

Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership, or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions accumulated, all of which are subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Interest on the Bonds may be includable in certain corporations' "adjusted financial statement income" determined under Section 56A of the Code to calculate the alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Code.

Under Section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation.

Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Bonds, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

State, Local, and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership, or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Subject to certain exceptions, information reports describing interest income, including original issue discount, with respect to the Bonds will be sent to each registered holder and to the IRS. Payments of interest and principal may be subject to backup withholding under Section 3406 of the Code if a recipient of the payments fails to furnish to the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), furnishes an incorrect TIN, or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from the backup withholding tax. Any amounts so withheld would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. Special rules apply to partnerships, estates, and trusts, and in certain circumstances, and in respect of foreign investors, certifications as to foreign status and other matters may be required to be provided by partners and beneficiaries thereof.

Future and Proposed Legislation

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions

Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible in determining the taxpayer's taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer that is a "financial institution" allocable to tax-exempt obligation, other than "private activity bonds," that are designated by a "qualified small issuer" as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any "on-behalf of" and "subordinate" issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year. Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as any "bank" described in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business that is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution. Notwithstanding the exception to the disallowance of the deduction of interest on indebtedness related to "qualified tax-exempt obligations" provided by Section 265(b) of the Code, Section 291 of the Code provides that the allowable deduction to a "bank," as defined in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase "qualified tax-exempt obligations" shall be reduced by twenty-percent (20%) as a "financial institution preference item."

The District expects to designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the District will covenant to take such action that would assure, or to refrain from such action that would adversely affect, the treatment of the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that, if the issue price to the public exceeds \$10,000,000, there is a reasonable basis to conclude that the payment of a de minimis amount of premium in excess of \$10,000,000 is disregarded; however, the IRS could take a contrary view. If the IRS takes the position that the amount of such premium is not disregarded, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the Bonds would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the registered and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). This information will be available free of charge by the MSRB via the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system at www.emma.msrb.org.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB annually. The information to be updated includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the District of the general type included in this Official Statement under Tables 2 through 12 and in APPENDIX A, if such audited financial statements as provided in APPENDIX A are then available. The District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each fiscal year. The District will provide the updated information to the MSRB.

The District may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The updated information will include audited financial statements, if completed by the required time. If audited financial statements are not available within twelve months after any such fiscal year end, the District will file unaudited financial statements within such twelve-month period and file audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in APPENDIX A or such other accounting principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The District's current fiscal year end is September 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by March 31 of each year unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Notice of Certain Events

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action, or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a Financial Obligation (as defined by the Rule, which includes certain debt, debt-like, and debt-related obligations) of the District, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the District, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the District, any of which reflect financial difficulties. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Order make any provision for a debt service reserve or a trustee.

For these purposes, any event described in clause (12) of the immediately preceding paragraph is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the District in a proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers of the District in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District.

For the purposes of the events described in clauses (15) and (16) of the preceding paragraph, the term "Financial Obligation" is defined in the Bond Order to mean (a) a debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that "Financial Obligation" shall not include municipal securities (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule. The Bond Order further provides that the District intends the words used in such clauses (15) and (16) in the immediately preceding paragraph and in the definition of Financial Obligation to have the meanings ascribed to them in SEC Release No. 34-83885 dated August 20, 2018.

In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "- Annual Reports." The District will provide each notice described in this "- Notice of Certain Events" caption to the MSRB in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

Availability of Information from the MSRB

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to the MSRB. All documents provided by the District to the MSRB described above under "Annual Reports" and "Notice of Certain Events" will be in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

The address of the MSRB is 1900 Duke Street, Suite 600, Alexandria, VA 22314, and its telephone number is (703) 797-6600.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of certain events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although registered owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, but only if (i) the provisions, as so amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule since such offering as well as such changed circumstances and (ii) either (a) the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or any greater amount required by any other provision of this Order that authorizes such an amendment) of the outstanding Bonds consent to such amendment or (b) a person that is unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that such amendment will not materially impair the interest of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the provisions of this continuing disclosure agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provision of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent an underwriter or purchaser from lawfully purchasing or selling Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the past five years, the District has been in compliance in all material respects with its continuing disclosure undertakings in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

The Official Statement was compiled and edited under the supervision of Public Finance Group LLC, which such firm was employed in 2019 as Financial Advisor to the District. The fees paid to the Financial Advisor for services rendered in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered, and therefore such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Preparation

The District has no employees but engages various professionals and consultants to assist the District in the day-to-day activities of the District. See "THE DISTRICT." The Board of Directors in its official capacity has relied upon the below mentioned consultants and sources in preparation of this Official Statement. The information in this Official Statement was compiled and edited by the Financial Advisor. In addition to compiling and editing such information, the Financial Advisor has obtained the information set forth herein under the captions indicated from the following sources:

"THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM" – Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc. ("Engineer"); "THE DEVELOPERS" – Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX, LLC, Ashton Austin Residential, L.L.C., and Chesmar Homes, LLC; "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized But Unissued – Table 5" - Records of the District, "FINANCIAL STATEMENT" – Williamson Central Appraisal District; "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement" - Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and Financial Advisor; "TAX DATA" – Records of the District; "THE DISTRICT - Management of the District" - District Directors; "PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – TABLE 3" - Financial Advisor; "THE BONDS" (except "Payment Record" and "DTC Redemption Provision"), "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAX MATTERS," and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" (except in the subheading "Compliance with Prior Undertakings") - McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P.

Consultants

In approving this Official Statement, the District has relied upon the following consultants in addition to the Financial Advisor.

The Engineer: The information contained in the Official Statement relating to engineering matters and to the description of the System and, in particular, that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM," has been provided by the Engineer, and has been included in reliance upon the authority of said firm in the field of civil engineering.

Auditor: The District's financial statements for fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, were audited by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, and excerpts of the District's Audited Financial Statements as of September 30, 2024, have been included as APPENDIX A in reliance upon such firm's authority in the field of accounting.

Tax Assessor/Collector: The information contained in this Official Statement relating to tax collection rates and principal taxpayers has been provided by Mr. Larry Gaddes, in reliance upon his authority in the field of tax assessing and collecting.

Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide an Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to the Rule (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds as described in the Notice of Sale under the heading "DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS - Delivery." The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

Certification as to Official Statement

The District, acting by and through its Board of Directors in its official capacity in reliance upon the consultants listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements, and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, description, and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. Except as set forth in "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" herein, the District has no obligation to disclose any changes in the affairs of the District and other matters described in this Official Statement subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" which shall end when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser at closing, unless extended by the Initial Purchaser. All information with respect to the resale of the Bonds subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

Official Statement "Deemed Final"

For purposes of compliance with the Rule, this document, as the same may be supplemented or corrected by the District from time-to-time, may be treated as an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds described herein "deemed final" by the District as of the date hereof (or of any such supplement or correction) except for the omission of certain information referred to in the succeeding paragraph.

The Official Statement, when further supplemented by adding information specifying the interest rates and certain other information relating to the Bonds, shall constitute a "Final Official Statement" of the District with respect to the Bonds, as that term is defined in the Rule.

Annual Audits

Under Texas Law, the District must keep its fiscal records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It must also have its financial accounts and records audited by a certified or permitted public accountant within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year of the District, and must file each audit report with the TCEQ within 135 days after the close of the fiscal year so long as the District has bonds outstanding. Copies of each audit report must also be filed in the office of the District. The District's fiscal records and audit reports are available for public inspection during regular business hours, and the District is required by law to

provide a copy of the District's audit reports to any registered owner or other member of the public within a reasonable time on request, upon payment of prescribed charges.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of the District, as of the date shown on the first page hereof.

President, Board of Directors
Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District

Secretary, Board of Directors Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District

PHOTOGRAPHS

The following photographs were taken in the District. The homes shown in the photographs are representative of the type of construction presently located within the District, and these photographs are presented solely to illustrate such construction. The District makes no representation that any additional construction such as that as illustrated in the following photographs will occur in the District. See "THE DISTRICT."













APPENDIX A Audited Financial Statements

The information contained in this appendix has been excerpted from the audited financial statements of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Annual Filing Affidavit	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MDA-1
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	FS-1
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	FS-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	FS-3
Required Supplementary Information (RSI)	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	FS-15
Texas Supplementary Information (TSI)	
Services and Rates General Fund Expenditures Temporary Investments Taxes Levied and Receivable Long-Term Debt Service Requirements - By Years Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund - Five Years Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Other Supplementary Information (OSI)	TSI-2 TSI-3 TSI-4 TSI-5 TSI-6
Principal Taxpayers	



ANNUAL FILING AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON

I,	of the
(Name of Duly Author	rized District Representative)
BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS (Name	MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT e of District)
Board of Directors on the 24th day of January,	s reviewed and approved at a meeting of the District's 2025 , its annual audit report for the fiscal year ended all audit report have been filed in the District's office,
Austin, 7	EAve., Suite 1300 Fexas 78701 District's Office)
	annual audit report are being submitted to the Texas ction of all annual filing requirements within Section
Date:, By:	(Signature of Representative)
	(Signature of Representative)
	(Typed Name and Title of District Representative)
Sworn to and subscribed to before me this	day of,
(SEAL)	
	(Signature of Notary)
My Commission Expires On: Notary Public in the State of Texas Form TCEQ-0723 (Revised 7/2012)	·



McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Chris Swedlund Noel W. Barfoot Joseph Ellis Ashlee Martin Mike M. McCall (retired) Debbie Gibson (retired)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District Williamson County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the *Water District Financial Management Guide* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the Other Supplementary Information included in the annual report. The Other Supplementary Information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the Other Supplementary Information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

January 24, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 ("GASB 34"), the management of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District (the "District") offers the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2024. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements that follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund: At the end of the current fiscal year, the nonspendable and unassigned fund balance was \$353,467, an increase of \$198,365 from the previous fiscal year. General Fund revenues were \$325,545 and expenditures were \$127,180 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.
- *Debt Service Fund*: Fund balance restricted for debt service increased to \$463,590 in the current fiscal year. The Debt Service Fund paid \$45,094 of bond interest during the current fiscal year. Capitalized interest of \$501,920 from the District's Series 2024 unlimited tax bonds was deposited to the Debt Service Fund during the current fiscal year.
- Capital Projects Fund: Fund balance restricted for capital projects increased to \$343,547 in the current fiscal year. The District issued \$5,700,000 of unlimited tax bonds to purchase \$3,691,041 of infrastructure improvements and pay \$420,568 of developer interest and \$691,264 of bond related expenses.
- Governmental Activities: On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the District had expenses net of revenues of \$988,599 in the current fiscal year. Net position decreased from \$44,402 at September 30, 2023 to a deficit balance of \$944,197 at September 30, 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE DISTRICT

The District was created under Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Texas Water Code Chapters 49 and 54 for, among other purposes, financing the construction of the water, wastewater, drainage, recreational, and road facilities serving the District, as contemplated in the Amended and Restated Consent Agreement effective (as to the District) August 9, 2019 among the City of Georgetown, Texas, Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX, LLC, and the District.

The District consists of 314.54 acres in northwestern Williamson County approximately six miles northwest of the City of Georgetown, northwest of Shell Road and south of State Highway 195.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of five parts:

- 1. *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (this section)
- 2. Basic Financial Statements (Including the Notes to the Financial Statements)
- 3. Required Supplementary Information
- 4. *Texas Supplementary Information* (required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the TSI section))
- 5. Other Supplementary Information (the OSI section)

For purposes of GASB 34, the District is considered a special purpose government. This allows the District to present the required fund and government-wide statements in a single schedule. The requirement for fund financial statements that are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting is met with the "General Fund" column. An adjustment column includes those entries needed to convert to the full accrual basis government-wide statements. Government-wide statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a column (titled "General Fund") that represents a balance sheet prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The adjustments column converts those balances to a balance sheet that more closely reflects a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will indicate financial health.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a column (titled "General Fund") that derives the change in fund balance resulting from current year revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources or uses. These amounts are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those activities to full accrual, a basis that more closely represents the income statement of a private-sector business.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information presented in the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

The Required Supplementary Information presents a comparison statement between the District's adopted budget and its actual results.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Summary Statement of Net Position

	Governi	nen	tal	Change
	Activ	Increase		
	2024		2023	(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 1,171,622	\$	176,724	\$ 994,898
Non-current assets	3,668,085		<u>-</u>	 3,668,085
Total Assets	\$ 4,839,707	\$	176,724	\$ 4,662,983
Current liabilities	\$ 33,042	\$	21,622	\$ 11,420
Long-term liabilities	5,750,862		110,700	 5,640,162
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,783,904	\$	132,322	\$ 5,651,582
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (1,739,230)	\$	-	\$ (1,739,230)
Restricted	441,566		-	441,566
Unrestricted	353,467		44,402	309,065
Total Net Position	\$ (944,197)	\$	44,402	\$ (988,599)

The District's net position decreased by \$988,599 during the 2024 fiscal year to a deficit balance of \$944,197 at September 30, 2024 from the previous year's balance of \$44,402.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

Revenues and Expenses:

S	umma	ry Statemei	nt of	f Activities		
_		Govern		Change		
		Activ	vitie	s		Increase
		2024		2023	((Decrease)
Property taxes	\$	312,580	\$	97,361	\$	215,219
Drainage fees		1,950		131,300		(129,350)
Interest and other		25,247		414		24,833
Total Revenues	\$	339,777	\$	229,075	\$	110,702
Professional fees	\$	111,667	\$	73,241	\$	38,426
Other		15,513		4,626		10,887
Developer interest		420,568		-		420,568
Debt service		758,382		-		758,382
Depreciation/amortization		22,246		-		22,246
Total Expenses	\$	1,328,376	\$	77,867	\$	1,250,509
Change in Net Position	\$	(988,599)	\$	151,208	\$	(1,139,807)
Beginning Net Position		44,402		(106,806)		151,208
Ending Net Position	\$	(944,197)	\$	44,402	\$	(988,599)

Revenues were \$339,777 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 while expenses were \$1,328,376. Net position decreased \$988,599 during the 2024 fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, property tax revenues totaled \$312,580. Property tax revenue is derived from taxes being levied based upon the assessed value of real and personal property within the District. Property taxes levied for the 2023 tax year (September 30, 2024 fiscal year) were based upon a current assessed value of \$56,712,360 and a tax rate of \$0.55 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Property taxes levied for the 2022 tax year (September 30, 2023 fiscal year) were based upon a current assessed value of \$17,702,044 and a tax rate of \$0.55 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

The tax rate levied is determined after the District's Board of Directors reviews the General Fund budget requirements and the debt service obligations of the District, if any. The District's primary source of revenue is property taxes.

ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds by Year

	2024	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,169,825	\$ 175,869	\$ 14,011
Other	2,846	855	-
Total Assets	\$ 1,172,671	\$ 176,724	\$ 14,011
Accounts payable	\$ 12,067	\$ 21,622	\$ 10,117
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,067	\$ 21,622	\$ 10,117
Nonspendable	\$ 681	\$ 855	\$ -
Restricted	807,137	-	-
Unassigned	352,786	154,247	3,894
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,160,604	\$ 155,102	\$ 3,894
Total Liabilities and			
Fund Balances	\$ 1,172,671	\$ 176,724	\$ 14,011
	·	•	·

As of September 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reflected a combined fund balance of \$1,160,604, a \$1,005,502 increase compared to the prior year fund balance of \$155,102. This fund balance includes a \$198,365 increase in the General Fund fund balance.

The Debt Service Fund reflects a fund balance increase of \$463,590 in fiscal year 2024. The Debt Service Fund paid \$45,094 of bond interest during the current fiscal year. Capitalized interest of \$501,920 from the District's Series 2024 unlimited tax bonds was deposited to the Debt Service Fund during the current fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

The Capital Project Fund purchases the District's infrastructure. The Capital Projects Fund had a \$343,547 increase in fund balance for fiscal year 2024. The District issued \$5,700,000 of unlimited tax bonds to purchase \$3,691,041 of infrastructure improvements and pay \$420,568 of developer interest and \$691,264 of bond related expenses.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund pays for daily operating expenditures. The Board of Directors adopted the 2024 budget on August 25, 2023. The budget included revenues of \$355,374 as compared to expenditures of \$105,240 for the 2024 fiscal year. When comparing actual figures to budgeted amounts, the District had a negative net variance of \$51,769. More detailed information about the District's budgetary comparison is presented in the *Required Supplementary Information*.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's governmental activities have invested \$3,668,085 in land and infrastructure. The detail is reflected in the following schedule:

Summary of Capital Assets, net

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023
Capital Assets:		_
Land	\$ 247,702	\$ -
Water/wastewater/drainage	3,443,339	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(22,956)	-
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,668,085	\$ -

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

LONG-TERM DEBT

As of September 30, 2024, the District owed \$5.7 million to bond holders. The ratio of the District's long-term debt to the total 2023 taxable assessed valuation (\$56,712,360) is 10.0%. The District's population is estimated to be 917. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*. As of September 30, 2024, the District has the following balances outstanding on unlimited tax bonds:

Payable
1 ayaore
5,700,000
5,700,000

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS, OR CONDITIONS

The property tax assessed value for the 2024 tax year is approximately \$113 million. The fiscal year 2025 tax rate (2024 tax year) is \$0.55 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 61% of the property tax collected during fiscal year 2024 will fund general operating expenses and 39% will fund debt service payments on the District's outstanding bonded debt. The adopted budget for fiscal year 2025 projects an operating fund balance increase of \$268,538.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District in care of Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, 100 Congress Ave., Suite 1300, Austin, TX 78701.



BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gov	vernmental Funds Total	A	djustments Note 2	St	overnment - Wide eatement of et Position
<u>ASSETS</u>		20.440										20.440
Cash	\$	20,149	\$	462.500	\$	242.400	\$	20,149	\$	-	\$	20,149
Cash equivalents Receivables:		343,588		463,590		342,498		1,149,676		-		1,149,676
Interfund		_				1.040		1.040		(1.040)		
				-		1,049		1,049		(1,049)		1 116
Other Proposid costs		1,116 681		-		-		1,116 681		-		1,116 681
Prepaid costs		081		-		-		081		-		081
Capital assets, net of												
accumulated depreciation : Land and easements										247,702		247,702
Water/wastewater/drainage system		-		-		-		-		3,420,383		3,420,383
									-			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	365,534	_	463,590		343,547	_	1,172,671		3,667,036		4,839,707
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	11,018	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,018	\$	_	\$	11.018
Accrued bond interest payable	Ψ	11,010	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	22,024	Ψ	22,024
Interfund payables		1,049		_		_		1,049		(1,049)		
Bonds payable:		1,019						1,012		(1,01)		
Due after one year		_		_		_		_		5,750,862		5,750,862
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,067	\$		\$	_	\$	12,067		5,771,837		5,783,904
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		7		_				,,,,,,				- , , .
Fund balances -												
Nonspendable	\$	681	\$		\$		\$	681	\$	(681)	\$	
Restricted for debt service	φ	-	φ	463,590	φ	-	φ	463,590	φ	(463,590)	φ	-
Restricted for authorized construction		-		403,390		343,547		343,547		(343,547)		_
Unassigned		352,786		_		J+J,J+1 -		352,786		(352,786)		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		353,467	\$	463,590	\$	343,547		1,160,604		(1,160,604)		_
							· <u></u> -			() /- /-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND												
FUND BALANCES	\$	365,534	\$	463,590	\$	343,547	\$	1,172,671				
Net position -												
Net investment in capital assets										(1,739,230)		(1,739,230)
Restricted for debt service										441,566		441,566
Unrestricted										353,467		353,467
TOTAL NET POSITION									\$	(944,197)	\$	(944,197)
TOTAL NET TOSITION									Ф	(744,177)	φ	(244,197)

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	,	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gov	vernmental Funds Total	A	djustments Note 2	Sta	vernment - Wide tement of ctivities
REVENUES:												
Property taxes, including penalties	\$	312,580	\$	_	\$	_	\$	312,580	\$	_	\$	312,580
Drainage fees	Ψ	1,950	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,950	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,950
Interest and other		11,015		6,764		7,468		25,247		-		25,247
TOTAL REVENUES		325,545		6,764		7,468		339,777		-		339,777
EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES:												
Legal fees		67,883		-		-		67,883		-		67,883
Engineering fees		11,449		-		-		11,449		-		11,449
Accounting fees		20,525		-		-		20,525		-		20,525
Audit fees		10,000		-		-		10,000		-		10,000
Financial advisor fees		1,810		-		-		1,810		-		1,810
Tax appraisal/collection fees		1,935		-		-		1,935		-		1,935
Public notice		1,097		-		-		1,097		-		1,097
Director fees, including payroll taxes		7,375		-		-		7,375		-		7,375
Insurance		3,809		-		-		3,809		-		3,809
Developer interest		-		-		420,568		420,568		-		420,568
Prior year operating advances		-		-		110,700		110,700		(110,700)		-
Other		1,297		-		-		1,297		-		1,297
Debt service -												
Interest		-		45,094		-		45,094		22,024		67,118
Bond issuance costs		-		-		691,264		691,264		-		691,264
Capital outlay		-		-		3,691,041		3,691,041		(3,691,041)		-
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		22,956		22,956
Amortization		-		-		-		-		(710)		(710)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES		127,180		45,094		4,913,573		5,085,847		(3,757,471)		1,328,376
Excess (deficit) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures/expenses		198,365		(38,330)	((4,906,105)	(4,746,070)		3,757,471		(988,599)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:												
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		501,920		5,198,080		5,700,000		(5,700,000)		-
Premium on sale of bonds		-		-		51,572		51,572		(51,572)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING												
SOURCES				501,920	_	5,249,652	_	5,751,572		(5,751,572)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		198,365		463,590		343,547		1,005,502		(1,005,502)		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										(988,599)		(988,599)
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:												
Beginning of the year		155,102						155,102		(110,700)		44,402
End of the year	\$	353,467	\$	463,590	\$	343,547	\$	1,160,604	\$	(2,104,801)	\$	(944,197)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Berry Creek Highlands Municipal Utility District the "District") relating to the fund included in the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental entities. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* ("GASB"), which constitutes the primary source of GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

Reporting Entity - The District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality dated July 22, 2019 under Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Texas Water Code Chapters 49 and 54 for, among other purposes, financing the construction of the water, wastewater, drainage, recreational and road facilities serving the District, as contemplated in the Amended and Restated Consent Agreement effective (as to the District) August 9, 2019 among the City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City"), Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX, LLC, and the District. The reporting entity of the District encompasses those activities and functions over which the District's officials exercise significant oversight or control. The District is governed by a five member Board of Directors (the "Board"), the members of which have been elected or deemed elected by District residents or appointed by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB standards since the majority of Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined by GASB standards which are included in the District's reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of intangible
 assets and capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated
 amortization and depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds,
 mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) –

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

The basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34 and include a column for government-wide (based upon the District as a whole) and fund financial statement presentations. GASB Statement No. 34 also requires as supplementary information Management's Discussion and Analysis, which includes an analytical overview of the District's financial activities. In addition, a budgetary comparison statement is presented that compares the adopted General Fund budget with actual results.

• Government-wide Statements: The District's statement of net position includes both non-current assets and non-current liabilities of the District, which were previously recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities column reflects depreciation and amortization expense on the District's capital and intangible assets, including infrastructure, if any.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from financial activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the individual funds of the governmental categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

• Fund Financial Statements: Fund based financial statement columns are provided for governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category) for the determination of major funds. The District's only fund is reported as a major fund.

Governmental Fund Types - The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are grouped by category and type in the financial statements. The District maintains the following fund types:

- **General Fund** The General Fund accounts for financial resources in use for general types of operations which are not encompassed within other funds. This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District provides for its residents. Tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund.
- **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest and related costs.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) –

Non-current Governmental Assets and Liabilities - GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the government-wide financial statement column in the Statement of Net Position.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements - The government-wide financial statement column is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Fund Financial Statements - The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in the net fund balances. Governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e. both measurable and available).

"Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means the amount of the transaction is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Expenditures, if measurable, are generally recognized on the accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include the unmatured principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt which is recognized when due. This exception is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. In this case, available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Tax collections expected to be received subsequent to the 60-day availability period are reported as deferred inflows of resources. All other revenues of the District are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

The District may report unearned revenue on its balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) -

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - An unappropriated budget was adopted on August 25, 2023, for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The District's Board of Directors utilizes the budget as a management tool for planning and cost control purposes. The budget was not amended during the fiscal year. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original budget amounts compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current fiscal year.

Pensions - The District has not established a pension plan because the District does not have employees. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that fees of office received by Directors are considered to be wages subject to federal income tax withholding for federal payroll tax purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Includes cash on deposit as well as investments with maturities of three months or less. The investments, consisting of obligations in the State Comptroller's Investment Pool, are recorded at amortized cost.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land and easements, are reported in the government-wide column in the Statement of Net Position. Public domain ("infrastructure") capital assets are capitalized. Items purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed fixed assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the time received. Interest incurred during construction of capital facilities is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Years
Roads and Utilities 50

Long-Term Debt - Unlimited tax bonds, which have been issued to fund capital projects, are to be repaid from tax revenues of the District.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) -

Fund Balance - Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

- *Nonspendable*: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted*: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.
- *Committed*: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.
- Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District does not have any assigned fund balances.
- *Unassigned*: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Accounting Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Adjustments to convert the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,160,604
Capital assets and intangible assets used in governmental	
activities are not current financial resources and, therefore,	
are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Capital assets 3,691,041	
Less: Accumulated depreciation (22,956)	3,668,085
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the	
governmental funds:	
Bonds payable (5,700,000)	
Bond premium/discount, net (50,862)	
Accrued interest (22,024)	 (5,772,886)
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (944,197)

Adjustments to convert the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities are as follows:

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,005,502
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report:	
Capital expenditures in period purchased 3,691,041	
Interest expenditures in year paid (22,024)	
Developer advance in year received 110,700	
Bond sales and related bond discount	
as other financing sources/(uses) (5,751,572)	(1,971,855)
Governmental funds do not report -	
Depreciation/amortization	(22,246)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (988,599)

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The investment policies of the District are governed by State statute and an adopted District investment policy that includes depository contract provisions and custodial contract provisions. Major provisions of the District's investment policy include: depositories must be FDIC-insured Texas banking institutions; depositories must fully insure or collateralize all demand and time deposits; securities collateralizing time deposits are held by independent third-party trustees.

<u>Cash</u> - At September 30, 2024, the carrying amount was \$20,149 and bank balance of the District's deposits was \$33,461. The bank balance was fully covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash Equivalents -

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values through investment diversification and limiting investments as follows:

- Money market mutual funds are required to have weighted average maturities of 90 days or fewer; and
- Other mutual fund investments are required to have weighted average maturities of less than two years.

Credit risk. The District's investment policy requires the application of the prudent-person rule: investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, and considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived. The District's investment policy requires that District funds be invested in:

- Obligations of the United States Government and/or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Money market mutual funds with investment objectives of maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1 per share;
- Mutual funds rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Securities issued by a State or local government or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Public funds investment pools rated AAA or AAAm by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of the pool. Federated Hermes, Inc. manages the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller. TexPool measures all of its portfolio assets at amortized cost. As a result, the District also measures its investments in TexPool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from TexPool.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued) –

At September 30, 2024, the District held the following investments:

					Gove	rnmental Fu														
			General		De	Debt Service		tal Projects	Inves	tment Rating										
	F	air Value																		
Investment	at	9/30/2024	Un	Unrestricted		Unrestricted		Unrestricted		Unrestricted		Unrestricted		Restricted (1)		stricted (2)	Rating	Rating Agency		
Texpool	\$	\$ 1,149,676		\$ 343,588		\$ 343,588		\$ 343,588		\$ 343,588		\$ 463,590		\$ 463,590		\$ 463,590		342,498	AAAm	Standard & Poors
	\$	1,149,676	\$	343,588	\$	463,590	\$	342,498												

Concentration of credit risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, investments in individual securities are to be limited to ensure that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. As of September 30, 2024, the District did not own any investments in individual securities.

Custodial credit risk-deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The government's investment policy requires that the District's deposits be fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized with obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. As of September 30, 2024, the District's bank deposits were fully insured by FDIC insurance.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1. Taxes are levied on or about October 1, are due on November 1, and are past due the following February 1. The Williamson Central Appraisal District establishes appraised values in accordance with requirements of the Texas Legislature. The District levies taxes based upon the appraised values. The Williamson County Tax Assessor Collector bills and collects the District's property taxes. The Board of Directors set current tax rates on August 25, 2023.

The property tax rates, established in accordance with state law, were based on 100% of the net assessed valuation of real property within the District on the 2023 tax roll. The tax rate, based on total taxable assessed valuation of \$56,712,360 was \$0.55 on each \$100 valuation and was allocated solely to the General Fund. The maximum allowable maintenance tax of \$1.50 was established by the voters at an election held on November 5, 2019.

Property taxes were fully collected as of September 30, 2024.

5. INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

A summary of interfund accounts at September 30, 2024, is as follows:

		Intertund				
	Rec	Receivables		Payables		
General Fund -						
Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$	1,049		
Capital Projects Fund -						
General Fund		1,049		-		
	\$	1,049	\$	1,049		

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance 9/30/2023		Additions		Deletions		Balance 9/30/2024	
Capital assets not being depreciated- Land and easements	\$	-	\$	247,702	\$	-	\$	247,702
Capital assets being depreciated: Water/wastewater/drainage system Total capital assets being depreciated		<u>-</u>		,443,339 ,443,339		<u>-</u>		3,443,339 3,443,339
Less accumulated depreciation for: Water/wastewater/drainage system Total accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>		(22,956) (22,956)		<u>-</u>		(22,956) (22,956)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation			3	,420,383				3,420,383
Total capital assets, net	\$	-	\$ 3	,668,085	\$	-	\$	3,668,085

7. BONDED DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's bond transactions for the year ended September 30, 2024:

	Unlimited Tax	
	and Revenue	
	Bonds	
Bonds payable at October 1, 2023	\$	-
Bonds issued		5,700,000
Bonds retired		-
Bond premiums/discounts, net of accumulated amortization		50,862
Bonds payable at September 30, 2024	\$	5,750,862

Bonds payable at September 30, 2024 were comprised of the following individual issues:

Unlimited Tax Bonds -

\$5,700,000 - 2024 Unlimited Tax Bonds payable serially through the year 2048 at interest rates which range from 4.00% to 6.00%. Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2031 are callable prior to maturity beginning on September 1, 2030. Bonds maturing September 1, 2038 are term bonds and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

On June 27, 2024, the District issued \$5,700,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.00%. The net proceeds of \$5,529,000 (after payment of the underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to finance developer funded construction costs, fund future interest payments and to pay subsequent bond issue costs.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

7. BONDED DEBT (continued) -

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt as of September 30, 2024, including interest, are as follows:

	Annual Requirements for All Series						
Year Ended September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	-	\$	253,656	\$	253,656	
2026		150,000		253,656		403,656	
2027		150,000		244,657		394,657	
2028		150,000		235,656		385,656	
2029		175,000		226,657		401,657	
2030-2034		950,000		975,282		1,925,282	
2035-2039		1,200,000		742,783		1,942,783	
2040-2044		1,525,000		478,780		2,003,780	
2045-2048		1,400,000		144,374		1,544,374	
	\$	5,700,000	\$	3,555,501	\$	9,255,501	

Bonds authorized but not issued as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

Type	Amount					
Unlimited Tax Bonds	\$	116,300,000				
Road Bonds	\$	32,000,000				
Park and Recreational Facilities	\$	9,150,000				

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Developer of the land within the District has incurred costs for the construction of facilities, as well as costs pertaining to the creation and operation of the District. Claims for reimbursement of construction costs and operational advances will be evaluated upon receipt of adequate supporting documentation and proof of contractual obligation. Such costs may be reimbursable to the Developer by the District from proceeds of future District bond issues, subject to approval by the Commission, or from operations. On November 5, 2019, a bond election held within the District approved authorization to issue \$122,000,000 of bonds to fund costs of proposed water, wastewater and drainage system facilities. Additionally, \$9,150,000 of bonds to fund costs for parks and recreational facilities and \$32,000,000 to fund road improvements were approved by voters of the District on November 5, 2019. As of September 30, 2024, the District has issued \$5,700,000 of unlimited tax bonds to repay the developer and repaid the developer \$110,700 for advances used to fund operating expenditures.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies and the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML Pool") to effectively manage its risk. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered.

The TML Pool was established by various political subdivisions in Texas to provide self-insurance for its members and to obtain lower costs for insurance. TML Pool members pay annual contributions to obtain the insurance. Annual contribution rates are determined by the TML Pool Board. Rates are estimated to include all claims expected to occur during the policy including claims incurred but not reported. The TML Pool has established claims reserves for each of the types of insurance offered. Although the TML Pool is a self-insured risk pool, members are not contingently liable for claims filed above the amount of the fixed annual contributions. If losses incurred are significantly higher than actuarially estimated, the TML Pool adjusts the contribution rate for subsequent years. Members may receive returns of contributions if actual results are more favorable than estimated.

10. CONSENT AGREEMENT

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Consent Agreement (the "Agreement") entered into by the District, the developer, and the City effective (as to the District) August 9, 2019, the District and the developer will design, finance, and construct all water and wastewater facilities required to serve the District in accordance with applicable City requirements and design standards. Upon completion of the construction of water and wastewater facilities constructed by or on behalf of the District, and following the City's acceptance of such facilities, the facilities will be conveyed to the City. In exchange for the conveyance of the water and wastewater facilities to serve the District, the City agrees to operate and maintain all water and wastewater facilities conveyed and to provide retail water and wastewater services to customers within the District at the City's standard water and wastewater rates. The Agreement will continue in effect until the District is dissolved and its obligations are fully assumed by the City or a property owners association, at the City's sole election or until termination by mutual agreement of the City and the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 Actual	ginal and Final Budget	I	Tariance Positive Tegative)
REVENUES:	 	 		
Property taxes, including penalties	\$ 312,580	\$ 316,374	\$	(3,794)
Drainage fees	1,950	39,000		(37,050)
Interest and other	 11,015	 _		11,015
TOTAL REVENUES	325,545	 355,374		(29,829)
EXPENDITURES:				
Legal fees	67,883	50,000		(17,883)
Engineering fees	11,449	16,000		4,551
Accounting fees	20,525	14,000		(6,525)
Audit fees	10,000	9,500		(500)
Financial advisor fees	1,810	1,250		(560)
Tax appraisal/collection fees	1,935	1,000		(935)
Public notice	1,097	500		(597)
Director fees, including payroll taxes	7,375	9,640		2,265
Insurance	3,809	2,250		(1,559)
Other	 1,297	 1,100		(197)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 127,180	105,240		(21,940)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	198,365	\$ 250,134	\$	(51,769)
FUND BALANCE:		 		
Beginning of the year	 155,102			
End of the year	\$ 353,467			

TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-1. SERVICES AND RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

emergency Other (spec	er tewater eation e/Garbage s in joint venture, i interconnect) eify):	regional system and	Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastev Fire Protection Flood Control I/or wastewater se		Drainage Irrigation Security Roads
a. Retail Rates Bas	Minimum	Minimum	Flat Rate	Rate per 1000 Gallons Over	Usage
WA DED	Charge	Usage	<u>Y/N</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	Levels
WATER: WASTEWATER:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
SURCHARGE:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District employs winte Total charges per 10,0 b. Water and Wast	00 gallons usage:	Water _	Yes (1)	No Wastewater	(1)
1	Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC's
Un	metered			1.0	
	< 3/4"			1.0	
	1"			2.5	
	1 1/2"			5.0	
	2"			8.0	
	3"			15.0	
	4"			25.0	
	6"			50.0	
	8"			80.0	
TT - 4	10"	(1)	(1)	115.0	(1)
	tal Water	(1)	(1)	1.0	(1)
1 otal	Wastewater	(1)	(1)	1.0	(1)

⁽¹⁾ Water and wastewater service is provided to District residents by City of Georgetown, Texas.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-1. SERVICES AND RATES (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

3. Total Water Consumption during the Fis	scal Year (round	led to tl	he neai	rest the	ousand):
Gallons pumped into system:	(1)		Г		ater Accountability Ratio
Gallons billed to customers:	(1)		L	(Gallons billed / Gallons Pumped) N/A
4. Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC	Section 49.231)	:			
Does the District assess standby fe	ees?	Yes		No	X
If yes, Date of the most recent Cor	nmission Order:				_
Does the District have Operation a Maintenance standby fees?	and	Yes		No	x
If yes, Date of the most recent Cor	nmission Order:				_
5. Location of District					
County(ies) in which district is located:		Wil	lliamso	n Coun	ty, Texas
Is the District located entirely within one co	ounty?	Yes	x	No	
Is the District located within a city?	Entirely X	Partly		Not at a	11 🔲
City(ies) in which district is located:		City	y of Ge	orgetov	vn, Texas
Is the District located within a city's extra t	erritorial jurisdic	tion (E'	TJ)?		
	Entirely	Partly		Not at a	11 X
ETJ's in which district is located:					
Are Board members appointed by an office	e outside the distr	rict?			
		Yes		No	x
If Yes, by whom?					

(1) Water and wastewater service is provided to District residents by City of Georgetown, Texas.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-2. GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Personnel Expenditures (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees: Auditing Legal Engineering Financial Advisor		10,000 67,883 11,449 1,810
Purchased Services For Resale: Bulk Water and Wastewater Purchases		-
Contracted Services: Bookkeeping General Manager Appraisal District/Tax Collector Other Contracted Services		20,525 - 1,935 -
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-
Chemicals		-
Administrative Expenditures: Directors' Fees Office Supplies Insurance Election Costs Other Administrative Expenditures		7,375 - 3,809 - 2,394
Capital Outlay: Capitalized Assets Expenditures not Capitalized		- -
Bad Debt		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		\$ 127,180
Number of persons employed by the District:	- Full-Time	- Part-Time

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-3. TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Funds	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	;	Salance at End of Year	Acci Inte Recei at I of Y	rest vable End
General Fund -							
TexPool	XXX0001	Varies	Daily	\$	343,588	\$	-
Total					343,588		-
Debt Service Fund -							
TexPool	XXX0002	Varies	Daily		463,590		-
Total					463,590		-
Capital Projects Fund -							
TexPool	XXX0003	Varies	Daily		342,498		-
Total					342,498		-
Total - All Funds				\$	1,149,676	\$	-

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-4. TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			M	laintenance Taxes		De	ebt Service Taxes
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year		_	\$	-		\$	-
2023 Original Tax Levy Adjustments				313,123 (1,205)			-
Total to be accounted for		_		311,918			
Tax collections:		_		011,510			
Current year				311,918			-
Prior years		_		- 211 010			-
Total collections		_		311,918			-
Taxes Receivable, End of Year		=	\$	-		\$	-
Taxes Receivable, By Tax Years 2022			\$	-		\$	-
2023 Taxes Receivable, End of Year		_	\$	<u>-</u>		\$	<u>-</u>
Tuxes Receivable, Did of Teal		=	Ψ			Ψ	
Property Valuations:	 2023			2022			2021
Land and improvements	\$ 56,712,360	(a)_	\$	17,702,044	(a)	\$	6,738,078
Total Property Valuations	\$ 56,712,360	= =	\$	17,702,044		\$	6,738,078
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:							
Debt Service tax rates	\$ -		\$	-		\$	-
Maintenance tax rates	 0.55			0.55			0.55
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:	\$ 0.55	= =	\$	0.55		\$	0.55
Original Tax Levy	\$ 311,918	= =	\$	97,361		\$	37,059
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **	 100.0%	, = =		100.0%			100.0%
Maximum Maintenance Tax Approved by Voters:	\$ 1.50	_on_		11/5/2019			

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected in current and previous years divided by tax levy.

⁽a) Valuations are provided by the appropriate Appraisal District. Due to various factors including tax protests and disputes, such valuations change over time; therefore, they may vary slightly from those disclosed to the District's bond offering documents or the District's annual bond disclosure filings.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-5. LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BY YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Jnlimited Tax Bond Series 2024	ds	Total - All Issues					
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal Due 9/1	Interest Due 3/1, 9/1	Total	Principal Due 9/1	Interest Due 3/1, 9/1	Total			
2025	\$ -	\$ 253,656	\$ 253,656	\$ -	\$ 253,656	\$ 253,656			
2026	150,000	253,656	403,656	150,000	253,656	403,656			
2027	150,000	244,657	394,657	150,000	244,657	394,657			
2028	150,000	235,656	385,656	150,000	235,656	385,656			
2029	175,000	226,657	401,657	175,000	226,657	401,657			
2030	175,000	216,156	391,156	175,000	216,156	391,156			
2031	175,000	205,657	380,657	175,000	205,657	380,657			
2032	200,000	195,156	395,156	200,000	195,156	395,156			
2033	200,000	183,157	383,157	200,000	183,157	383,157			
2034	200,000	175,156	375,156	200,000	175,156	375,156			
2035	225,000	167,157	392,157	225,000	167,157	392,157			
2036	225,000	158,156	383,156	225,000	158,156	383,156			
2037	250,000	149,157	399,157	250,000	149,157	399,157			
2038	250,000	139,156	389,156	250,000	139,156	389,156			
2039	250,000	129,157	379,157	250,000	129,157	379,157			
2040	275,000	119,156	394,156	275,000	119,156	394,156			
2041	300,000	108,156	408,156	300,000	108,156	408,156			
2042	300,000	96,156	396,156	300,000	96,156	396,156			
2043	325,000	84,156	409,156	325,000	84,156	409,156			
2044	325,000	71,156	396,156	325,000	71,156	396,156			
2045	350,000	57,750	407,750	350,000	57,750	407,750			
2046	350,000	43,312	393,312	350,000	43,312	393,312			
2047	350,000	28,874	378,874	350,000	28,874	378,874			
2048	\$ 5,700,000	\$ 3,555,501	\$ 9,255,501	\$ 5,700,000	\$ 3,555,501	\$ 9,255,501			

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-6. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BONDED DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Series 2024		Total
Interest Rate	4.0% - 6.0%		
Dates Interest Payable	3/1,9/1		
Maturity Dates	9/1/2048		
Bonds Outstanding at Beginning of Current Fiscal Year	\$ -		\$ -
Bonds Sold During the Current Fiscal Year	5,700,000		5,700,000
Retirements During the Current Fiscal Year: Principal Refunded	<u>-</u>		- -
Bonds Outstanding at End of Current Fiscal Year	\$ 5,700,000		\$ 5,700,000
Interest Paid During the Current Fiscal Year	\$ 45,094		\$ 45,094
Paying Agent's Name & Address:	UMB Bank, NA Austin, Texas		
Bond Authority:	Unlimited Tax Bonds*	Road Bonds*	Park and Recreational Facilities*
Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued	\$ 122,000,000 (5,700,000)	\$ 32,000,000	\$ 9,150,000
Remaining To Be Issued	\$ 116,300,000	\$ 32,000,000	\$ 9,150,000
* Includes all bonds secured with tax revenues. B with other revenues in combination with taxes.	onds in this category	may also be	
Debt Service Fund Cash and Temporary Investments	balances as of Septe	ember 30, 2024:	\$ 463,590
Average Annual Debt Service Payment (Principal and for the remaining term of all debt:	d Interest)		\$ 385,646

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-7. COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND - FIVE YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				ı	Amounts				Fund	Percent of I Total Revenu	ies	
	2024		2023		2022	2021	2020*	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020*
GENERAL FUND REVENUES:									, ,		, ,	
Property taxes, including penalties	\$ 312,580	\$	97,361	\$	37,060	\$ 2,255	\$ -	96.0%	42.5%	78.7%	5.9%	-
Drainage fees	1,950		131,300		-	-	-	0.6%	1	-	-	-
Interest and other	11,015		414		24	12	10	3.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Developer advances	-		-		10,000	35,700	65,000	-	0.0%	21.2%	94.0%	99.9%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	325,545		229,075		47,084	37,967	65,010	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES:												
Legal fees	67,883		36,852		25,615	18,204	37,268	20.9%	16.1%	54.4%	47.9%	57.3%
Engineering fees	11,449		15,709		10,467	6,500	1,999	3.6%	7.0%	22.3%	17.1%	3.1%
Accounting fees	20,525		10,700		3,400	3,050	3,150	6.3%	4.7%	7.2%	8.0%	4.8%
Audit fees	10,000		9,000		8,000		-	3.1%	3.9%	17.0%	-	-
Financial advisor fees	1,810		980		980	980	-	0.6%	0.4%	2.1%	2.6%	0.1%
Tax appraisal/collection fees	1,935		542		16	15	-	0.6%	0.2%	-	-	-
Public notice	1,097		75		547	410	410	0.3%	0.0%	1.2%	1.1%	0.6%
Director fees, including payroll taxes	7,375		2,235		1,938	3,552	5,975	2.3%	1.0%	4.1%	9.4%	9.2%
Insurance	3,809		1,513		1,847	1,552	1,704	1.2%	0.7%	3.9%	4.1%	2.6%
Other	1,297		261		11	176	720	0.4%	0.1%	-	0.5%	1.1%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES	127,180		77,867		52,821	34,439	51,226	39.3%	34.1%	112.2%	90.7%	78.8%
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 198,365	\$	151,208	\$	(5,737)	\$ 3,528	\$ 13,784	60.7%	65.9%	-12.2%	9.3%	21.2%
DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES:												
Interest and other	\$ 6,764	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	1.3%	-	-	-	-
Bond proceeds, net of discount	501,920	_	-		-	 -	-	98.7%	<u> </u>			-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES	508,684		-		-	-	-	100.0%				-
DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES:												
Bond interest	45,094		-		<u> </u>	 -	 -	8.9%	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES	45,094				-	 -	<u> </u>	8.9%				-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 463,590	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	91.1%	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS	(1)		(1)		(1)	(1)	(1)					
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS	(1)		(1)		(1)	(1)	(1)					

⁽¹⁾ City of Georgetown, Texas to provide water and wastewater service.

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TSI-8. BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Complete District Mailing Address:		100	Congress A	Ave Su	ite 1300	
Complete District Maning Paul Cost.	-	100	Austin,			
District Business Telephone Number:	-		(512) 4	35-2300	<u> </u>	
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):	: _		Septembe	er 27, 20	24	
Limits on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: (Set by Board Resolution TWC Section 49.060)	_		\$7,	200		
Name and Address:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Of	Fees of fice Paid * /30/2024	Reiml	xpense oursements 30/2024	Title at Year End
Board Members:						
MICHAEL GONZALEZ	(Elected) 5/4/2024 - 5/6/2028	\$	1,547	\$	-	President
KASEY SEWELL	(Elected) 5/7/2022 - 5/2/2026	\$	1,326	\$	-	Vice President
RAY FREER	(Elected) 5/7/2022 - 5/2/2026	\$	1,768	\$	-	Secretary
ARMANDO RUEDA	(Appointed) 1/26/2024 - 5/2/2026	\$	1,326	\$	-	Assistant Secretary
DANNY SMITH	(Appointed) 9/27/2024 - 5/6/2028	\$	221	\$	-	Assistant Secretary
Former Director: CALEN SHEARER (Resigned August 23, 2024)	(Elected) 5/2/2024 - 5/4/2028	\$	663	\$	-	Former President
Consultants:						
Armbrust & Brown, PLLC	8/9/2019	\$ \$	77,885 89,288	\$ \$	-	Attorney Bond Related Services
Jones-Heroy & Associates inc.	8/9/2019	\$ \$	14,908 53,371	\$ \$	-	Engineer Bond Related Services
Bott & Douthitt, PLLC	11/15/2019	\$	21,126	\$	-	Accountant
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	7/23/2021	\$ \$	10,000 16,500	\$ \$	-	Auditor Bond Related Services
Public Finance Group LLC	8/9/2019	\$ \$	1,810 146,823	\$ \$	-	Financial Advisor Bond Related Services
McCall Parkhurst & Horton LLP	8/9/2019	\$	99,717	\$	-	Bond Counsel
Williamson County Tax Collector	2/28/2020	\$	61	\$	-	Tax Collector

^{*}Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT OSI-1. PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Tax Roll Year				
Taxpayer	Type of Property	2024	2023	2022		
Alta Berry Creek LP	N/A	N/A \$ 52,139,420 \$ 30,000,		\$ 201		
FR Berry Creek LLC	N/A	6,205,300	5,331,040	-		
Berry Creek (Georgetown) ASLI IX LLC	N/A	5,747,948	5,831,507	13,564,323		
Nexmetro Berry Creek Highlands LP	N/A	3,167,954	843,824	-		
Ashton Austin Residential LLC	N/A	2,666,968	2,100,762	3,404,800		
FR Berry Hills LLC	N/A	1,491,730	-	-		
Weekley Homes LLC	N/A	495,197	1,735,280	64,000		
Homeowner	N/A	478,178	457,520	-		
Homeowner	N/A	476,576	421,352	-		
Homeowner	N/A	476,314	411,379	-		
FR Berry Hills LLC	N/A	-	1,222,893	-		
David Weekley Homes LLC	N/A			668,800		
Total		\$ 73,345,585	\$ 48,355,557	\$ 17,702,124		
Percent of Assessed Valuation		64.7%	85.3%	100.0%		

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT OSI-2. ASSESSED VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Tax Roll Year							
	2024		2023		2022			
Type of Property	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Residential Single Family	\$ 38,546,273	34.0%	\$ 3,775,967	6.7%	\$ 368,995	2.1%		
Residential Multi-Family	52,139,420	45.9%	30,000,000	52.9%	-	-		
Vacant Platted Lots	4,143,772	3.7%	1,189,507	2.1%	5,298	-		
Real Acreage	-	-	-	-	964,141	5.4%		
Farm and Ranch Improvements	6,691,346	5.9%	11,696,893	20.6%	10,514,750	59.4%		
Personal Business	171,827	0.2%	110,459	0.2%	-	-		
Real Inventory	24,547,315	21.7%	14,295,786	25.2%	8,960,105	50.6%		
Exempt	1,040,993	0.9%	1,677	-	10	-		
Adjustments	(13,900,204)	-12.3%	(4,357,929)	-7.7%	(3,111,255)	-17.5%		
Total	\$ 113,380,742	100.0%	\$ 56,712,360	100.0%	\$ 17,702,044	100.0%		

APPENDIX B Form of Bond Counsel Opinion





[An opinion in substantially the following form will be delivered by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, upon the delivery of the Bonds, assuming no material changes in facts or law.]

BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025 IN THE AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF \$8,425,000

AS BOND COUNSEL FOR BERRY CREEK HIGHLANDS MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT (the "District") of the bonds described above (the "Bonds"), we have examined into the legality and validity of the Bonds, which bear interest from the dates specified in the text of the Bonds, until maturity or redemption, at the rates and payable on the dates specified in the text of the Bonds all in accordance with the order of the Board of Directors of the District adopted on October 23, 2025* authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order").

WE HAVE EXAMINED the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, certified copies of the proceedings of the District, including the Bond Order and other documents authorizing and relating to the issuance of the Bonds; and we have examined various certificates and documents executed by officers and officials of the District upon which certificates and documents we rely as to certain matters stated below. We have also examined one of the executed Bonds (Bond Numbered T-1) and specimens of Bonds to be authenticated and delivered in exchange for the Bonds.

BASED ON SAID EXAMINATION, IT IS OUR OPINION that said Bonds have been duly authorized, issued and delivered in accordance with law; and that said Bonds, except as the enforceability thereof may be limited by laws relating to governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, liquidation and other similar laws now or hereafter enacted related to creditors' rights generally or by general principle of equity which permit the exercise of judicial discretion, constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District, payable from ad valorem taxes without legal limit as to rate or amount to be levied and collected by the District upon taxable property within the District, which taxes the District has covenanted to levy in an amount sufficient (together with revenues and receipts from other sources which are legally available for such purposes) to pay the interest on and the principal of the Bonds. Such covenant to levy taxes is subject to the right of a city, under existing Texas law, to annex all of the territory within the District; to take over all properties and assets of the District; to assume all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the District, including the Bonds; and to abolish the District.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.



THE DISTRICT reserves the right to issue additional bonds which will be payable from taxes; bonds, notes, and other obligations payable from revenues; and bonds payable from contracts with other persons, including private corporations, municipalities, and political subdivisions.

IT IS FURTHER OUR OPINION, except as discussed below, that the interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under the statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date of this opinion. We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are not "specified private activity bonds" and that, accordingly, interest on the Bonds will not be included as an individual alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). In expressing the aforementioned opinions, we have relied on certain representations, the accuracy of which we have not independently verified, and assume compliance by the District with certain covenants, regarding the use and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and the use of the property financed therewith. We call your attention to the fact that if such representations are determined to be inaccurate or upon a failure by the District to comply with such covenants, interest on the Bonds may become includable in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE, we express no opinion as to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences of acquiring, carrying, owning or disposing of the Bonds, including the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. In particular, but not by way of limitation, we express no opinion with respect to the federal, state or local tax consequences arising from the enactment of any pending or future legislation. Owners of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any collateral tax consequences of owning the Bonds.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO THE FACT that the interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be includable in a corporation's adjusted financial statement income for purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain corporations by section 55 of the Code.

OUR OPINIONS ARE BASED ON EXISTING LAW, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, our opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"); rather, such opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that we deem relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given



whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer. We observe that the District has covenanted not to take any action, or omit to take any action within its control, that if taken or omitted, respectively, may result in the treatment of interest on the Bonds as includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

WE EXPRESS NO OPINION as to any insurance policies issued with respect to the payments due for the principal of and interest on the Bonds, nor as to any such insurance policies issued in the future.

OUR SOLE ENGAGEMENT in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is as Bond Counsel for the District, and, in that capacity, we have been engaged by the District for the sole purpose of rendering an opinion with respect to the legality and validity of the Bonds under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, and with respect to the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, and for no other reason or purpose. The foregoing opinions represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result. We have not been requested to investigate or verify, and have not independently investigated or verified any records, data, or other material relating to the financial condition or capabilities of the District, or the disclosure thereof in connection with the sale of the Bonds, and have not assumed any responsibility with respect thereto. We express no opinion and make no comment with respect to the marketability of the Bonds and have relied solely on certificates executed by officials of the District as to the current outstanding indebtedness of and the assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. Our role in connection with the District's Official Statement prepared for use in connection with the sale of the Bonds has been limited as described therein.

THE FOREGOING OPINIONS represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result.

Respectfully,